

# H.R. 1 FOR THE PEOPLE ACT PRESS HIGHLIGHTS





## **COVID-19 Has Exposed Inequities and a Broken Democracy**

#### BY BEN JEALOUS AND JOHN SARBANES | AUGUST 17, 2020

The COVID-19 outbreak and the country's long overdue reckoning with institutional racism have dramatically laid bare deep-rooted inequities in our society — inequities driven by our broken democracy. It's time to find solutions, and we believe many of them lie in ending the twin evils of voter suppression and money in politics

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Concrete solutions to these twin obstacles are available in three critically important bills passed by the House but now languishing in Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell's "graveyard": H.R. 1, known as the For the People Act; H.R. 4, the John R. Lewis Voting Rights Act; and H.R. 51, which would provide for D.C. statehood.

We can take the energy of this moment and channel it toward the attainable goals of protecting the right to vote and reining in the influence of money in our politics. The reforms embodied in these bills will empower communities of color at the ballot box and in the halls of Congress. The House has done the hard work of passing these key pieces of legislation. If Mr. McConnell and Senate Republicans continue to stand in the way, they will be left to answer for their intransigence. The time has come to reset the rules of our democracy and build a more inclusive and racially just society.

# THE NEW YORKER

# The Democrats Need a Plan to Fight Corruption—the Usual Kind as Well as the Trump Kind

## BY JIM LARDNER | JULY 31, 2020

In the months leading up to the midterm elections of 2018, Paul Manafort and Michael Cohen appeared in court, adding their names to a growing tally of Trump appointees and intimates caught in career-ending, money-grubbing scandals. Thirty Republican House members lost their seats that year, many of them to Democratic challengers who had campaigned as political outsiders rejecting corporate pac money. Nancy Pelosi, restored to the post of Speaker of the House by that election, cited anti-corruption outrage as a major driver of the outcome. After the new House convened, in 2019, its first ceremonial act was to pass an unexpectedly substantial democracy-reform bill. Its provisions included nonpartisan redistricting, public financing of campaigns, and new lobbying rules. "It is fundamental to a democracy that people believe that actions taken here will be in their interest," Pelosi said on that occasion. "That is what this legislation will help to restore."

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But there is time for them to pick it up. By embracing a strong anti-corruption program and making it a campaign theme, Biden and his party's congressional candidates can place a spotlight back on the Trump Administration's breathtaking record of quasi-bribery, quasi-extortion, and inside deals.

# THE DENVER POST

## **Vote by Mail Will Ensure A Safe and Fair November Election**

BY JOE NEGUSE AND DEAN PHILLPIS (OP-ED) | MAY 17, 2020

What could Minnetonka, Minnesota and Loveland, Colorado possibly have in common? It's neither ice fishing nor rodeos. It's mail-in ballots.

In 2018, our respective congressional districts — Minnesota's 3rd and Colorado's 2nd — generated the highest voter turnout among the 435 districts in the country, with a 73% participation rate by eligible voters.

As proud community members and representatives of these districts, we have both seen how accessible, inclusive voting reforms can empower voters. Colorado and Minnesota have been at the forefront of inviting more citizens to participate in our democracy. Coloradans can mail in their ballots leading up to election day, and same-day registration and pre-registration for 16 and 17-year-olds are in place. Minnesotans can vote early by mail up to 46 days in advance of election day and are also afforded same day registration and pre-registration for 17 year-olds. These simple and reasonable reforms to the electoral process have helped increase turnout by historic proportions.

Common-sense tools like pre-registration, automatic voter registration, early voting, and voting by mail are vital for a healthy, engaged democracy. Such measures enjoy broad support among Americans of all political perspectives and were included in the House of Representative's first order of business in 2019 –

H.R. 1, the For the People Act. The act is a bold democratic reform bill focused on making voting more accessible for everyone. H.R. 1 would enact nation-wide automatic voter registration and same day registration, expand early voting and mail balloting, strengthen our nation's ethics laws and work to remove dark money from our politics.

In light of the unprecedented crisis through which our country is now navigating, we cannot allow the tiresome partisan squabbling that left H.R. 1 languishing on Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell's desk to risk the health of Americans who wish to vote this November. And that means all Americans; Democrats, Republicans, Libertarians, Independents and anyone who wishes to participate.

With over 50,000 Americans dead from COVID-19, almost 1,000,000 having tested positive, and most Americans living under stay-at-home orders and social distancing policies likely to remain in place for many more months; the 2020 election will be unlike any in living memory. That is why we must take immediate steps to ensure a safe and secure election this November, and the most logical solution is through the expanded use of mail ballots.

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The pandemic has endangered our lives and livelihoods, but we still have time to prevent it from endangering our democracy.



## What Our Democracy Needs Now: Legislation That Returns Power to the American People

### BY JEFF MERKLEY AND TOM UDALL (OP-ED) | MARCH 19, 2020

Last year, the U.S. House of Representatives passed H.R. 1, the For the People Act – sweeping anti-corruption legislation that would represent the biggest reform of money and ethics in government since Watergate.

We are leading the For the People Act in the Senate because this legislation is the road map we need to take our democratic republic out of the hands of the powerful and privileged, and give it back to "We the People."

The For the People Act represents a powerful step to reclaim our government from insidious forces that have maintained power for the privileged few and broken our politics.

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With such clear need for legislation to put power back in the hands of the people, you would think that the For the People Act would have sailed through the Senate. But while all Democratic members of the House and the Senate are cosponsors, not one Senate Republican has joined the bill.

For a year now, the For the People Act has sat buried on Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell's desk. This legislation has become an unfortunate victim of McConnell's legislative graveyard. And in fact, our broken democracy — with rampant voter suppression and special interest influence — is why this legislative graveyard exists in the first place.



## Senate Needs to Pass H.R. 1

## BY TINA SMITH (OP-ED) | MARCH 18, 2020

One year ago, the U.S. House of Representatives passed H.R. 1, or the For the People Act, which would protect the right to vote and expand it nationwide. This landmark legislation would make voting easier, by naming Election Day a federal holiday and making automatic, online, and same day voter registration available in every state. It would make voting more accessible by allowing early voting and voting by mail in every state. And it would also make voting more fair by limiting efforts to purge voting rolls and strengthening protections against discrimination and intimidation at the ballot box.

Still, we can only ensure voters are being heard if their voices aren't drowned out by special interests. To that end, H.R. 1 would reform our campaign finance laws by requiring Super PACs and other purveyors of dark money to disclose their donors. Since the Citizens United v Federal Election Commission decision, special interests have doubled down in their efforts to buy influence in our elections and on Capitol Hill. In the two decades before Citizens United, outside interest groups spent a total of about \$750 million on federal elections. In the single decade since, those groups have spent \$4.5 billion.

In fact, that's the very reason H.R. 1 has not come up for a vote in the U.S. Senate. Special interests want it to stay right where it is — on the desk of Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell. And Leader McConnell answers to them, not to the American people.

Ultimately, this is a battle over who holds power in our democracy. I believe the power should lie with us: the people. At a time when some would take that power away from people, the people can no longer take the right to vote for granted.

The drive to bring H.R. 1 up for a vote is no different than the one that brings American voters to the polls. It's born of the belief that it's up to us to shape this nation and define its future. In other words, democracy takes work. And under these circumstances, it takes extra work.

I'm going to keep calling on Leader McConnell to bring H.R. 1 to the Senate floor, because our democracy is worth every effort. And if he does, I'll do what Minnesotans do best — I'll turn out and vote for it.



## When Voting Is Easier, More People Show Up

## BY TINA SMITH (OP-ED) | MARCH 9, 2020

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## Still Waiting for the Senate to Take On Corruption

## BY JASON CROW (OP-ED) | MARCH 7, 2020

One year ago this month, I joined with my colleagues to pass the For the People Act (H.R. 1), the most comprehensive package of anti-corruption reforms since Watergate.

By bringing dark money into the light, empowering small donors in our elections and restoring ethics and accountability in Washington, the bill delivered on my campaign promise to fight the power of special interests and get Washington working again.

Unfortunately, one year later, the bill is still stuck in Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell's "legislative graveyard," along with hundreds of other bipartisan bills the House has passed. It's joined there by bills to tackle climate change, reduce gun violence, strengthen our economy, raise wages, end discrimination in voting, protect the integrity of our elections, and lower the high cost of prescription drugs.

McConnell wears his obstruction like a badge of honor, but this gridlock means real harm to Coloradans. His refusal to allow a vote on any legislation to address the skyrocketing costs of prescription drugs is a perfect example — and one that shows why we need to tackle corruption in Washington.

Late last year, I worked with my colleagues to pass the Elijah E. Cummings Lower Drug Costs Now Act (H.R. 3), a bill to lower the cost of prescription drugs. The legislation also includes my Freedom From Price Gouging Act, which prevents Big Pharma from profiting off unfairly raising the cost of a drug just to line their pockets with more profits.

In casting my vote for H.R. 3 in December, I thought of Sue Way, a retired nurse from Aurora who saw her insulin increase by over 500 percent overnight. Suddenly she couldn't afford her medication for a condition she had been dealing with since she was fourteen. Sue's plight isn't unique. What is notable, though, is how positive an impact H.R. 3 could have on Americans. In Colorado alone, 300,000 Coloradans with diabetes would save 75 percent on their insulin, while 400,000 Coloradans with asthma would save 80 percent on their prescriptions.

#### And yet....

McConnell has blocked a vote on this bill. He's even blocked a vote on bipartisan legislation introduced by a senator of his own party, lowa's Chuck Grassley.

Why? As one report noted last year, McConnell is afraid he "could incur the wrath of the well-financed pharmaceutical industry," which opposed H.R. 3. The fact is, for every member of Congress, there are three Big Pharma lobbyists looking to buy their vote.

In fact, McConnell is the top Congressional recipient of money from pharmaceutical executives in the 2020 election cycle.

This is wrong. Corporate special interests like pharmaceutical companies shouldn't have veto power over policies simply because they can spend more money on politics than families struggling to pay for their insulin.

It's corruption, and it must stop.

If we want to fix the broken system, the first thing we must do is fix the structural inequalities in it. By passing H.R. 1 last March, we weren't just reforming our campaign finance system, we were building the foundation to ensure quality affordable health care, end the scourge of gun violence, and combat climate change. To tackle any of these issues, we must sever the ties between special-interest influence and the policy-making process.

The For the People Act would end the dominance of big money in politics by empowering small-dollar donors, bringing dark money into the light, and ensuring that the Federal Election Commission has the tools to enforce our campaign finance laws. The first bill I ever introduced, the End Dark Money Act, was also included as part of H.R. 1. It would allow the IRS to ensure that non-profits adhere to their social-welfare mission rather than secretly funnel big money into elections.

It would also restore ethics and accountability in Washington by slowing the revolving door and ensuring that public officials are working in the public interest. And it will protect the right to vote by implementing policies like same-day and automatic voter registration that have been tested in states across the country.

If we're going to make progress on issues like lowering prescription drug prices, we need to end the dominance of big money in politics, and that starts with the For the People Act.

On the one-year anniversary of H.R. 1's passage in the House, Senator McConnell should stop stonewalling and allow a vote on this critical legislation.

## Burlington County Times

## A Year of Fighting A Broken System

BY ANDY KIM (OP-ED) | MARCH 7, 2020

One year ago, I wrote an op-ed calling on Congress to take action on a landmark bill that would address the role money in politics has played in stopping real progress for the American people. I talked about the two town halls I held in my first two months in office and a system I found when I arrived in Washington that protected big corporate interests at the expense of working people.

Three days after that op-ed was published, I led the charge to pass that bill, H.R. 1, the For the People Act, through the House of Representatives.

That bill aimed at taking power away from corporate special interests by bringing dark money into the light and empowering everyday Americans in our elections. It would have strengthened ethics rules for government officials, including members of Congress, reduced the power of lobbyists, and even secured our elections.

What's happened in the year since is not just an example of the hyperpartisan politics that has plagued Washington, but it's also an example of what happens when the powerful prevail and corporate interests win out against the voice of the people.

In the last year, I have held 16 more town halls and seen in even greater depths the extent to which corporate interests stand in the way of real progress and real impact for the people of Burlington and Ocean counties. These roadblocks in the way of progress are a constant reminder of the challenges we face and the need for real change.

At my town halls over the last year, I have heard from people who are sick of both the amount of money in our politics and of the high costs of prescription drugs and health care. I have talked with too many people who are one medical emergency away from financial ruin, and simply don't have the money to compete for attention and influence with big corporations.

That's why my first bill, the SAVE Act, a bipartisan effort with my neighbor Congressman Brian Fitzpatrick from Pennsylvania, would help lower health care costs by expanding state-based options. It's why I introduced bills to expand Medicare programs that help those struggling to make ends meet afford their health care, and it's why I have joined with colleagues to press for Medicare to be allowed to negotiate down the price of prescription drugs.

These bills — and so many others, on topics ranging from expanding gun safety measures to protecting our environment — are commonsense ways for our country to come together to tackle big issues that impact all of us every day. But none of those bills will see the light of day until we change the system that keeps them in the dark.

As long as big corporate political action committees pump millions into the system, the system won't work for you. As long as special interests like the pharmaceutical lobby pump hundreds of millions into lobbying efforts, the system won't work for you. And as long as the Senate refuses to even listen to reason and debate the For the People Act, the system won't work for you.

It's not too late to make a change. The Senate can take this bill up next week and work with those of us in the House to work out our differences, like adults, and make meaningful changes to the system that is so clearly broken.

I'm ready to get to work, and ready to make this system work for the people to whom I and every one of my colleagues swore an oath to serve.

## CULPEPER STAR\*EXPONENT Your Hometown Newspaper

# To Lower Drug Prices, We Must Confront Special Interests' Influence on Our Politics

## BY ABIGAIL SPANBERGER (OP-ED) | MARCH 7, 2020

As I was running for Congress in 2018, people across my district voiced a clear concern that Washington wasn't working for them, and was instead serving corporate and special interests.

No matter the topic we discussed—prescription drug prices, retirement security, voting rights, environmental protections, or healthcare costs—people expressed a doubt that change or progress could be achieved because of the power of these monied interests.

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That's why I was proud to help lead the effort to pass the For the People Act (H.R. 1) last March. This bill would limit the power of special interests, strengthen campaign-finance requirements and ethics rules, and restore accountability in Washington at a time when it's all too rare.

This week, we mark the one-year anniversary of H.R. 1's passage in the House.

Unfortunately, this comprehensive package of campaign finance and ethics reforms has gone nowhere in the U.S. Senate. For the past year, Senate Majority Leader McConnell has blocked action on this legislation, refusing to bring it for a vote. This is an example of what's broken; one man can stand in the way of major reforms on Capitol Hill. My argument is a simple one: The Senate should bring this bill to a vote and let it pass or fail on its merits.



# One Year Later, It's Time for Mitch McConnell to Stop Blocking Critical Anti-Corruption and Election Reform Legislation

### BY JOE CUNNINGHAM (OP-ED) | MARCH 5, 2020

When I ran for Congress, I promised the people of the Lowcountry I would work for them, not special interests and big donors. It's why I made a promise — which I have kept — to not accept a single dime from special interests or PACs. Once elected, I worked with my colleagues to do just that by co-sponsoring and helping pass the For the People Act (H.R. 1), once-in-a-generation anti-corruption and democracy reform legislation.

H.R. 1 tackles the biggest problems facing our democracy. It shines a light on the dark money that corrupts our politics, protects and expands the fundamental right to vote, ends partisan gerrymandering, and restores ethics and accountability in the federal government to ensure that we are working for the interests of the American people, rather than wealthy donors and lobbyists.

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This month marks one year since we passed H.R. 1. I wish we could celebrate this anniversary by highlighting all of the ways that the For the People Act has improved the lives of Americans across the country. Yet, thanks to Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell, this bill has not been brought to the Senate floor.

Sen. McConnell has placed the For the People Act in his "legislative graveyard" along with hundreds of other bills passed by the House, including overwhelmingly popular and bipartisan measures that would lower the cost of prescription drugs, establish universal background checks and close the Charleston loophole, and — particularly important to me and the people of the Lowcountry — ban offshore drilling. Sen. McConnell's obstruction has real-world consequences for the lives of South Carolinians.

Last year, I introduced the Coastal and Marine Economies Protection Act (H.R. 1941), bipartisan legislation that would permanently ban offshore drilling along the Atlantic and Pacific coasts. South Carolina needs this legislation to protect our shorelines, our economy, and our way of life. In the Lowcountry, preserving our pristine coasts from being ravaged by offshore drilling is not a partisan issue, it is a common sense one.

I fought hard with my colleagues to pass this bill, and we got it passed in the House. But Sen. McConnell has sided with the big oil and gas industry — some of his biggest campaign donors — and has refused to bring the bill to the floor.

Sen. McConnell and his GOP colleagues are preventing this vitally important environmental legislation because they care more about ensuring big money keeps flowing in from the energy industry. Indeed, a recent study shows that the more often members of Congress vote against pro-environment legislation, the more campaign donations they receive from the oil and gas industry. Without H.R. 1, too many lawmakers will continue to put Big Oil's interests ahead of the public interest.

H.R. 1 reforms our campaign finance system by addressing dark money and strengthening oversight of super PACs. H.R. 1 also fortifies federal ethics rules by closing loopholes for lobbyists, making our politics more transparent, and increasing accountability for elected officials in order to prevent political corruption and make sure the American people are put first. And H.R. 1 ensures

fair, free, and accessible elections by removing barriers to the ballot box and establishing independent redistricting commissions to ensure all Americans' voices can be heard in our democracy.

If we want to protect our shorelines from destructive offshore drilling, we need to pass H.R. 1. If we want to make progress on lowering prescription drug prices, and fighting gun violence and climate change, we need to pass H.R. 1. If we want to tackle racial inequality, we need to pass H.R. 1. And if we want to make sure that our government is working for the people, not special interests and big corporations, we need to pass H.R. 1.

On the one-year anniversary of its passage, Sen. McConnell needs to stop blocking this critical legislation and bring H.R. 1 to the Senate floor for a vote.



## An Inclusive Democracy Demands D.C. Statehood

## BY ELEANOR HOLMES NORTON AND JOHN SARBANES (OP-ED) | FEBRUARY 24, 2020

One of the most glaring examples of disenfranchisement can be found in our nation's capital, the District of Columbia, where residents have been denied voting rights and full self-government for 219 years. Residents of the nation's capital are held to all federal laws and pay all federal taxes, yet they are denied voting representation in their own Congress. To add insult to injury, even their local governing authority is subordinated to Congress, which wields ultimate power over the District, including the right to overturn local laws, referendums, and spending decisions.

This month, the House Oversight and Reform Committee took a key step toward reversing this gross injustice by passing Congresswoman Norton's D.C. statehood bill, which would establish the State of Washington, Douglass Commonwealth as our nation's 51st state.

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In 2019, the fight for D.C. statehood continued as House Democrats moved swiftly to pass H.R. 1, the For the People Act – a comprehensive anti-corruption and clean elections bill that would protect the right to vote, strengthen ethics laws, and reduce the corrosive influence of big money in politics. Importantly, H.R. 1 declared that District residents deserved the full citizenship rights that only statehood could provide. The bill's passage in the House marked the first time in history that a chamber of Congress had endorsed D.C. statehood.





## Not Up for Debate: Ending Corruption and the Power of Special Interests in Washington

## BY CHRIS PAPPAS (OP-ED) | FEBRUARY 7, 2020

In December we passed H.R. 3 through the House, a bill to dramatically reduce the price of medicines by allowing the government to negotiate prices directly with pharmaceutical companies. H.R. 3 also included a provision I added to the bill, the Advancing Enrollment and Reducing Drug Costs Act of 2019, that would expand low-income seniors' access to prescription drugs under Medicare Part D.

Unfortunately, the drug companies and special interests are digging in to oppose this bill and protect their record profits. Like with nearly 300 bipartisan bills passed by the House, Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell (R-Ky.) has blocked a vote on H.R. 3 in the Senate. He has even blocked a drug pricing bill supported by members of his own party.

The sway the special interests hold over this issue is incredible. Last year there were nearly three industry lobbyists for every member of the House and Senate. McConnell himself works hand in glove with these interests, and it was reported earlier this year that he's the top recipient of campaign contributions from executives of big drug companies.

If we're going to make progress on any issue in Washington, we must change this system which rewards monied interests at the expense of the American people. Whether it's drug prices, climate change, or gun violence, the dominance of big money in our political system is skewing our democracy and hurting our people.



It's time that an American struggling to fill a prescription has the same clout as the CEO of a drug company. That's why tonight's debate at Anselm College is a perfect opportunity for presidential candidates to tell New Hampshire voters about their plans to end corruption and the influence of big money.

Their plans should start with H.R. 1, the For the People Act, the most comprehensive package of anti-corruption reforms since Watergate. The bill passed in the House last March, and it would sever the ties between special interests and politicians, protect the right to vote, and ensure public officials are working in the public interest.

They should also include the SHIELD Act to protect our elections from foreign interference, the SAFE Act to shore up our voting systems, and the Voting Rights Advancement Act to protect Americans from discrimination at the ballot box.

The House has taken the lead to protect our democracy, and it's important for every presidential candidate to let voters know if they'll join us. My constituents deserve to know if the candidates will support, prioritize, and work to get a comprehensive reform package on their desk that they can sign into law.

We can end corruption and the power of special interests in Washington, and in doing so we will restore a level playing field in our democracy and an ability to make meaningful progress. I hope to have the opportunity to work with the next president to do just that.



## **Ask Candidates How They Will Fix Our Democracy**

### BY PAUL HODES (OP-ED) | FEBRUARY 7, 2020

As the presidential candidates descend on New Hampshire for their last appeals to voters here, we must hear directly from the candidates about how they will fix our democracy to put the voices of our voters above the special interests and outsiders who meddle in our elections to gain an edge.

Despite the threats our democracy has faced in recent years – whether it's presidential abuses of power, partisan gerrymandering, or undue influence of dark money and corporations – we have yet to see a real conversation and specific plans during the debates about how to put the power back in the hands of the people.

Importantly, there is already a solution that will reform our democracy and put the power back in the hands of the people. In March 2019, the U.S. House of Representatives passed H.R. 1, the For the People Act, which is a comprehensive package of much-needed reforms to fix our democracy. The bill, which was supported by our congressional representatives, Chris Pappas and Annie Kuster, would strengthen our voting and election laws, reform our campaign finance system and impose new ethics requirements. Specifically, to address the influence of wealthy donors and corporations, this bill would require super PACs and "dark money" political organizations to make their donors public. It also strengthens oversight rules to ensure those who break our campaign finance laws are held accountable.



## Rep. Kilmer Hosts Suquamish Town Hall

## BY KEN PARK | FEBRUARY 5, 2020

Before heading back to Washington D.C., Washington's 6th District Representative Derek Kilmer — along with his 13-year-old daughter in tow — held a town hall meeting at the Suquamish Tribal Center to field a variety of questions ranging from what he is doing to help local tribes maintain their treaty rights, to cleaning up the Puget Sound.

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Kilmer went spoke broadly about what he and his office have been doing to get the government and the economy working better for people.

"I think there is too much money in our political system and I thought it was a really good thing when democrats took the majority in the House, the very first [bill] that we passed was a bill called H.R. 1, the For the People Act," Kilmer said. "It was a bill that focused on a number of things, most importantly trying to reduce the role of money in politics."

H.R. 1 includes a number of other bills that reduce the roles of special interest and political action committees in campaign finance. Rep. Kilmer is the lead sponsor of two bills that are encompassed in H.R. 1, one which would seek to restore the Federal Election Commission (FEC).

Kilmer joked that the FEC was almost as dysfunctional as Congress, before sharing a story about the commission arriving at an impasse when trying to decide whether to buy donuts or bagels for a recent anniversary breakfast.

The second bill sponsored by Kilmer, The Honest Ads Act, would require political candidates and special interest groups to disclose who they are when buying internet ads to influence an election.

"We know more and more political spending is going onto the internet and second we know that there are foreign countries that are trying to influence American elections by buying ads on the internet. Right now, there are no laws that protect against that and have suitable disclosure," Kilmer said.

## The New York Times

## **More Money, More Problems for Democracy**

### BY THE EDITORIAL BOARD | FEBRUARY 1, 2020

There is a straight line from the Supreme Court's 2010 decision in the *Citizens United* case to a dinner party the president attended at the Trump International Hotel in Washington in April 2018.

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But the dinner also provides a clear view of the ways in which the wealthy seek to influence politicians and politicians gather donations, particularly in the wake of Citizens United. That ruling, handed down almost exactly 10 years ago, allows corporations to spend freely on electioneering, provided the money is not given directly to a candidate or a political party. It is the most famous in a set of recent Supreme Court rulings that have made it far easier for wealthy individuals and corporations to translate their economic power into political power.

The economic inequalities of modern America increasingly are manifest in our politics, too.

At the dinner, donors willing to spend lavishly in support of Mr. Trump's reelection had the chance to seek the president's help in placing their own interests above the public interest.

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Politicians have always needed money, and wealthy patrons have always found ways to provide it in exchange for special consideration of their needs. "There are two things that are important in politics," Senator Mark Hanna said more than

a century ago. "The first is money, and I can't remember what the second one is."

In recent decades, however, a pair of intertwined developments have magnified the influence of money on politics: The rich keep getting richer, and the Supreme Court has made it much easier for politicians to tap that wealth. The result is an arms race that leaves politicians ever more beholden to funders.

The Supreme Court effectively has taken over the work of regulating campaign finance by striking down congressional efforts to restrict money in politics and substituting more permissive standards. The first such decision, Buckley v. Valeo, in 1976, held that election spending is a form of constitutionally protected free speech, although it permitted some restrictions to prevent corruption. Under Chief Justice John Roberts, who was installed in 2005, the court has issued a series of rulings significantly expanding what counts as free speech while simultaneously restricting what can be done to prevent corruption.

In Citizens United, the court struck down restrictions on election spending by corporations and unions, leaving only flimsy prohibitions on giving the money to a candidate or taking instructions from a candidate. The court justified this stance by defining political corruption narrowly — as quid pro quo arrangements in which donations effectively purchase desired political outcomes — and then concluding that the protections it had preserved were sufficient.

Mr. Trump, whose administration has been shaped by his willingness to stretch the law, is providing an object lesson in the consequences of the court's capacious standards. There's no reason to think the April 2018 dinner was an unusual event.

The unusual part is only that it was taped by one of the supplicants, Mr. Fruman. The guests were donors or potential donors to America First Action SuperPAC, a political organization with no legal ties to Mr. Trump that still managed to obtain

more than an hour of the single most valuable commodity in Washington: the president's time.

Such super PACs are vehicles for complying with the letter of the law by maintaining the legal fiction that their spending is not controlled by any particular politician or party, while still allowing donors to feel confident that the money will be used for a specific purpose and that the beneficiaries — but often not the general public — will know who deserves their thanks.

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The political scientists Martin Gilens and Benjamin I. Page presented evidence in a 2017 book, "Democracy in America?," that the wealthiest Americans exercise disproportionate influence, and are particularly successful in blocking even broadly popular policies they don't like.

. . .

Citizens United is bad law. Limits on corporate political spending are a necessary and legitimate check on the economic power the government grants by letting businesses incorporate. But there is little prospect the court will reverse the decision in the foreseeable future, and proponents of a constitutional amendment have a very long road to travel.

Moreover, the problem is broader than Citizens United. Some guests at Mr. Trump's dinner party made personal donations to America First Action, which could remain legal even if there were limits on corporate donations. The largest political donors in the United States in the 2018 midterm elections were Sheldon Adelson, a casino magnate and big fan of Israel's right-wing government, and his wife, Miriam Adelson, who together gave \$123.7 million.

And the presidential candidacies of the billionaires Michael Bloomberg and Tom Stever offer a valuable reminder that even limits on individual donations would

not entirely suffice, because billionaires still would be able to fund their own candidacies. Mr. Bloomberg already has spent more than twice as much on his own 2020 campaign as Mr. Adelson spent during the 2018 campaign — including \$11 million to air a one-minute ad during the Super Bowl.

The best path forward, therefore, is to limit the influence of wealth by allowing candidates to tap other sources of financial support. The federal government offers funding to presidential candidates, but the system is virtually defunct because it imposes spending limits, and major candidates can raise much more money from private sources.

The House <u>passed a bill last year</u> that would create a system of matching public funding for presidential and congressional candidates. A companion bill is backed by all 47 Senate Democrats. Instead of matching contributions dollar for dollar, the legislation would match each dollar from a private donor, up to \$200, with \$6 in public funding, up to \$1,200. That could allow candidates to run competitively without relying on big donors. It would not prevent billionaires from sponsoring political candidates, but it could allow candidates to run without such sponsorship, and to let voters choose accordingly.

Disclosure is crucial, too: A legal loophole allows political nonprofits to conceal the identities of donors. The Supreme Court has suggested that stronger disclosure requirements would be legal. Congressional Republicans have repeatedly blocked such common-sense changes.

The weight of wealth can seem like an overwhelming force, but there is reason for hope. Consider the example of Seattle, which gave registered voters \$100 in "democracy vouchers" to donate to local candidates in its City Council elections last year. The public funding did not come close to matching the spending by third parties, notably Amazon. The giant retailer spent \$1.5 million, while city funding for each candidate was capped at \$150,000. But it was enough to help several candidates win seats over Amazon's opposition.

## Burlington County Times

# Rep. Andy Kim Held A Town Hall. No One Wanted to Talk Impeachment

## BY DAVID LINSKY | JANUARY 22, 2020

U.S. Rep. Andy Kim's 3rd Congressional District may be known as one of the most politically divided in New Jersey, but you'd never know it from his latest town hall meeting.

There were no protests, interruptions or expressions of outrage from the over 100 residents who crowded into Ocean Gate's tiny town hall. The only raised voice came from one resident who said she was fed up with the Veterans Administration's handling of her husband's medical care.

. . .

Kim also said he continues to push for Congress to take action on campaign finance reform. He argues that by eliminating the influence of so-called "big money" on Washington will make it easier for lawmakers to reach compromise on difficult issues like health care and prescription drugs.

"I've heard people on both sides of the aisle talking about how important it is to lower drug prices. One thing that makes it particularly difficult is the insane amount of money put in by the pharmaceutical industry against this," he said.

. . .

Kim said he was encouraged that the Democratic-controlled House succeeded in passing a sweeping campaign finance and ethics bill early last year but lamented that the Senate, which is under GOP control, has taken no action to either debate or amend it.

The campaign finance measures in the bill include a requirement that 501(c)(4) nonprofits disclose the identity of donors who contribute more than \$10,000. It would also ban corporations from contributing to political campaigns if they are substantially owned or controlled by foreigners, and would set up a public financing system for House races that provides matching federal funds for small donations received.

. . .

Kim said he plans to keep pushing for Senate support for the measure.

"I wish we could see the efforts on campaign finance move forward. I grew up in a time when Republicans like John McCain were champions on campaign finance. I'd love to find those types of people we can work with," he said Tuesday. "I think everyone in this country can agree we just have too much money in politics. It's crazy and insane and it drives people crazy."



# Lawmakers: The U.S. Cannot Afford Another 10 Years of Citizens United

### BY TOM UDALL AND JOHN SARBANES (OP-ED) | JANUARY 21, 2020

Ten years ago, the Supreme Court's decision in Citizens United v. Federal Election Commission unleashed a torrent of outside spending by corporations and wealthy donors who seized the opportunity to buy unlimited influence in Washington. The decision exponentially increased the amount of money in our politics and emboldened foreign actors to corrupt our elections. Our democracy has paid a heavy price.

. . .

Too many voters believe – with good reason – that their elected representatives work for the wealthy, privileged and powerful, instead of the American people. This loss of faith undermines our democracy.

But in Congress, Democrats are taking direct aim at Citizens United and fighting back against the scourge of big money in our politics. Early last year, we introduced the For the People Act – a historic package of reforms to clean up corruption in Washington, expose secret foreign money in our politics, crack down on lobbyists, strengthen election security, protect the right to vote and return power back to the American people with clean, citizen-owned elections. Backed by every Democrat in the US House of Representatives and the US Senate, the For the People Act – H.R. 1 – passed the House in March, but it has gathered dust on Majority Leader Mitch McConnell's desk in the Senate.

. . .



The past decade has taught us that we cannot afford another 10 years of Citizens United. The divisions in our country are widened and fueled by unfettered money in our politics. We must move forward from this divisive political moment by returning to one of our most basic American values -- that each person's voice carries equal weight, regardless of how much money they can spend in a political campaign. Leading with the For the People Act, we will keep fighting for that basic American value, we will end the special-interest agenda in Washington and we will return to government of, by and for the people.



# <u>Citizens United: A Decade of Unlimited Political Spending —</u> <u>and Consequences</u>

## BY ELIOT ENGEL (OP-ED) | JANUARY 21, 2020

Is money speech? That's the question the Supreme Court decided 10 years ago in Citizens United v. FEC. The case, which subsequently became landmark for all the wrong reasons, undid years of painstaking bipartisan work by Congress to rein in money in politics. By making the money/speech equivalency, SCOTUS unleashed a torrent of campaign spending by special interest groups and our democracy has not been the same since.

. . .

Since my first days in Congress I have been a strong advocate for instituting real campaign finance reform. I was proud to work with my colleagues in the House to pass the Bipartisan Campaign Reform Act, a bicameral effort to combat the flow of money in our elections. The bill passed in 2002 and became the law that was ultimately struck down in Citizens United v. FEC. But just because there have been losses at the Supreme Court, it does not mean we stop fighting.

In March 2019, the House passed H.R. 1, the For the People Act, new legislation designed to overhaul our broken campaign finance laws. H.R. 1 requires Super PACs to disclose their wealthy donors, establishes a voluntary small dollar matching system, and — importantly — supports amending the Constitution to nullify the Citizens United v. FEC decision.



# In Stamford, Himes Talks Campaign Finance 10 Years After Citizens United Ruling

### BY IGNACIO LAGUARDA | JANUARY 21, 2020

It's an issue U.S. Rep. Jim Himes hears about all the time.

"I don't have a town hall meeting in which somebody doesn't stand up to express their concern over the state of money in our politics today," he said Tuesday at a town hall meeting.

He visited the University of Connecticut-Stamford to host a talk about campaign finance on the 10-year anniversary of the Supreme Court ruling to uphold Citizens United, the court case that prohibited the government from restricting political contributions from corporations and special interest groups.

. . .

Himes was one of 234 members of the House of Representatives to vote in favor of the 2019 For the People Act, or H.R. 1, that limits the influence of private donor money in politics, among other things.

But even Himes recognizes that the bill is "very, very unlikely" to be taken up in the Senate.

So what are other ways to implement change?

One option is at the state level, and Connecticut is leading the way when it comes to leveling the playing field for candidates.

The state's Citizens' Election Program provides public financing to candidates running for statewide office, a program that was applauded by all of the members of the panel on Tuesday.

. . .

Cheri Quickmire, executive director of Common Cause, a government reform group, agreed.

"Connecticut really is an example for the nation," she said.

Quickmire added that the program has led to a much more diverse General Assembly than in the past.

She hopes such laws will be passed in states across the country as a way to enact change on the federal level.

"We need to see this bottom-up pressure on our Congress by passing additional reforms at the local level, and only then I think will Congressional Republicans realize what it is that other Republicans and Democrats around the country see, which is that ... we have to get big money out of politics," she said.

## Minnesota Reformer

## Clean Up Our Campaign Finance System

BY DEAN PHILLIPS (OP-ED) | JANUARY 21, 2020

We have legalized corruption in our country through our laws and through our acceptance of a campaign finance system and general culture that requires — and even rewards — the relentless pursuit of money. Most members of Congress spend between 20 and 30 hours per week dialing for dollars. Collectively, that equates to 10,000 to 15,000 hours per week spent raising money, even when Congress is in session.

. . .

These are serious — and possibly existential — challenges to our democracy. That's the bad news. The good news is that it's not too late to fix it — starting with the very first bill of the 116th Congress: H.R. 1, the For the People Act.

H.R. 1 is an expansive voter protection and campaign finance and ethics reform package. It would expand voter participation in our elections by making it easier for eligible voters to cast their ballots, including by making Election Day a national holiday. It would reduce the influence of money in politics by requiring stricter disclosure requirements and creating a public financing system that would empower small donors. And it would enhance our ethical standards by slowing the revolving door between government and lobbying and enhancing the disclosure rules that govern members of Congress as well as lobbyists.

To most Minnesotans — and huge majorities of Americans, according to public opinion polls — these are commonsense proposals. And yet, Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell declared H.R. 1 dead-on-arrival, calling it a Democratic "power grab."

I have often said that we do not have a hardware problem. What we have is a software problem, meaning that we need more elected representatives in Congress — especially in the Senate — who are willing to place the common interest ahead of narrow self-interest and make commonsense reform a priority.

As a vice chair of the Democracy Reform Task Force — and a proud cosponsor of H.R. 1 — I am doing what I can to lead the charge for reform on the inside. What we need are people like you — and millions more across the country to cast your ballots in November for others who are willing to join us.

For that reason, even if campaign finance reform is not your top priority in the upcoming election, I encourage you to make it your number two issue. Chances are, nothing meaningful will happen on the issue you care most about without making real progress on campaign finance and ethics reform — and that begins with H.R. 1.



## Citizens United Decision Weathers 10 Years of Controversy

#### BY ALEX GANGITANO | JANUARY 21, 2020

A decade after the Supreme Court's landmark Citizens United decision, which ushered in the era of super PACs and unlimited donations, the fight over the contentious ruling shows no signs of easing.

The case upended the campaign finance system, after the justices in a 5-4 ruling authored by Justice Anthony Kennedy on Jan. 21, 2010 found that restrictions on corporate campaign spending violated free speech.

Democrats blasted the decision, warning of the impact of corporate money flooding into elections. But the ruling also opened the door for labor unions and nonprofits to ramp up their campaign spending, altering the landscape.

. . .

End Citizens United has been advocating for House Resolution 1, the Democrats wide-ranging bill that passed the House in March but was not taken up by the GOP Senate. The bill includes proposals for electoral reforms and more campaign finance transparency.

. . .

Rep. John Sarbanes (D-Md.), chairman of the Democracy Reform Task Force which is behind H.R. 1, called 10 years of Citizens United a "very sober" anniversary at a press conference last Tuesday.

"It's where this arrogance began on the part of Super PACs and the super wealthy armed with this idea somehow that corporations are people, money is speech. They decided that they were going to take over American politics," he said.

Sarbanes also pointed to the many Democratic candidates who have had to drop out of the 2020 race, while billionaire candidates have stayed in.

If H.R. 1 passed, Sarbanes said, that would change.



## Congressman Andy Kim to Hold Town Hall in Ocean Gate

**JANUARY 15, 2020** 

Today, Congressman Andy Kim announced that he will host a town hall meeting in Ocean Gate on Wednesday, January 22nd at 12:30pm.

. . .

This will be the sixteenth town hall held by Congressman Kim during the 116th Congress, and part of a monthly series to allow the Congressman to hear directly from constituents throughout New Jersey's Third District. The Congressman, focused on issues impacting the lives of people in Burlington and Ocean Counties, will provide an update on efforts to lower prescription drug costs, address the opioid epidemic and support New Jersey's veterans.

Congressman Kim will also be joined by Tiffany Muller, President and Executive Director of End Citizens United Action Fund, a group dedicated to ending the influence of money in politics. Kim and Muller will provide an update on efforts to reverse the impact of the Citizens United Supreme Court Case, which was decided 10 years ago this week.

Congressman Kim was a vocal advocate for the passage of H.R. 1, a bill that passed the House that strengthens ethics laws and puts political power back in the hands of the people.



## **This Is the Silent Political Revolution of 2020**

## BY LAWRENCE LESSIG (OP-ED) | DECEMBER 12, 2019

Democrats s the Democratic Primary kicks into high gear, it is increasingly clear that 2020 could give America a choice that it has not had since Richard Nixon resigned: An election that promises critical change to our political system. At least 7 of the remaining candidates in the Democratic primary have committed to making fundamental government reform their first priority in office. We have not been this close to real change of America's politics since the Voting Rights Act of 1965. It is therefore time that the candidates' plans – and how they differ – become the focus of more media attention.

Michael Bennet, Pete Buttigieg, Tulsi Gabbard, Amy Klobuchar, Tom Steyer, Elizabeth Warren and Andrew Yang have promised both to make this reform happen, and to happen first. This itself is a first in the history of American politics.

The inspiration, in part, for this movement is House Speaker Nancy Pelosi. Many of these candidates are following the template of H.R. 1 or the "For the People Act of 2019." In the lead-up to the 2018 election, Pelosi's colleague, Rep. John Sarbanes (D-MD), convinced her and the Democratic leadership to make political reform the priority in 2019, if indeed the Democrats won control of the House. Pelosi delivered on her promise, passing H.R. 1 in March this year. But as important as the substance of that bill is, the title is even more important – by denominating the bill as first, Pelosi said what reformers have been insisting upon for decades now: that we must fix democracy before democracy can sensibly address America's problems.



## The GOP Is Ignoring the Will of the American People

### BY JANA MORGAN (OP-ED) | NOVEMBER 5, 2019

Three times. That's how many attempts Senate Democrats have made to pass much-needed democracy reform legislation in recent months, only to have it blocked by Senate Republicans. The latest example was last Wednesday when Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell (R-Ky.) and Senate Republicans blocked a critical vote on H.R. 1, the For the People Act, a groundbreaking democracy reform bill that passed with unanimous Democratic support in the House earlier this year.

Our democracy works best when everybody's voice can be heard, instead of being drowned out by the voices of corporate interests and dark money. H.R. 1 is a bold, once-in-a-generation democracy reform package designed to realize the promise of our democracy and repair our democratic institutions.

The bill includes three key areas of reform: voting and election laws, campaign finance and ethics. Some of the new changes it proposes include allowing national automatic voter registration, ending partisan gerrymandering, strengthening election security, requiring the president and vice president to disclose 10 years of tax returns, requiring super PACs and "dark money" political organizations to make their donors public, and eliminating loopholes in rules designed to prohibit coordination between candidates and super PACs.

It is deeply concerning that McConnell and Senate Republicans once again blocked H.R. 1. By stopping the legislation from moving forward, Senate Republicans are standing in the way of critical election security measures, ones that will strengthen

our laws that prevent interference in our elections by Russia and other foreign adversaries, which takes on particular salience given the impeachment inquiry and the pressure our president put on Ukraine's leader to influence the 2020 election.

In their refusal to support critical democracy reform legislation, the GOP is ignoring the 77 percent of people who say that "reducing the influence of special interests and corruption in Washington" is either the most important or a very important issue facing the country. They're also ignoring the 66 percent of U.S. adults who agree that wealthy individuals and corporations have too much influence in our current election system. They're ignoring the interests of the American people and sticking with a democracy that works for them instead of those they serve.

There should be nothing partisan or controversial about making our democracy more accessible and accountable to voters. The majority of the public wants reform. What are Republicans waiting for?

If the GOP opposes the bold reforms demanded by the overwhelming majority of their constituents, they should have the courage to take a vote. The Senate must bring H.R. 1 to the floor for a vote immediately. This continued obstruction by McConnell and Senate Republicans signal that they are putting special interests over the interests of the American people.

## The San Diego Union-Tribune

# House Speaker Nancy Pelosi, Rep. Mike Levin Talk Government Reform, Ethics in Oceanside

BY CHARLES T. CLARK | NOVEMBER 4, 2019

At the event, with dozens of pro-Trump protesters amassed outside, Pelosi joined Rep. Mike Levin and more than 250 San Diego County residents for a discussion focused mostly on campaign finance and ethics reform.

Pelosi and Levin, a freshman Democrat from San Juan Capistrano, touted House Resolution 1, the first bill Democrats passed when taking control of the House earlier this year.

The bill, dubbed the For the People Act of 2019, is an anti-corruption bill that seeks to expand voting rights, propose new financial disclosure requirements on campaigns and creates incentives for elected officials to build campaigns around small donors rather than large corporate donations.

The bill has little chance of passing. Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell, R-Ky., made it clear early that he does not intend to take it up in the Senate.

But that didn't deter House Democrats from making it a priority and some candidates from using it as a campaign issue.

"We're breaking down the cynicism that exists in our electoral system by saying to people, your voice is as important as anyone," said Pelosi, a San Francisco Democrat. "To do that we must rid our political system of dark, special-interest money."

Getting money out of politics could open the door for progress on other issues, she said.

Levin echoed the point.

"Whether it be health care, gun violence prevention or any of the rest of them, campaign finance reform is the overarching issue that impacts all of it," said Levin. "If we took meaningful steps in that direction it would dramatically improve our system."

Pelosi and Levin also discussed threats such as voter suppression efforts and the strategic spread of misinformation online.

Pelosi said there is an ongoing mission from people inside and outside the country to demoralize voters.

"America is a great country; we're a country of optimism and hope, entrepreneurship and the American Dream," she said, "but online they are sending a message — amplified by their bots — that nobody cares about you in Washington, D.C."

She said the fight against misinformation is at home and abroad.

"We have a fight on our hands for who we are as a country," she said. "Forget politics. Forget Democrats and Republicans. This is about patriotism."

## The Washington Post

# Trump Is the Culmination of All That Has Gone Wrong in Our Politics

BY E.J. DIONNE JR. (OPINION) | OCTOBER 13, 2019

The indictment of Giuliani's associates is well worth reading as a road map to how the system can be gamed. It illustrates, said veteran campaign reformer Fred Wertheimer, how Citizens United "created a clear path for unlimited amounts of foreign money to enter our political system."

. . .

The indictment, said Rep. John Sarbanes (D-Md.), the lead sponsor of H.R. 1, the comprehensive reform bill approved this year by the House, "is a glimpse into the broad culture of corruption and ethical blindness that has infected our politics, particularly in the area of campaign finance."

His use of the word "culture" is important. Legal limits on unsavory practices outlaw socially destructive actions but also signal what kinds of public behavior are morally unacceptable. Bad laws encourage bad habits.

"People cross these lines with impunity," Sarbanes told me, "and if they can't even see the lines, they start thinking they can get away with anything."

Which brings it all back to a man whose words and actions suggest he really does believe he can get away with anything. It is a supreme irony that Trump triumphed by exploiting public disaffection with a political system so many Americans see as infested with sleaze and controlled by forces operating entirely for their own benefit.

Rather than being the cure for such maladies, he is their apotheosis, the culmination of all that has gone wrong in our politics. The task of the impeachment inquiry is to use his Ukrainian misadventure to bring home the breadth of the president's venality and self-dealing. The goal should be not only to rid the country of a dangerous leader but also to show how desperately our system needs repair.





# Democrats Press Senate to Take Up Overhaul of Campaigns and Ethics

## BY KATE ACKLEY | SEPTEMBER 27, 2019

As House Democrats pursue an impeachment inquiry based largely on possible campaign finance violations against President Donald Trump, Speaker Nancy Pelosi and other House Democrats sought a fresh spotlight for their stalled political money, ethics and elections overhaul measure.

The House passed the bill by a vote of 234-193 along party lines on March 8, 200 days ago, the California Democrat noted.

"We sent this legislation over to the Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell, and it's been sitting there in his grim reaper role," Pelosi said at a Friday news conference flanked by several House Democratic freshmen who ran on many of the proposals included in the measure. "We're saying to him, 'You may think this is dead over there, grim reaper' — what a nice thing to say about yourself — but it is alive and well in the public."

House Democrats' mega overhaul bill seeks to remake the nation's voting, campaign finance and ethics laws and to shore up security at ballot boxes. That's an especially urgent matter, Democrats argue, with the 2020 elections about a year away.

The measure's lead sponsor, Rep. John Sarbanes of Maryland, acknowledged that the Senate was unlikely to take up the bill under McConnell's leadership, and he said it would remain a signature proposal for his party's congressional and presidential candidates in the 2020 campaigns.



## **Democrats Press for Action on Election Security**

#### BY MAGGIE MILLER | SEPTEMBER 17, 2019

Congressional Democrats renewed their call for election security legislation during a national day of action on Tuesday, as a Senate Appropriations subcommittee left out funding for it in its annual spending bill.

. . .

One of the bills Democrats have called for a Senate vote on is H.R. 1, a sweeping voting rights and election security bill passed by the House along party lines in March. Republicans have blocked this bill.

. . .

Rep. John Sarbanes (D-Md.), the primary sponsor of the bill in the House, said during the same press conference on Tuesday that in blocking H.R. 1, McConnell "is standing in the way with his arms folded at the gates of democracy and saying to the American public, you shall not pass."



# Democrats Call for a Senate Vote on Elections Reform Package

### BY JENNIFER MCDERMOTT | AUGUST 22, 2019

Democratic congressmen held an event Thursday in Rhode Island to try to pressure Republican Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell into allowing a vote on a comprehensive elections and ethics reform package.

Maryland Democratic Rep. John Sarbanes, who is the bill's main author, met with Rhode Island Rep. David Cicilline and Sen. Sheldon Whitehouse in North Providence.

The influence of big money in politics is impeding efforts to address climate change, gun violence and prescription drug costs, they said. Activists working on those issues attended the event.

"This isn't just some theory, like wouldn't it be good to reform government because good government is an abstract idea," Cicilline said. "It has a direct effect on people's lives. The corrupting influence of money and its impact on public policy is hurting the American people."

The legislation, called H.R. 1 to signify its importance, would make it easier to register and vote, require "dark money" political groups to make their donors public, and create a public financing system for congressional campaigns that Democrats say will cut down on corruption and reduce the power of lobbyists and other special interests.

It would also tighten election security and require presidential candidates to disclose their tax returns. The House passed it in March , with all Democrats voting "yes" and all Republicans voting "no."

. . .

Sarbanes, Cicilline and Whitehouse all said the reforms are crucial to making the government respond to the needs of the American people, rather than special interests and corporations, and restore the public's faith in government.

Sarbanes said they're also asking voters to choose a team of reformers in 2020 and not reelect President Donald Trump, whom he called a "demagogue."

"Mitch McConnell is standing at the doors of the United States Senate with his arms crossed, saying to the American people, 'You shall not pass,'" he said. "We're going to keep the pressure on him. The message to him is, if you won't put that the bill on the floor, then we're going to try to change the composition to make sure it gets to the floor. Democrats have made a promise to clean up government."



# Whitehouse, Cicilline Call for McConnell to Allow Vote on Ethics-Reform Bill

## BY PAUL EDWARD PARKER | AUGUST 22, 2019

Three congressional Democrats staged a news conference Thursday morning to put pressure on Republican Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell to allow a vote on what they described as the most sweeping ethics-reform bill since the Watergate era.

Sponsored by Rep. John P. Sarbanes, a Maryland Democrat, who attended the news conference, the bill known as H.R. 1 would, he said, improve voter access to elections, tighten ethics rules for federal elected officials and reduce the influence of money on politics.

"People understand increasingly, they get it, that money is blocking progress," Sarbanes said.

He was joined by Rhode Island Democrats Sen. Sheldon Whitehouse and Rep. David N. Cicilline. The three cited the pharmaceutical industry's opposition to prescription price limits, the oil and gas industry's opposition to climate-change controls and the National Rifle Association's opposition to restrictions on gun ownership as examples of where money has stymied legislation.

"The purpose of this event is to keep pressure on the Senate majority leader" to allow his Republican-controlled chamber to vote on H.R. 1, Cicilline said.



# \$90K for One Daily Pill: Pushing Back on High Cost of Rx Drugs

### BY KAREN DANDURANT | AUGUST 22, 2019

State and federal leaders met Thursday with local residents and health officials to discuss prescription drugs and the role they believe removing money from politics will play in expanding access to affordable treatment.

. . .

Pappas, who was joined by Congressman John Sarbanes, D-Maryland, and a panel of experts and advocates, is supporting the Medicare Prescription Drug Price Negotiation Act of 2019 and supported the Strengthening Health Care and Lowering Prescription Drug Costs Act, which has already passed the House. The congressman said they came to hear the stories and input of New Hampshire, so they can bring them back to Washington when they reconvene after Labor Day.

. .

"We know we have to do something now," said Sarbanes. "No one I know is not upset and yet we can't seem to get anything done in Washington because of the influence of big industry, particularly big pharma, who spend millions to make their case, who fund SuperPAC groups. That influence is what is stopping us from getting legislation through. We must go to the root of the problems and change the culture so it's not the insiders and money people calling the shots, but the people of this country."

Both congressmen support House Resolution 1, a bill led by Sarbanes. It addresses voter access, election integrity, election security, political spending, and ethics for the three branches of government.



# <u>Lawmakers: Transparency, Shining Light on Dark Money</u> **Donations Key to Curbing High Cost of Prescription Drugs**

### BY JOHN SADLER | AUGUST 21, 2019

Thirteen-year-old Joey Ward's asthma attacks are so severe that he often has to leave school when he is suffering an attack.

The cost of the prescription drugs he has taken for years to control his asthma continues to rise, so much so that his mother sometimes has to ask for help to pay for his medication.

. . .

Ward's was just one of the stories about soaring prescription costs told Tuesday afternoon in Las Vegas during a roundtable discussion led by U.S. Reps. Steven Horsford and Susie Lee.

The two Democrats, whose districts include parts of Southern Nevada, say rising prescription drug costs can be traced to a number of factors, including a lack of pricing transparency, market exclusivity for drug creators and pharmaceutical industry influence in politics.

. . .

"There's not many issues in this country where I think we can come together, but I do think that prescription drug pricing — it doesn't matter if you're a Democrat, a Republican, an Independent, it doesn't matter if you live in rural lowa or you live in Los Angeles — this is an issue that affects every single American and one that we in Congress need to come together to address," Lee said.

Lee touted passage of the For the People Act, which she called probably the most important piece of legislation that has cleared the House this year. The act would require political organizations that dole out money to candidates to make their donors public. These dark money donations, she said, are one of the tools in the drug lobby's arsenal.

"I'm part of a historic freshman class," Lee said. "We got elected on an agenda of cleaning corruption out of Washington, of bringing government back for the people, and (the act) does that by getting rid of dark money — the dark money that pharmaceutical companies (have) used to control Congress for so long."

The For the People Act, however, has hit a roadblock in the Senate, with Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell, R-Kentucky, keeping it and many other Democratic-backed bills from the House from being debated in the upper chamber.

## HUFFPOST

# Freshmen Dems Bash Mitch McConnell While Calling for a Senate Vote on Their Reform Bill

### BY PAUL BLUMENTHAL | JUNE 5, 2019

Nearly every freshman House Democrat sent a letter on Wednesday to Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell (R-Ky.) calling on him to bring the sweeping campaign finance and election reform bill passed by the House to the Senate floor for a vote.

The For The People Act (H.R. 1) would create a system of publicly financed House elections, expand voting rights by mandating early voting and automatic voter registration, enhance election security and enact ethics reforms like requiring presidential candidates to disclose their tax returns. It passed the House on a 234-193 party-line vote on March 8. Sen. Tom Udall (D-N.M.) has introduced a companion bill in the Senate backed by every Senate Democrat.

McConnell, a fierce opponent of campaign finance reform, has attacked the bill a "power grab" by the Democratic Party and refused to bring it to the Senate floor for a vote. As majority leader, he is under no obligation to bring any piece of legislation to the Senate floor for a vote.

The freshmen Democrats calling on McConnell to give their bill a vote in the Senate attacked McConnell as a "bought-and-paid-for" representative of the Washington elite on Wednesday at a press conference hosted by End Citizens United, a pro-campaign finance reform political action committee.

"Mitch McConnell remains in the pockets of the special interests," Rep. Max Rose (D-N.Y.) said.



"He won't even take a meeting with us," Rose added. "At this point, I'm thinking the only way we can get a meeting with Mitch McConnell is if we take out our checkbooks and max out to him. That's the only reason why he sits down with people cause he is bought-and-paid-for."

Rep. Sharice Davids (D-Kansas) said that McConnell "continues to defend a rigged system."

New Hampshire Rep. Chris Pappas (D) added: "Mitch McConnell doesn't know what democracy looks like."

"He has no argument for holding up legislation to protect our democracy from foreign interference," Malinowski said. "He is putting party over country."

These House freshmen won election in 2018 by running on issues like campaign finance reform and expanding voting rights. Those calling on McConnell to give the For The People Act a vote in the Senate had previously sent a letter during the 2018 campaign calling on House leadership of both parties to prioritize these issues.

McConnell has promised not to bring this bill — or practically any bill passed by House Democrats — to the Senate floor. While Democrats want a vote on their bill, they also plan to use McConnell's refusal in their 2020 election campaign to showcase their support for reforming Washington and the Republican Party's opposition.



## Freshman Democrats Call on McConnell to Hold Vote on Election Reform Bill

## BY MAGGIE MILLER | JUNE 5, 2019

A group of 62 freshmen House Democrats demanded Wednesday that Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell (R-Ky.) allow a vote on a sweeping election reform and security bill previously passed by the House.

The bill includes language to reform the election process, along with language to secure voting systems against cyber attacks. Senate Democrats have also introduced a companion bill.

. . .

McConnell, though, has shown no sign he'll agree to hold a Senate floor vote.

. . .

The bill was the first major piece of legislation introduced by the new House Democrat majority in January. Beyond its provisions on cybersecurity, it would require redistricting commissions to prevent gerrymandering, tighten rules around political lobbyists and stop foreign money from being used in U.S. elections.



# H.R. 1 Provides Freshman House Dems a McConnell 101 Lesson

## BY CHRIS MARQUETTE | JUNE 5, 2019

While it is not quite an unstoppable force meeting an immovable object, the metaphor is close enough: Freshman House Democrats who roared into the majority in January with ambitious legislative plans are increasingly facing the reality of a Senate majority leader who has little interest in what they want.

The latest reality check came on Wednesday when a substantial portion of first-year House Democrats — 62 members — urged Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell to act on HR 1, a sweeping House-passed bill that seeks to fortify ethics rules for public officials, overhaul campaign finance and expand access to voting.

In a letter to the Kentucky Republican, the Democrats stressed how they pledged action on those three pillars as their first priority of the 116th Congress. Several of the signatories staged a press conference in front of the Capitol where they implored the Senate to act.

"We call upon Mitch McConnell. What are you waiting for? What are you waiting for? I'm not asking for him to vote for this. I'm asking for him to put it up for a vote," Rep. Andy Kim, D-N.J., said.

The For the People Act, introduced by Rep. John Sarbanes, D-Md., was passed by the House in March and had 235 Democratic co-sponsors. The companion bill in the Senate, S 949, was introduced by Sen. Tom Udall, D-N.M. in March and no action has been taken since.

## CULPEPER STAR\*EXPONENT Your Hometown Newspaper

## Spanberger Leads Campaign-Finance, Ethics-Reform Push

## BY CLINT SCHEMMER | JUNE 5, 2019

Rep. Abigail Spanberger, D-Va., yesterday urged the Senate to vote on the campaign finance and ethics reforms passed by the House of Representatives in March.

The 7th District congresswoman called on Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell to let senators debate House Resolution 1, the For the People Act, the most sweeping clean-government measure passed by the House in a generation. The legislation, which passed 234-193, was House Democrats' top priority after they took office on Jan. 3.

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H.R. 1 includes Spanberger's bipartisan amendment to strengthen the integrity of U.S. elections and prevent foreign interference in our political system.

Several provisions in H.R. 1 derive from bills with bipartisan support in the House or Senate, including the DISCLOSE Act to address dark money in elections, the Honest Ads Act to require digital ad disclosure, and the Prevent Election Hacking Act of 2018 to upgrade the nation's election infrastructure.

Calling it "a terrible proposal," McConnell has openly mocked the bill and vowed not to bring it to the Senate floor.

## St. John **News**

## **Urge Senators to Support the For the People Act**

BY TERESA BRIGGS AND CILLE KING (OP-ED) | MAY 29, 2019

The For the People Act (H.R. 1/S.949) passed the U.S. House of Representatives and was introduced in the Senate in March.

This act would include expanded early and absentee voting. It would also provide online and same day voter registration, which has been shown to increase voter turnout by as much as 10% in other states and reduce the number of uncounted provisional ballots.

Some communities have been divided by district maps, drawn by politicians to serve themselves, not us. Both Democrats and Republicans have been guilty of controlling the redistricting process to benefit their own party. H.R. 1/S.949 would require independent redistricting commissions to abolish gerrymandering, giving voice to every voter.

Money now plays a major role in our elections. Our government should respond to the will of the people, not the interests of powerful corporations and wealthy donors. This legislation will repair the broken Federal Election Commission, and it would improve campaign finance transparency and strengthen ethics enforcement.

We urge every Kansan to contact your Senators and tell them about the above reforms that you support, and especially to call on them to support a hearing on the For the People Act (H.R. 1/S.949). As a member of the U.S. Senate Finance Committee which has the power to advance this legislation, Senator Roberts needs to hear from us that we want a debate and vote on these reforms.



# U.S. Election Cybersecurity Agency Staff 'Strained to the Breaking Point'

#### BY CHRISTOPHER BING | MAY 22, 2019

As the U.S. government prepares to defend the 2020 presidential election from cyber threats, the federal agency charged with helping administer elections, the Election Assistance Commission, says it is "strained to the breaking point," according to Chairwoman Christy McCormick.

"Obviously we're a very small agency and quite under funded," McCormick said on Wednesday during a House of Representatives Oversight Committee hearing. "We're stretched very thin."

McCormick told lawmakers the agency is seeking additional funding from Congress. That funding is part of a sweeping election reform package, known as H.R. 1, which passed the House earlier this year but has yet to be voted on in the Senate.

Multiple federal agencies, including the Justice Department, Homeland Security Department and intelligence community, play a role in protecting U.S. elections from foreign interference.

The Election Assistance Commission is responsible for setting standards and guidelines for election officials and voting equipment makers. But since the 2016 U.S. presidential election, the agency has also taken on additional responsibilities related to cybersecurity, McCormick said.

"We're asking for more money so we can hire more staff to meet the demands. The EAC's mission has expanded since it was created," said McCormick. "We didn't have the cybersecurity needs at the time. We always worried about election security but since 2016, this is an additional mission for our agency. And we've stepped up in every way we can given the resources we have."

Lawmakers expressed concern on Wednesday about the EAC's ability to perform its responsibilities because of a lack of resources.

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McCormick told lawmakers last week that the agency's budget had been cut by 50 percent since 2010, when it had 49 staffers.

"If there's going to be any practical impact on what happens in 2020 given the threats that have been discussed here today, urgent action is needed," said Massachusetts Secretary of State Bill Galvin, who also testified during the same hearing on Wednesday. "Particularly at the level of the EAC."

## **The Detroit News**

## For the People Act Fixes Broken System

BY BRANDON JESSUP (OP-ED) | MAY 22, 2019

The U.S. House of Representatives recently passed the For the People Act, a groundbreaking democracy reform package which ensures every voter can cast a ballot free from barriers, curbs the culture of corruption in Washington, D.C. and ends the dominance of big money in politics. These reforms are critical in building a democracy that works for everyone, not just wealthy elites. I am proud Democratic U.S. Sens. Debbie Stabenow and Gary Peters of Michigan support its Senate companion bill. But Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell must stop standing in the way and hold a vote.

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The For the People Act will curb the big money politics that led to and continues to fuel Flint's water crisis, putting our elections back in the hands of everyday citizens. The bill will multiply the power of small donors, bring dark money into the light, and strengthen oversight and accountability of public servants.

The bill also builds on decades of pioneers who spent their lives making it easier to vote. More than 40 years ago, Michigan's first African-American elected to statewide office, Secretary of State Richard Austin, implemented the nation's first "motor voter" law, allowing citizens to register to vote when applying for a driver's license. Michigan wouldn't see another reform like this until last year's midterm elections, when a near super-majority of voters approved constitutional amendments to end gerrymandering, create an automatic voter registration system, allow same-day registration, and implement no-excuse absentee voting – reforms that are expected to empower 300,000 new voters in 2020.

The For the People Act heeds citizen-led movements in states like Michigan to forge a stronger democracy that makes sure every vote is heard, counted, and protected.

It's time to eliminate barriers to the ballot box, enact tougher ethics standards to hold public officials accountable and end big money in politics. Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell should stop standing in the way of the For the People Act so we can fix our broken political system and create a democracy that works for everyone.

# The Gazette

## 'For the People Act' Deserves Debate

BY MARY RAE BRAGG (OP-ED) | MAY 21, 2019

The For the People Act passed the U.S. House of Representatives (H.R. 1) and was introduced in the Senate in March. The League of Women Voters of Iowa strongly believes this act is needed to protect voting rights in Iowa. The For the People Act will improve and modernize our elections and put power back into the hands of the American people.

The act is a bold, transformative set of reforms that will strengthen our democracy. It will restore voting rights to felons, limit gerrymandering, and help with campaign finance reform.

In lowa, 52,000 citizens are unable to participate in elections because of felony convictions. Iowa and Kentucky are presently the only two states with such restrictions since Florida's citizens voted to restore voting rights for felons. Once ex-felons have served their sentences, there is no good reason why that right should not be restored. Indeed, restoration of voting rights is credited with reducing recidivism and promoting public safety.

In many states gerrymandering is used to create districts with an unfair advantage for one political party. The state of lowa's method of redistricting, in which the lines are drawn by the Legislative Services Agency and approved by the Legislature, is considered a model for how to create congressional and state legislative districts. The For the People Act would make sure that such a fair process is used in all states.

Campaign finance reform is a concern for lowans as well as all political parties. Not only would the For the People Act introduce voluntary public financing for all campaigns, matching small donations at a 6:1 ratio, it would set stricter limits on foreign lobbying and require "dark money" organizations to disclose donations. It would also restructure the Federal Election Commission, to reduce partisan gridlock.

The power to advance this legislation lies in the hands of the Senate Finance Committee chairman, Iowa's U.S. Sen. Chuck Grassley. Grassley has made no secret of the fact that he does not support portions of the bill, but that should not prevent him from bringing it before his committee for a full discussion of the problems and concerns it addresses.

In the name of good governance, we urge every Iowan to contact Grassley and demand he provide a hearing of the For the People Act.

# Tampa Bay Times

## **U.S. Senate Should Pass For the People Act**

BY ANDREW GILLUM (OP-ED) | MAY 16, 2019

We need to ensure that every voice is heard, every vote is counted and every vote is protected. The U.S. House recently passed a sweeping new democracy reform bill called the For The People Act, which removes barriers to the ballot box, ends the dominance of big money in politics and ends the culture of corruption in Washington. It was the first bill introduced in the 116th Congress, and I am proud that every Democratic representative in Florida voted to ensure its passage. These reforms are a necessary first step in making progress on the very real problems Floridians face. But Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell is standing in the way. Our very own senators, Marco Rubio and Rick Scott, should support the Senate companion bill — and call on McConnell to hold a vote.

The Supreme Court's decision removed the formula to determine which states and counties had a history of racial discrimination in voting and needed the government's approval before changing voting laws. That formula covered many counties in Florida, including Collier, Hardee, Hendry, Hillsborough and Monroe counties.

In the absence of federal protections, states have enacted harmful new forms of voter suppression, like mismatch signature laws, voter purges and strict identification requirements. States like Georgia, Alabama, and Kansas have removed polling places and driver's license offices in majority-minority communities. And, despite Florida voters overwhelmingly approving Amendment 4 that restored the vote to men and women with past felony convictions, our own

Legislature and governor are attempting to deny enfranchisement to these returning citizens, who are disproportionately black and brown.

We have seen some states take initiative and implement more inclusive measures such as automatic voter registration and early voting. But this will never be enough. We need comprehensive federal solutions.

Fixing our broken political system is not a partisan issue. Americans across the country, Republicans and Democrats, have said in poll after poll that the government and our electoral system needs extensive reform. Americans of all political stripes know that democracy is at its best when everyone is given a chance to fully participate, no matter where they live or what they look like.

Too much is at stake for our democracy not to deliver on the reforms in the For the People Act. The legislation would not only fight against targeted voter suppression. It would also address partisan gerrymandering, dark money influence, campaign finance reform and ethics abuses by elected officials.

It is past time that we implement the will of the people and make the For The People Act the law of the land. It may be the only way to restore free and fair elections in states like ours, which have begun to crumble under the weight of bad political actors. This bill is a once-in-a-generation proposal, and it is on us to make sure we hand down a democratic process that our children and grandchildren can prosper under.

## **POLITICO**

## **Dems Plan Slice-and-Dice Strategy to Pressure McConnell**

#### BY SARAH FERRIS | MAY 16, 2019

House Democrats can't get Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell to hold a vote on their biggest legislative accomplishment.

So they're going to pass it all over again.

House Majority Leader Steny Hoyer (D-Md.) is eyeing a new strategy that would take the caucus' signature achievement this year — a sprawling elections and government transparency bill — and break it into bite-size pieces with fresh votes on the floor, according to multiple lawmakers and aides.

The move is intended to pressure Senate Republicans into taking up House bills and underscores a desire by Democratic leadership to spotlight all the legislation that has languished on the other side of the Capitol.

"Since Senator McConnell refuses to take up H.R. 1, I am prepared to bring to the Floor and pass individual bills to address the reforms included in the For the People Act," Hoyer said in a statement to POLITICO.

The package, which passed on a party-line vote in March, is expected to be sliced into separate pieces in the coming weeks on election security, voting rights and campaign finance.

# THE AMERICAN PROSPECT

## **Republicans Abandon Election Security**

### BY ELIZA NEWLIN CARNEY | MAY 16, 2019

Russian attacks on the U.S. election infrastructure in 2016 were even more serious than reported at the time, recent disclosures show, and intelligence officials say they are bracing for more aggressive attacks from a wider array of foreign adversaries in 2020.

Yet instead of moving to shore up the nation's vulnerable voting machines and databases, the Trump administration is sabotaging efforts to enhance election security at every turn. Trump's determination to portray Russian interference as a hoax has made it taboo for members of his own administration to even talk about foreign meddling, and has derailed the leading bipartisan election security bill on Capitol Hill.

To make matters worse, Republicans have signaled that they don't even plan to hold a single hearing on election security legislation—despite a growing list of bills introduced in recent weeks to block foreign interference on multiple fronts, many of them bipartisan. The reason? It seems that Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell is in such a fit of pique over House Democrats' approval of sweeping democracy legislation that he's unwilling to discuss election legislation of any kind.

Never mind that Democrats' reform package, known as H.R. 1, contained multiple election security measures, including grants for voting machine upgrades and testing, that are broadly supported on both sides of the aisle. McConnell abhors the bill's disclosure and public matching funds provisions, and has slammed it as a "Democrat Political Protection Act." That's poisoned the

waters, say Republicans who argue that the election security stalemate is therefore (somehow) Democrats' fault.

Democrats' approval of H.R. 1 has "made it even less likely" that an election security bill would come to the floor, Republican Senator Roy Blunt told The Kansas City Star. Blunt chairs the Senate Rules and Administration Committee, which has jurisdiction over election security, but he told the Star that there would be no point marking up a bill "that can't possibly be voted on on the floor."

Instead, Blunt held an oversight hearing this week on the Election Assistance Commission—a worthy topic, but one that still leaves crucial election security legislation on the back burner. The Senate's leading bipartisan election reform bill, authored by Oklahoma Republican James Lankford and Minnesota Democrat Amy Klobuchar, was abruptly yanked from a markup before Blunt's committee last year amid White House opposition. The bill, which would require states to use machines that produce a paper record and to conduct post-election audits, has influential GOP backing, including from Senate Intelligence Committee Chairman Richard Burr, of North Carolina.

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The FBI is "very much viewing 2018 as just kind of a dress rehearsal for the big show in 2020," said Wray in a speech last month at the Council on Foreign Relations. Russia's campaign to interfere and sow discord "is not just an election-cycle threat," Wray said. "It's a 365-day-a-year threat." The FBI has deployed agents and analysts, and requested additional funding from Congress, to defend against foreign interference. Republicans on Capitol Hill, by contrast, are taking their cue from the White House—essentially inviting foreign adversaries to attack American elections once again.



## The 'For the People Act' Is Critical to America's Future

#### BY JAN LARGENT | MAY 13, 2019

H.R. 1 — the For the People Act — is a democracy reform bill that passed in the House of Representatives on March 8.

The League of Women Voters of the United States and the League of Women Voters of Oklahoma proudly support this legislation, which would be the most sweeping anti-corruption and voting rights legislation that has come about. Some of the main tenets of the bill are the expansion and protection of voting rights, transparency and regulation of campaign finance and efforts to fight corruption and maintain ethics in election processes.

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The Oklahoma League appreciates Sen. James Lankford's efforts to ensure the security of our democracy, especially his participation in the bipartisan Secure Elections Act. Now we call upon the senator to do even more to secure democracy in America by demanding a hearing for and supporting the For the People Act.

We encourage Oklahomans to contact Sen. Lankford and tell him HR 1 is critical to America's future. It is time for Congress to make our election system freer, fairer and accessible to all eligible Americans.



### **Rejecting Corporate PAC Money for New Mexicans**

### BY BEN RAY LUJÁN (OP-ED) | MAY 10, 2019

At the start of the last Congress, one of the first votes House Republicans took was on a bill designed to unravel protections for workers exposed to chemicals like beryllium. Beryllium is one of the chemicals that poisoned my father's lungs and caused his cancer.

Watching House Republicans vote against the health and safety needs of people like my father in order to placate special interests left me sick.

That first vote is indicative of the Republican party. Last Congress, House Republicans raised taxes on and stripped health care from working Americans all to satisfy their special interest donors.

Watching House Republicans put the interests of big corporations over hard-working Americans was the reason I worked so hard, as chairman of the Democratic Congressional Campaign Committee last year, to elect a Democratic majority – a majority that would put people like my father and my constituents first.

And of this new majority, dozens of candidates – from districts across the country – recognized that in order to change Washington, they'd have to change how we elect the people who serve there. These candidates built campaigns powered by people, not corporations.



It worked, and they won. And now House Democrats – including the most diverse class of freshmen in history – have taken concrete actions to bolster working women and men. Our first major legislative vote: The For the People Act, a sweeping campaign finance package that would drastically curb the influence of big money in politics.

The pride I felt watching that legislation, which I helped shepherd, pass in the House was matched only by the anger I felt when Mitch McConnell announced it was dead-on-arrival in the U.S. Senate. That's become a common refrain from McConnell – whose dubbed himself the "Grim Reaper" for the good legislation we're championing in the House.

It's one of the reasons I'm running for Senate. McConnell's refusal to address our broken campaign finance system is stifling the voices of the American people.

That's not how it's supposed to work. That's never been my approach to governing – it's just not the New Mexico way. In New Mexico, we work together for the good of the community. It's how I've spent my time in Congress and how I'll continue to work in the U.S. Senate. Whether that means securing millions of dollars in opioid treatment funding, protecting the 300,000 New Mexicans with pre-existing conditions, or introducing an ambitious plan to cut greenhouse gases by 60 percent – my work is always for the people.

Today, I'm taking that advocacy a step further: my campaign for the U.S. Senate will not accept corporate PAC money.

This decision is at the core of the kind of campaign I'm running. A campaign run on New Mexican values that is built by the people, not corporations.



# Federal Voting Rights Bill for Ex-Felons Merits Support of Rubio, Scott

### BY MONÉ HOLDER (OP-ED) | MAY 6, 2019

The U.S. House of Representatives recently passed the For the People Act, a groundbreaking democracy reform package which will ensure that every voter can cast a ballot free from barriers, end the dominance of big money in politics, curb the culture of corruption in Washington, and make sure all public officials are working for the people, not themselves or wealthy special interests. Without these reforms, we won't be able to make progress on the challenges we face in our state — everything from income inequality to climate change.

I'm proud that all 13 Florida House Democrats co-sponsored and voted for the bill. U.S. Senators Marco Rubio and Rick Scott should do the right thing and support the Senate companion bill. They can start by calling on Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell to hold a vote.

The For the People Act goes one step further than last year's historic Amendment 4 victory, which returned voting rights to men and women who have completed felony sentences in Florida, including those under parole and on probation. Currently, only 14 states and the District of Columbia automatically restore voting rights immediately after release. The For the People Act makes that right universal — and would render the Florida Legislature's voter suppression tactics null and void.

The bill also includes important reforms Florida desperately needs to ensure every person has complete access to the ballot box. Our elections supervisors would be required to create an automatic voter registration system to register

eligible voters using data from government sources, including the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles. It would also require same-day voter registration, ensuring that nothing — not hurricanes or glitches with our online registration system — stops an eligible voter from registering to vote. This is a critical reform to ensure that no one is barred from ballot box.

The For the People Act also requires elections supervisors to offer at least 15 consecutive days of early voting. Florida voters used to enjoy a mandatory 14 days until the Legislature cut early voting in 2011, which led to unacceptably long lines in the 2012 election. Now, supervisors are required only to open early voting sites for a minimum of 10 days, ending no sooner than the Saturday before the election.

Florida's voters of color are more likely to vote early, especially during the last Sunday before Election Day, when many African-American churches around the country organize "Souls to the Polls" turnout campaigns. But now some voters may not get that option if a supervisor decides not to open the polls that Sunday. The For the People Act makes sure everyone has the chance to vote, even if they can't take time from work to vote on Election Day.

We must continue to organize against hateful policies, bigotry, and division to demand a Florida that works for all, not just special interests of the elite. The For the People Act is the first step in achieving that goal. We have to do better, because Florida has one of the largest gaps between rich and poor. We have to do better because climate change threatens to destroy our way of life. And we have to do better to center the needs of those historically kept at the margins.

I urge Floridians everywhere to call our U.S. senators and demand they stop standing in the way of the For the People Act. Passing these reforms will allow us to fix our broken political system, and create a democracy that works for everyone.



## **Zoe Lofgren Pushes Bill to Clean Up Washington Corruption**

### BY NADIA LOPEZ | MAY 4, 2019

Congresswoman Zoe Lofgren is trying to do what some might say is impossible: Take money out of politics.

On Saturday, the veteran lawmaker met with constituents at a town hall meeting in San Jose to discuss a recently passed bill in the House — a sweeping anti-corruption measure aimed at adopting stronger voting rights, enforcing stricter ethical standards on federal officials, ending partisan gerrymandering and getting big money out of politics.

"People worry about the role of big money in politics — rightly so," said Lofgren. "You want candidates to be able to run without having billionaires as friends."

The bill, titled H.R.1 or "For the People Act" was drafted by the House administration committee that Lofgren leads and passed in the House in March by a 234-193 margin.

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The ambitious proposal is the Democrats' latest attempt at cracking down on corruption and making government more transparent — a promise they're trying to keep following the 2018 midterms.



### **Democrats Put Spotlight on Election Security**

### **BY JOHN VERHOVEK | APRIL 18, 2019**

Whatever the fallout from the Mueller report, the newly empowered Democratic majority in the House has sought to put the spotlight on election security, pushing a number of bills aimed at shoring up the country's electoral infrastructure.

The party's first sweeping piece of legislation addressing election security, H.R. 1 or the "For the People Act," was introduced in January with broad support within the Democratic caucus.

The ambitious bill, introduced by Rep. John Sarbanes, D-Md., largely focuses on anti-corruption and campaign finance-related issues and would also give \$1.5 billion in new voting technology funding.

It also includes provisions to enable automatic voter registration, mandates that states use paper ballots in elections, better protect against cybersecurity threats and make Election Day a national holiday for federal workers.

In February, the House Homeland Security Committee, chaired by Rep. Bennie Thompson, D-Miss., convened a series of panels on various security-related measures including H.R. 1, urging more support for local governments that bear the brunt of conducting and securing the country's elections.

## DAILY BULLETIN

# 100 Days in the Majority: House Democrats Are Working for the People

BY PETE AGUILAR (OP-ED) | APRIL 16, 2019

People are sick of Washington. They're sick of partisan bickering. They're sick of scandal and corruption. They're sick of watching nothing get done.

These are the sentiments I heard throughout the past few years from Inland Empire families who had watched a Republican-held Congress grind the government to a halt under a Democratic president. That same Congress went on to use their two years of unified Republican government to attack people's health care, allow corruption to grow unchecked within the federal government, and give massive tax cuts to wealthy corporations while leaving the middle class behind. So, when Democrats regained a majority in the House after the historic 2018 election, we promised we'd do things differently. We promised that we'd return to the principles that made our nation great in the first place — a government of the people, by the people, and for the people.

April 12th marked the 100th day of the Democratic Majority in the House of Representatives, and 100 days of keeping that promise. On day one of the 116th Congress, House Democrats introduced H.R. 1, the For the People Act. This sweeping legislation ends years of undemocratic policies and addresses a range of issues, from voter suppression to gerrymandering. It strengthens our campaign finance system to take dark money out of politics and returns control of our government to the American people. This landmark legislation, which I was proud to help pass, set the standard for how Democrats will use our time in the majority. Our priority is to empower ordinary Americans.



## **100 Days of Serving the Lowcountry**

### BY JOE CUNNINGHAM (OP-ED) | APRIL 15, 2019

It has been an honor to serve as your congressman over the last 100 days and I am grateful for the opportunity I have been given. When I ran for Congress, I promised to fight for the Lowcountry and break through the political tribalism and gridlock that defines Washington. I committed to working with both parties and our president to get things done. Over the last 100 days, I have found ample room to work across the aisle. Of the 25 bills I have cosponsored, 17 have been bipartisan.

Since I was sworn in on Jan. 3, I have introduced bills to ban offshore drilling, close the Charleston loophole, ensure carbon monoxide detectors in public housing units, and improve veterans' access to podiatric care.

. . .

In an era of divided government and dysfunction, the House has managed to pass meaningful legislation that solve problems on which I campaigned. One of the bills of which I am most proud is H.R. 1, the For the People Act — once in a lifetime reform legislation that combats the culture of corruption in D.C. and ensures Washington serves the people. H.R. 1 promotes clean and fair elections, ends partisan gerrymandering, reins-in the influence of special interests, and takes dark money out of our political system.

## THE KANSAS CITY STAR.

# To Defend Democracy Around the World, We Must First Fix It at Home

### BY JEFFREY PRESCOTT AND TIFFANY MULLER (OP-ED) | APRIL 2, 2019

Last week, Senate Democrats introduced their version of the For the People Act, the democracy reform and anti-corruption bill adopted by the House earlier this month. The bill represents among the most significant measures in decades toward making our democracy more fair, inclusive, and accountable to the American people.

That work — to practice what we preach and stay true to our values — is crucially important at home and abroad. My co-author and I understand that better than most, as one of us heads an organization centered on democratic protection and reform within our shores, and the other leads a group dedicated to restoring principled American leadership around the world.

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The For the People Act would help secure our democracy against hostile adversaries and restore public faith in our government. The bill enacts important reforms that would protect our elections from foreign adversaries, curb the flow of foreign money into our politics and end pay-to-play as we know it.

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Congress has an opportunity to restore the confidence of the American people in their government and protect our elections against foreign threats. Our democracy and national security are at stake.

### **AHWATUKEE FOOTHILLS NEWS**

### We Must Do Better by the People, for the People

### BY GREG STANTON (OP-ED) | APRIL 2, 2019

We have a lot of work to do to create change, but the new Congress is taking an essential first step with House Resolution 1.

H.R. 1 is a transformative set of reforms that will shine a light on dark money and return political power to the public. Fittingly, we've named it the "For the People" Act.

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The "For the People" Act reforms will limit the influence of special interests and wealthy donors and crackdown on corruption, getting down to the root of dysfunction in Washington. It puts transparency and disclosure front and center by requiring political groups to disclose their large donors.

. . .

This new legislation means more everyday voters' voices will be heard, and politicians will be able to focus on the issues that matter most to constituents – like quality jobs, affordable health care, clean air and water, and strong infrastructure.

In our democracy, each of us has a responsibility – an obligation – to make sure our government is truly "of the people, by the people."

By working together to lift the voices of everyday Americans above anonymous special interests, Congress can do its part to ensure it will remain "for the people."

## Chillicothe Times-Bulletin

## McConnell Must Allow Senate Vote on For the People Agenda

BY CHERI BUSTOS (OP-ED) | APRIL 1, 2019

Folks across the political spectrum are disgusted by it — and I don't blame them. As a former investigative journalist, I exposed stories of greed, corruption and secrecy in politics — and that work hasn't stopped since I got to Congress.

That's why as a member of House Democratic leadership, I helped develop our For the People agenda we campaigned on during the last election — which focuses on bringing down the cost of health care and prescription drugs, rebuilding America through investments in our crumbling infrastructure and cleaning up the mess in Washington.

And when voters entrusted us with the House majority, one of the first steps we took was introducing and passing H.R. 1 — known as the For the People Act — to confront Washington's culture of corruption.

• • •

At its core, this legislation takes power from Washington and the special interests and returns it back to the people. The U.S. House of Representatives took bold action — and now the ball is in Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell's hands. Unfortunately, entrenched politicians like him are clinging to power and protecting the special interests — and he's refusing to bring our For the People Act up for a vote.

But we can't back down from this fight to give Americans a voice in our democracy and to clean up the corruption in Washington.



### **Republicans Are Voting Against Democracy**

### BY STEVE CICKAY (OP-ED) | APRIL 1, 2019

Recently, the majority of Democrats in the House of Representatives proved that they can support our democracy in two ways.

Number one: By aggressively and patriotically conducting oversight on this administration, which has egregiously attacked the institutions of our democracy over the last two years.

Number two: By introducing legislation responsive to the needs of the American people. In fact, their first bill H.R. 1, aptly named "For the People Act," was designed to strengthen our democratic processes which the people have seen so dangerously attacked for years by the Republican Party.

The substance of the bill involved expanding access to the ballot box for the American people, reducing the influence of big money in politics and strengthening ethics rules for public servants. Thankfully it passed, 234-193, but no thanks to Republican representatives, including our Congressman Brian Fitzpatrick. But of course, it languishes in the Republican-controlled Senate and I am not surprised.

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If Republican leaders don't believe our democracy needs strengthening, they are either totally blind or willfully complicit. I hope in the future they use their power to protect our fragile democracy. If they idly whistle and continue to do nothing, I fear it will be too late.

# The Salt Lake Tribune

# A Big Step to Eliminate the Corrupting Influence of Money in Politics

### BY JONATHAN M. RUGA AND SCOTT F. YOUNG (OP-ED) | MARCH 31, 2019

Our democracy is broken. The average American's voice is muffled – in many cases, silenced. The voices of ordinary Americans cannot be heard above the overpowering voices of the wealthy. Over the past few decades, our system turned into a plutocracy, or rule of the wealthy, and the American people are growing frustrated with a status quo that leaves them voiceless, powerless, and disadvantaged.

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This Congressional session, House Democrats introduced H.R. 1, the For The People Act, to address money in politics in a number of innovative and necessary ways. Reforms include mandated disclosure of corporate political spending, public databases of political ad disclosure requests, and most importantly instituting a new matching-fund program for House candidates who agree to accept only small-dollar donations, revamping the public financing system for presidential candidates. (A matching-fund program for Senate candidates would have to originate in that chamber.)

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Ultimately, we must create a system where no people or organizations have disproportionate influence in our elections because of the size of their bank accounts. Elected officials shouldn't be able to insulate themselves from their constituents' needs and demands by virtue of the backing of wealthy benefactors or corporate interests. With H.R. 1, the For The People Act, America can realize these values and return the power where it belongs: in the hands of the people.

# The Washington Post

# Senate Democrats Push to Match House's Ethics and Election Reforms

### BY MIKE DEBONIS | MARCH 27, 2019

Responding to action in the House, Senate Democrats unveiled their own version of a sweeping election and ethics reform bill Wednesday — one that Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell has vowed never to bring to a vote.

Dubbed, like the House bill, the "For the People Act," the Senate legislation includes a vast suite of proposals — ranging from measures meant to expand voting to provisions aimed at unmasking and diluting the power of moneyed interests to new ethical strictures for federal officials to a new public financing system for congressional campaigns.

The bill, according to its lead author, Sen. Tom Udall (D-N.M.), has the support of all 47 senators in the Democratic caucus. The House bill passed 234-193 this month with unanimous Democratic support, meaning every congressional Democrat is on record in support of the bill.

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"Today we are seizing their momentum and the momentum of the American people," Udall said at a news conference Wednesday. "Now the ball is in Senator McConnell's court . . . This should not be about Democrats versus Republicans, this is about people versus special interests."



# Senate Democrats Unveiled an Anti-Corruption Companion Bill. Mitch McConnell Is Already Blocking It.

### BY ELLA NILSEN | MARCH 27, 2019

The sweeping anti-corruption bill House Democrats passed recently as the centerpiece of their platform has officially been introduced in the Senate — where it is certain to fail.

Sen. Tom Udall (D-NM) is the lead sponsor of the For the People Act, the sprawling bill aimed at getting money out of politics and increasing transparency around donors, cracking down on lobbying, and expanding voting rights for Americans by implementing provisions like automatic voter registration.

"The contrast we are laying out for the American people could not be clearer," Udall said at a Wednesday press conference unveiling the bill. "This is a historic day for our democracy, and it is not a day too soon. Our democracy is at a crisis point."

Among many other things, the bill would set up a public campaign finance reform system, implement redistricting reform for federal elections to curb gerrymandering, and implement same-day registration. The House bill was authored by Rep. John Sarbanes (D-MD).

While all 47 Senate Democrats support the anti-corruption bill, they've already run up against Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell, who has openly mocked the bill and vowed not to bring it to the Senate floor.



# HUFFPOST

# Every Senate Democrat Backs Sweeping Campaign Finance, Voting Rights and Ethics Reform Bill

#### BY PAUL BLUMENTHAL | MARCH 27, 2019

Sen. Tom Udall (D-N.M.) on Wednesday introduced the Senate version of the campaign finance, voting rights and ethics reform bill that House Democrats made their top priority.

With all 47 Senate Democrats signed on as co-sponsors, Udall's bill marks a newfound unanimity in the party in favor of establishing publicly financed congressional elections and dramatically expanding voting rights.

"Every single member of the Senate Democratic caucus is an original cosponsor of our For The People Act — which means that every single congressional Democrat, in the House and Senate, supports this landmark package of reforms," Udall said in a statement. "That is historic, and as Mitch McConnell vows to do the bidding of the special interests and obstruct these badly-needed reforms, the contrast that we are laying out for the American people could not be clearer."

The bill is a near identical copy of the For The People Act (H.R. 1) passed by the House by a partisan vote split of 234-193 on March 8. It includes sweeping voting rights reforms that would re-enfranchise ex-felons, ban common voter suppression tactics and reduce barriers to voting across the country; campaign finance reforms that would create a system of publicly funded elections for congressional campaigns for the first time; and ethics reforms for the executive branch and Supreme Court.



### Senate Democrats Take Up H.R. 1 Battle Cry

### BY KATE ACKLEY | MARCH 28, 2019

Every Senate Democrat, taking their House colleagues' cues, signed on to their chamber's version of a major campaign finance, voting and ethics overhaul on Wednesday.

The measure, nearly identical to a bill that passed the House earlier this month, serves primarily as a campaign messaging document for the 2020 elections. That's because Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell has vowed not to bring it up for consideration in the chamber.

Republicans and K Street lobbying interests have blasted the proposal, which would establish a voluntary public financing system for federal candidates, would require same-day and automatic voter registration nationwide, and would require nonpartisan commissions to redraw the boundaries of congressional districts. The measure would also toughen ethical standards for administration officials and would require new public disclosures of donations to nonprofit groups that are active in politics.

"Now the ball is in Sen. McConnell's court," said Tom Udall of New Mexico, the lead sponsor of the Senate version, during a Capitol Hill press conference Wednesday. "We know that K Street lobbyists, special interests and big money donors are calling out the cavalry to defeat this bill. ... And I think that means we've got ourselves a good bill."



# Senate Democrats Propose Sweeping Election Reform Bill Despite Likely Opposition from Trump and McConnell

### BY YLAN MUI | JANUARY 4, 2019

Senate Democrats on Wednesday unveiled a sweeping bill to protect and expand voting access, limit big-money influence in elections and boost public officials' ethics requirements, following the passage of near-identical legislation in the House.

But even Democrats doubt that the ambitious bill stands much of a chance of making it through the Republican-held Senate led by Majority Leader Mitch McConnell, R-Ky.

The "For The People Act," introduced by Senate Minority Leader Chuck Schumer, D-N.Y., Sen. Tom Udall, D-N.M., and Sen. Jeff Merkley, D-Ore., offers a laundry list of reforms that its Democratic sponsors claim will "put power back in the hands of the American people."

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The Senate bill was introduced less than three weeks after its so-called companion legislation in the House, H.R. 1, cleared that Democrat-led chamber on a 234-193 party-line vote.

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Neither the White House nor McConnell's office immediately responded to a request for comment on the legislation.



# We Need More Honesty in Washington, at Home and in Our Elections

### BY RENEE HOYOS (OP-ED) | MARCH 25, 2019

It's one thing to vote against a bill. It's another to be dishonest about the legislation. That is what U.S. Rep. Tim Burchett did with H.R. 1. The bill would ensure the right to vote in free and fair elections, enact campaign finance reform and enforce ethical standards. It deals with problems we've encountered with voter suppression, election integrity and White House ethics for decades.

In his now-famous Twitter account, Burchett claimed it would tell "states to let convicted felons and illegals vote." While the bill does allow for reform in reinstating the voting rights of the incarcerated, we have that system in Tennessee. It is in need of reform and is not a new idea. As for allowing the undocumented to vote, that is simply untrue. Now, in all fairness, he may not have actually read the legislation and just voted the way his party bosses told him. Still, we should expect more of our Congressman.

. . .

Who would win with the passage of H.R. 1? The people. That's what the bill is all about.

This legislation passed the House 234-193, without a single Republican vote. In the Senate, Majority Leader Mitch McConnell won't even allow a vote. That's because he knows Republican policies are so terrible for working people they have to rig the system to stay in power. The least they could do is be honest about it.



## Rep. DeLauro Highlights "For the People Act"

#### BY BRIAN SPYROS | MARCH 22, 2019

Congresswoman Rosa DeLauro held a very candid conversation about the American political system at the Miller Library in Hamden on Friday.

"And it is not just dark money but big money donors that haven taken over the system," said DeLauro.

Congresswoman Delauro was talking about the "For The People Act," which recently passed the House of Representatives.

"I think this will make sure everyone plays by the same ethics rules. The wealthy special interest don't rule our politics," said Cherie Quickmire, Common Cause of CT.

The bill deals with a number of things, one of which is campaign spending.

"It would also hold elected officials and those in campaign activity to a higher standard of transparency and ethics," said Arnold Skretta, CT Compliance and Law, LLC.

It enhances oversight when it comes to the big donors and the influence they can sometimes have on our elected leaders focusing mainly on the federal level.



## **Voter Turnout Is Surging — And Mitch McConnell Is Terrified**

### BY ELIZA NEWLIN CARNEY | MARCH 22, 2019

Recent findings that voter turnout broke a century-old record last year and could cause another "100-year storm of voters" in 2020 must play on Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell's worst fears.

Not only did the annual America Goes to the Polls report, put out by Nonprofit VOTE and the U.S. Elections Project, show historic jumps in Latino and youth voter turnout. The report also found that voter-friendly policies, such as same-day and automatic voter registration, are vastly boosting turnout. The top ten states with the highest turnout—averaging 61 percent—were also the ones that made it easiest for voters to cast ballots. By contrast, the ten lowest-ranking states had turnout averaging in the low forties.

This is one of the leading reasons McConnell is so hostile to H.R. 1, the package of democracy reforms that House Democrats recently approved unanimously, with nary a GOP vote. The legislation does far more than facilitate voting, of course. It also sets out to overhaul the political money, ethics and lobbying rules, among other changes. But a big part of the so-called For the People Act is about removing barriers to the polls.

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Such measures could dramatically boost voter turnout—which is precisely what has put McConnell so on edge.

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But McConnell's real problem with the bill, he acknowledged at a press conference on the eve of last month's House vote, is that it would help Democrats win more votes. "What it really is, is a bill designed to make it more likely that Democrats win more often," McConnell declared. "Nothing else."

Low-turnout elections favor Republicans, the conventional wisdom goes, in part because GOP voters tend to skew older and turn out more reliably, while younger, more ethnically diverse voters are likely to favor Democrats and vote more sporadically. Such presumptions tend to be overblown, say voting experts, but Republicans have nevertheless devoted decades to suppressing the vote via voter purges, voter ID laws, and other restrictions that ostensibly combat fraud, but that disproportionately disenfranchise voters of color and other Democrat-friendly blocs.

Such GOP tactics are still in full swing, as evidenced by Texas officials' recent botched attempts to remove thousands of eligible voters from the rolls, efforts in Kansas to reinstate barriers to registration that have already been thrown out in court, and a bid by Florida officials to sabotage a ballot initiative that recently restored voting rights to most former felons in that state.

But a funny thing is happening while national Republicans fret about Americans actually voting. State legislatures — including in some deep-red states — are suddenly embracing many of the same voter access measures that are at the heart of H.R. 1. These include same-day voter registration, which consistently boosts turnout from 7 to 12 points, and which has been approved in the District of Columbia and in 19 states, including Idaho, Montana, Utah, and Wyoming. It will take effect in three more states by 2020.

Automatic voter registration is also taking off. In 2016, Oregon was the only state with automatic voter registration. By the end of this year 17 states and the District of Columbia will have it in place, including Alaska, Georgia, and West Virginia. Election officials like it because it saves time and money, and improves the

accuracy of the voter rolls. States have been enacting democracy at "dizzying speed," writes Myrna Pérez, of the Brennan Center for Justice at New York University, who counts 589 "pro-voter" bills in 41 states.

This should come as no surprise, given that two-thirds of Americans say "everything possible should be done" to make it easy for citizens to vote. Democrats are keenly aware of the popularity of democracy reforms, which helped them regain the House majority, and are a central theme in their presidential primary. In addition to H.R. 1, House Democrats are advancing a voter protection bill — the Voting Rights Advancement Act — that would restore federal supervision to states with a history of voter discrimination. A majority of House members have signed on, all Democrats.

All that promises to make things increasingly awkward for McConnell, who has vowed to block H.R. 1 from coming to the Senate floor. Next week Democrats are expected to trot out the Senate version, sponsored by New Mexico's Tom Udall, to much fanfare. At last month's Senate press conference to discuss the House bill, one reporter asked McConnell point blank: "Why is incentivizing people to vote a power grab?"

McConnell responded somewhat testily, interrupting to ask: "Well, what is the problem? We had the biggest election turnout since 1966 last year." In fact, when measured against the voting-eligible population, turnout last year was higher than at any point since 1914, at 50.3 percent, according to the America Goes to the Polls report. More than 118 million Americans voted, and the report's authors predict record turnout again in 2020—thanks in part to state policies that are making it easier to vote. McConnell's obvious horror at such a prospect speaks volumes.



# GOP Refusal to Debate A Major Ethics Bill Should Haunt Them in 2020

### BY THE EDITORIAL BOARD | MARCH 20, 2019

The U.S. House early this month approved an extensive ethics measure to reform how campaigns are funded, put sunshine on "dark money," expand voting access and open presidential candidates' tax returns. H.R. 1 encompasses many reform ideas Democrats campaigned on last November, which helped them win back the House and muster the votes to approve this measure.

Leaders in the Republican-controlled Senate declared the bill dead on arrival there. But it should be kept very much alive in the 2020 campaigns — giving voters a loud-and-clear message about which party is really seeking to "drain the swamp," and which one is standing in the way.

It seems like a long-ago era when then-presidential candidate Donald Trump vowed to cleanse Washington of its noxious ways. Early on, it seemed like something such an unorthodox candidate might actually do if he won. His refusal to release his tax returns, in defiance of decades of presidential campaign tradition, was the first clue of his true intentions. The swamp was never under real threat.

Once in office, Trump went from condemning the swamp to personifying it. Instead of engendering a culture of reform, he brazenly shattered norms of presidential ethics, holding on to his business empire and blatantly using the presidency to enrich it, while loading up his administration with people mired in conflicts of interest.

He undermined America's electoral system at every turn, falsely crying fraud with any ballot outcome that didn't go his way. He weakened safeguards that President Barack Obama had put in place against revolving-door influence in the White House. And after continually promising to eventually release his tax returns, he finally admitted that he wasn't ever going to.

The measure House Democrats passed March 8 on a party-line vote would require presidential candidates to release 10 years of tax returns. It would make Election Day a federal holiday and undertake other reforms to open up voting access that Trump and the GOP have been busily trying to close. It would change rules for redistricting, lobbying and campaign funding and disclosure.

It would reform some of the worst ethics failings of America's political system. Yet Republican Senate Leader Mitch McConnell quickly made clear he would block it. He clearly doesn't even want to subject his members to a public debate on these issues.

And why not? As McConnell said after the House vote: "Because I get to decide what we vote on." Spoken like a true role model for America's children.

If Democrats want to change that in the 2020 elections, they'll need to make sure that H.R. 1 is symbolically on every ballot. Trump was right about one thing during the campaign: Americans are, indeed, eager to drain the swamp. Republican opposition to this measure should make clear exactly who's clogging the drain pipe.



## Pelosi Promotes House Election Law Package, Clay's Re-Election Bid in St. Louis Area Visit

### BY MARK SCHLINKMANN | MARCH 19, 2019

House Speaker Nancy Pelosi swept through the St. Louis area Monday to promote a Democratic voting rights and ethics package, tour two social service agencies and raise money for her party's House campaign committee.

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The event, at the Urban League Empowerment Center on West Florissant Avenue, was to draw attention to House Democratic efforts to push election law changes embodied in H.R. 1, which Clay co-sponsors.

About 100 people attended, including various local-level Democratic officials.

The measure, which won House approval this month, would make it easier for people to register and vote, tighten election security against cyberattacks and require presidential candidates to disclose their tax returns.

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Pelosi said the legislation is among three major goals of House Democrats, along with reducing prescription drug costs and "increasing paychecks by building infrastructure."

"Cleaner government is essential to the other two," she said. "It gives people confidence that we can get it done because the voices of the people will be heard" by removing obstacles to participation.

## DAILY FREEMAN

## H.R. 1 Would Bring Much-Needed Campaign Finance Reform

#### BY ANTONIO DELGADO (LTE) | MARCH 19, 2019

For too long, the outsized influence of corporate special interests in politics has outweighed the interests of the people. We've been left with a broken system in which an unlimited amount of money from a wealthy few can drown out the voices of constituents. It's time for real, meaningful change. Earlier this month, the House of Representatives passed the historic government reform bill H.R. 1, the first bill I co-sponsored in Congress.

H.R. 1 enacts much-needed campaign finance reform while making it easier for folks to vote and have a say in our democracy. It expands access to the ballot box by creating automatic voter registration across the country, expanding early voting, and eliminating institutional barriers.

The legislation promotes integrity by committing Congress to restore the Voting Rights Act and prohibiting voter roll purges. It gets rid of partisan gerrymandering by requiring states to create independent redistricting commissions, making our government more accountable.

This comprehensive road map for reform also includes the Connecting Lobbyists and Electeds for Accountability and Reform (CLEAR) Act, a bill I am proud to have introduced.

Currently, there is no direct, transparent way for individuals to identify lobbyists connected to political spending in campaign finance reports. The CLEAR Act would fix this by requiring additional, publicly accessible disclosures for lobbyists funding political activities. This commonsense proposal would shine a light on

dark money in politics and ensure the American people can see when lobbyists are attempting to influence their elected officials.

A healthy democracy requires participation. We must keep working together to eliminate barriers to engagement and raise up the voices and concerns of constituents. I'm committed to advancing the mission of H.R. 1 and continuing the fight for a more fair and just system for everyone.



# For the People Act Is the Boldest Democracy Reform Since Watergate

### BY JAY YOUNG (OP-ED) | MARCH 19, 2019

Americans deserve a democracy that is accountable to the people, not special interests.

For far too long, wealthy special interests have plagued our politics and rigged the rules against everyday voters, both in Illinois and in Washington, D.C. That's why it was so important that the U.S. House of Representatives moved quickly to pass the boldest democracy reform package since the Watergate era: H.R. 1, also known as the For the People Act.

While the legislation is filled with strong, commonsense democracy reform proposals that would elevate the voices of everyday Americans, Rep. Rodney Davis, R-Taylorville, III., emerged as one of the bill's most vocal critics for all the wrong reasons.

For years, Davis has touted the fact that he has one of the most bipartisan records in Congress, a fact that makes his criticism of the For the People Act all the more surprising. Many of the bill's sensible proposals have passed at the state level with bipartisan support across the country, including in Illinois.

The For the People Act covers three major areas of government reform: ethics, campaign finance and voting rights. The bill would enact prudent ethics laws to ensure we have accountability in government and that politicians play by the rules. It includes improvements to our campaign finance system to increase transparency and limit the influence of big political donors. Finally, the legislation

expands and protects voting rights for all eligible voters and creates new safeguards in our election system.

Illinois has already championed several of the provisions in the bill. For instance, in 2017, the Illinois Legislature passed, with strong bipartisan support, a bill that would automatically register eligible citizens to vote when they do business with the Department of Motor Vehicles and other government agencies. Then-Gov. Bruce Rauner became the first Republican governor in the country to sign an automatic voter registration bill into law, saying it is "good bipartisan legislation" that "addresses the fundamental fact that the right to vote is foundational for the rights of Americans in our democracy."

The For the People Act also includes a requirement for states to move to a nonpartisan redistricting process, a common sense reform that Davis has claimed to support in the past. By requiring states to create independent and impartial commissions to draw voting maps, this legislation could end partisan gerrymandering as we know it. Yet, Davis is now opposed to this much-needed reform.

Davis also criticized the For the People Act for establishing a voluntary citizenfunded elections program in which small donations are matched 6-to-1 with a
fund paid for by wealthy lawbreakers, not taxpayers. This type of program is a
new and better way of funding elections and has already been tested in states
and cities across the country. Instead of the current system of corporate and
special interest-funded elections, citizen-funded elections have resulted in
candidates relying less on raising money from wealthy donors, and instead
allows them to focus more on their constituents. It also breaks down barriers on
who can run for office so you don't have to be a millionaire or well connected to
run and win public office.

In opposing the bill on the House floor up to nearly the final minute before passage, Davis argued that these innovative reforms are a waste of money and claimed that citizen-funded elections in particular are too expensive. Yet, when the previous Congress decided to make President Donald Trump's tax bill its first order of business, Davis enthusiastically supported the bill and had no problem spending billions of dollars and increasing the federal debt to benefit the wealthy donor class and big corporations. It makes no sense for Davis to suddenly become cost-conscious when fundamental issues like voting rights, ballot access and fair elections that benefit all of us are at stake.

Ultimately, the American people are looking for a new generation of leaders who are ready to create an accountable government and a true democracy that works for everyone.

By leading the House Republicans against H.R. 1, Davis has proven he is more interested in playing partisan games than investing in big opportunities to strengthen our democracy with the For the People Act.

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### First Step in Rebranding the Democratic Party

### BY THE EDITORIAL BOARD | MARCH 18, 2019

The Democrats' sweeping legislation targeting corruption in Washington and removing barriers to the ballot box passed the U.S. House of Representatives on March 8.

What's interesting about H.R. 1, known as the For the People Act, is that it has no real chance of passing the Senate, yet it is likely to remain at the forefront of American politics until some form of the 700-page bill does become law.

The bill is part campaign finance reform. It would require dark-money political organizations to disclose the origin of large donations – more than \$10,000 – in an effort to reduce the role of big money in determining elections.

It would attack what Democrats, including one of the bill's sponsors, Rep. Cheri Bustos of East Moline, refer to as the culture of corruption in the nation's capital. Lawmakers would be banned from serving on corporate boards and required to turn over personal tax information.

For Democrats, there was a sense of urgency to this bill – H.R. 1 was the first piece of legislation introduced in the new session of Congress. Getting the bill through the House was one of three goals the party had set for this session. For Democrats, who want to rebrand themselves as the party of ethics reform, it also is the most important, Bustos said.

"When I'm out talking to people in our district at events like Supermarket Saturdays, the number one issue that's been brought up for a long time is cleaning up the mess that is corruption in Washington," Bustos said.

The bill also takes aim at the fundamentals of the electoral process. In an attempt to ensure fair elections, there would be changes to make it easier to register and vote. Highlights are automatic voter registration, restoring voting rights to people with a felony on their record, and providing more poll workers. Perhaps most important, it would take partisan redistricting out of the hands of the politicians who benefit by diluting the power of voters.

The other two most pressing priorities for Democrats in this session are passing an infrastructure bill and improving access to affordable health care, which includes lowering prescription drug prices.

Majority Leader Mitch McConnell, R-Kentucky, has vowed that the bill won't be brought to the Senate floor for a vote. One thing both parties agree on is that H.R. 1 is a power grab. While Democrats call it a power grab for the people, the GOP calls it a ploy to keep Democrats in power.

While H.R. 1 won't pass the Senate any time soon, Democrats believe it sets the table for passage if and when Democrats gain control of the Senate and White House. In the meantime, you'll be hearing plenty about the For the People Act. It makes good on the Democrats' promise to clean up Washington – a vow that helped the party regain a majority in the House. It is the centerpiece of the party's congressional agenda. It also is likely to become the basic framework of the party's platform in the 2020 election cycle.



## **Restoring Faith in Our Government**

### BY DEBBIE MUCARSEL-POWELL (OP-ED) | MARCH 18, 2019

When I travel across South Florida, I listen to people's concerns: quality health care isn't affordable; student debt is crushing our economy; polluters can operate unchecked even when individuals are taking steps to reduce their own carbon footprint. South Floridians have been feeling that Washington isn't responsive to their needs. I heard it over and over: Washington is broken. Well, Washington is broken because special interests and their dark money can buy influence, while working families are shut out of the process, even though they're playing by the rules.

A recent poll showed that seventy-five percent of Americans have little to no confidence in elected officials to act in the best interest of the public. People don't feel that their government represents them. With my constituents' concerns in the front of my mind, taking on the special interests was one of the first issues we tackled. Last week's vote for the For The People Act was a vote against corruption. It was a vote to strengthen our democracy and restore people's trust in their government.

I'm a member of the House Judiciary Committee, and I'm proud the very first hearing we held focused on how the For The People Act would strengthen voting rights.

In 2013, the U.S. Supreme Court ruled that states with a history of suppressing voting rights no longer had to get changes to their voting laws approved by the U.S. Department of Justice. In the first election cycle after this decision, sixteen million voters were removed from voter rolls across the country. That's a thirty-

three percent increase over the previous election cycle. States that used to need Justice Department approval removed voters at a significantly higher rate than states that didn't need such approval. Several counties in Florida were previously subject to those rules.

Ensuring every citizen has their constitutional right to vote couldn't be more important, so I introduced a bill to prevent voter roll purges through a tactic known as "voter caging." Simply put, voter caging is sending mail to a targeted neighborhood and, if a voter's mail is returned as "undeliverable," that voter is removed from the rolls. Here are just a few of examples why someone might be a victim of voter caging: mail sent to you could have been delivered to the wrong address; mail sent to you was lost; or maybe you're temporarily out of town. My bill that passed the House as part of the For The People Act would outlaw that voter suppression tactic.

The For The People Act will strengthen access to the ballot box. It creates automatic voter registration, ensures individuals who have served their felony sentences have their voting rights restored, expands early voting, ends voter purging, and modernizes the U.S. voting system. Our democracy is strongest when people trust that their voice is heard at the ballot box. To hinder a person's right to vote is a step towards weakening people's faith in their government, but it's not enough to make sure everyone's right to vote is protected. The American people need to feel that public servants are serving them, not corporations and the ultra-wealthy. That's why the For The People Act revamps the Office of Government Ethics to ensure strong enforcement of federal ethics laws. It closes registration loopholes for lobbyists and former members of Congress. Government officials can't be allowed to profit from their public service, so this bill also cracks down on the revolving door in Washington by stopping private companies from creating and influencing the laws that will apply to them.

Elected officials should be held to the highest of standards – especially the President of the United States. In the face of the least transparent Administration

in modern history, the For The People Act requires Presidents and Vice Presidents to get rid of their business dealings – like Trump's ownership of Mara-Lago – and it forces them to release their tax returns to protect the Executive Branch against conflicts of interest. Hardworking families know the system should not be set up to work only for the wealthiest Americans and the special interest that control those in elected office.

My vote for the For The People Act takes aim at the special interests that the Trump Administration has allowed to run wild. By ensuring people's right to vote and cleaning up the culture of corruption, our government will better represent working families. A strong and healthy democracy is not a partisan issue. The For the People Act must be signed into law, so Floridians and all Americans can know their government will work for them.



#### **Blocking H.R. 1, the GOP Seems Afraid of Democracy**

#### BY SCOTT TURNER | MARCH 18, 2019

Members of New Mexico's congressional delegation call the passage of the "For the People Act" a way to open the ballot process to millions of Americans and a way to combat corruption in the political process.

. . .

New Mexico Democrat U.S. Rep. Deb Haaland was a co-sponsor of the bill in the House. U.S. Sen. Tom Udall, D-N.M., is sponsoring a companion bill in the Senate, but Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell, R-Ky., has vowed not to let it reach the floor for a vote.

. . .

"This is not about Democrats versus Republicans," Udall said. "This is about the people versus the special interests. I urge my colleagues on both sides of the aisle to join with us to secure real reform to stamp out corruption, bring transparency, and put power back in the hands of the American people."

"I'm pleased the bill includes my provision to ensure any voter can register on the same day they vote, and am pleased it contains provisions that will rein in corruption and the influence of money in politics," Haaland said.

. . .



House Republicans tried to tack several amendments onto the House bill, including one prohibiting undocumented immigrants from voting.

No Democrats voted for the amendments, including U.S. Rep. Xochitl Torres Small, D-NM.

"I don't think non-U.S. citizens should be able to vote in federal elections," she said. But, "That is already the law. The motion to recommit was just more of Washington's divisive politics."

### The Palm Beach Post

#### **Blocking H.R. 1, the GOP Seems Afraid of Democracy**

#### BY THE EDITORIAL BOARD | MARCH 17, 2019

For anyone who doubts that Americans are fighting a war today over the future of democracy, take a look at what's happening in the U.S. Congress.

On March 8, the House of Representatives voted for the Democrats' major reform bill, 234-193 -- an important blow against the incessant erosions of our political process. All 13 of Florida's Democratic congressmembers voted for it; none of the 14 Republicans did.

And in the Republican-controlled Senate, Majority Leader Mitch McConnell won't even bring the measure, H.R.1, up for debate. Instead, he and his allies are attacking the "terrible bill."

What makes this bill so dastardly? Why, it seeks to lessen the influence of superrich donors. To tighten ethics rules for Congress and force presidential candidates to reveal their tax returns. Most important, it would ban the most common forms of voter suppression and greatly expand voter participation.

McConnell reads all this as threat. He calls the bill a "power grab."

Think about that. The Kentucky Republican is practically shouting for all the world to hear: "If more people vote, they'll vote against our party. And that's not fair!"

Basically, McConnell is admitting that Republicans' efforts to tamp down the votes of blacks, Hispanics, young people and the poor -- nationally and in Florida, particularly under Gov. Rick Scott -- had nothing to do with their standard

rationale that they are fighting "voter fraud." No. He's saying that democracy is bad for the Republican Party.

McConnell's stonewalling of this bill -- the same move he made with Merrick Garland -- flies in the face of public opinion. Recent polling from the PAC End Citizens United found that 82 percent of all voters and 84 percent of independents said they support a bill of reforms to tackle corruption.

And Democrats aren't pure here. When it comes to issues like gerrymandering, Dems have historically been just as guilty as Republicans of trying to game the system to their advantage. But with their bill, the For the People Act, they are acknowledging the public demand for change -- which, really, should be a bipartisan enterprise. In 700 pages, the bill tackles all the major problems that the Post Editorial Board has repeatedly pointed out as poison to our politics.

. . .

It is too much to hope that Florida's senators, Rick Scott and Marco Rubio, will buck their party and embrace this comprehensive reform package. Neither is up for re-election in 2020. But Florida's 27 congressional members are; and voters would be wise to remember who supported democracy, and who didn't.



#### 1 Citizen, 1 Vote

#### BY STEPHEN LYNCH (LTE) | MARCH 16, 2019

On March 7th, the U.S. House of Representatives considered H.R. 1, the "For the People Act," which included various campaign funding and voting rights issues. My own legislation, H.R. 391, the "White House Ethics Transparency Act," which requires disclosure of possible conflicts of interest and ethics waivers granted to White House officials, was also made part of that bill. At the close of debate, my Republican colleagues who were opposed to H.R. 1 offered a "Motion To Recommit," which is a standard procedure in the House rules that is used as a last-ditch procedural motion to change a previously debated bill on the floor. In recent times, it has been also used as a "gotcha tactic" to bring down legislation.

For this purpose, the Republican Motion To Recommit H.R. 1 included a gratuitous statement that non-U.S. citizens should not be allowed to vote in federal elections. It is important to note that non-U.S. citizens are already prohibited from voting in federal elections by statute, 18 U.S.C. sec. 611, which provides penalties including imprisonment, fines and deportation for anyone violating that law. The exclusive right of U.S. citizens to vote in federal elections is a principle that I continue to strongly support. In fact, I have previously voted in favor of a stand-alone measure to restate the principle that the right to vote in federal elections remains a profound and essential right that should be reserved solely for those who enjoy the status of U.S. citizenship.



In the procedural vote on the Republican Motion To Recommit H.R. 1, I voted No. After passage, H.R. 1 (and H.R. 391) will now proceed to the Senate for further consideration. Most importantly, the federal law that prohibits non-U.S. citizens from voting in federal elections remains the law of the land.



#### Proposed House Bill Really Is 'For the People'

#### BY J.C. DUFRESNE | MARCH 15, 2019

I often hear the phrase "elections matter" when suggesting that a judicial appointment or new law has been either especially good or bad. Last week that phrase took on an additional meaning when Maryland Congressman, John Sarbanes introduced H.R. 1, the For the People Act which is designed to clean up corruption in Washington, make it easier to vote, and give the American people more power in our democracy. The bill was written because elections matter — and elections matter because without the 2018 election resulting in the Democratic Party majority in the House this bill wouldn't have seen a chance for passage. All 236 Democrats have co-sponsored the bill but not a single Republican cares enough about the right of the people to free and fair elections or open and honest representation.



# **Lobbying Disclosure Amendment**Authored By Congressman Harder

#### **BY STAFF | MARCH 13, 2019**

An amendment authored by Representative Josh Harder (CA-10) on lobbying disclosures was included in the final package of H.R. 1, the For the People Act, which was voted on Friday, March 8.

The For the People Act is described as the most sweeping piece of election reform and anti-corruption legislation since the Watergate Era, and the Harder amendment says that whenever a registered lobbyist makes contact with members of the Legislative or Executive Branch, they must disclose they are a lobbyist and which clients they work for.

"In the Central Valley, too many people pay outrageous prices for prescription drugs. Too many lack access to affordable health care. And too many struggle in an economy that doesn't work equally for everyone. None of this is an accident – it's the price we pay for Washington's pay-to-play culture of corruption. That's why today's vote on the For the People Act is a bold step towards making sure our government works for hard working families, not well-connected insiders," Harder said. "I am proud that this bill contains my amendment to bring greater transparency to lobbying in DC. If someone is being paid to influence elected officials, they should have to say who they actually work for."

### **D**allas Weekly

## Congresswoman Johnson Votes to Expand Voting Rights, Applauds Passage of For the People Act

**BY STAFF | MARCH 13, 2019** 

Congresswoman Eddie Bernice Johnson voted for passage of H.R. 1, the For the People Act, out of the House of Representatives. The bill, cosponsored by Congresswoman Johnson, implements sweeping election reforms, including same-day voter registration, that make the country's electoral system more transparent and more accessible to the American people.

"Our democracy is what we make of it, and today, I proudly joined every member of the House Democratic Caucus in voting to return it back into the hands of the American people," said Congresswoman Johnson. "The largest obstacles to a more responsive and fair government are the barriers that prevent Americans from having equal access to the ballot box. The For the People Act represents the most ambitious effort to overcome them since the historic voting rights laws passed under President Lyndon Johnson in the 1960s."

. . .

"When I asked my constituents to send me back to Washington this past November, I made restoring voting rights and making government more representative a core part of my campaign," said Congresswoman Johnson. "My vote for this bill marks a significant commitment to keep that promise, restore the American people's trust in their representatives, and advance the voice of TX-30 residents in their democracy."

### The Washington Post

#### The War Over Democracy Is Going to Get a Lot Nastier

#### BY GREG SARGENT (OPINION) | MARCH 12, 2019

Last week, House Democrats passed a sweeping pro-democracy bill that, among many other reforms, would make voting easier in multiple different ways. This is widely being treated as a "message bill," since it has no chance of going anywhere in the GOP-controlled Senate.

But the passage of this bill also tells another story that I think hasn't been sufficiently appreciated: Democrats are bringing a new level of realism to the war over democracy itself, one that they increasingly recognize is absolutely crucial to their long-term hopes, and one that may well get worse over time.

Over at CNN, Ron Brownstein has a new analysis that sheds light on the broader dimensions of this conflict. The reform bill includes multiple measures to facilitate voting and make voter suppression harder, such as federal standards for things like automatic voter registration, early voting, and independent redistricting commissions (to prevent extreme gerrymanders); limits on voter ID laws; and purges of names from the voter rolls, and so forth.

Brownstein looks at the evolving war over voting in the context of the country's changing demographics, and how that is impacting each party. As Brownstein notes, with Democrats increasingly reliant on a rising coalition of minorities and young people, they will also be harder pressed to knock down barriers to their participation. On the flip side, with Republicans increasingly threatened by such voter groups, they will be increasingly reliant on putting up such barriers.



#### The Battle Over the Voting Booth Is Just Beginning

#### BY RON BROWNSTEIN (OPINION) | MARCH 12, 2019

The unanimous vote among House Democrats to approve sweeping political overhaul legislation last week opened what is likely to be a sustained confrontation over access to the voting booth that could reshape not only the competition between the political parties but also the racial division of power in an irreversibly diversifying America.

The legislation, H.R. 1, has little prospect of becoming law anytime soon because Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell has already indicated he intends to block it from reaching a vote – and President Donald Trump has committed to a veto if it somehow passes Congress.

But the bill identified a comprehensive agenda – particularly in razing obstacles that discourage people from registering and voting – that has quickly moved to the top of Democratic priority lists for the 2020 campaign and beyond.

And it makes clear that Democrats and civil rights groups are committed to a long-range campaign to leverage federal power to overcome state-level barriers, particularly across the Sun Belt, that local Republican parties have constructed, partly to delay the political emergence of growing minority communities, critics suspect, which tend to vote Democratic.

# Lakeshore Weekly News

## U.S. Rep. Dean Phillips Hosts Community Conversation After H.R. 1 Passes House

#### BY LARA BOCKENSTEDT | MARCH 12, 2019

U.S. Rep. Dean Phillips' voting rights and campaign finance reform bill, H.R. 1, passed the House March 8 with three amendments.

Phillips co-sponsored the bill, and authored the amendments which, according to a news release, were to heighten the "independence, bipartisanship and diversity" of the Federal Election Commission, and to close a loophole that allowed Executive Branch officials to lobby when they leave government office.

The For The People Act is targeted at election and government reform, including increasing transparency and accountability in online political ads.

. . .

After the first community conversation was rescheduled due to a winter storm, Phillips' H.R. 1 community conversation happened Saturday, March 9. Staff said 200 people were in attendance.

Also at Saturday's event were Minnesota Secretary of State Steve Simon, President Tiffany Muller of End Citizens United and Professor David Schultz of Hamline University.

### HERALD-NEWS

# Local House Members Back Bill Addressing Voting Rights, Money in Politics

BY ALEX ORTIZ | MARCH 11, 2019

Two local Democratic members of Congress announced their support for the House of Representatives passing the sweeping For the People Act, which tackles the role of money in politics, voting rights and more.

. . .

Our political system has become increasingly focused on the powerful, drowning out the voices, experiences and needs of families," U.S. Rep. Lauren Underwood, D-Naperville, said in a news release. "Today the new majority said loud and clear – not anymore."

U.S. Rep. Bill Foster, D-Naperville, said he was "proud" to vote for what he called a "historic" bill that would provide essential reforms to the American political system, reduce corruption, increase transparency and protect the right to vote.

"The American people deserve a system of government that works for all Americans," Foster said in a statement. "This legislation is a vital first step to returning to the fundamental principles of our democracy and a government by the people, for the people."



# Congresswoman Katie Hill Supports 'For the People Act of 2019'

#### BY MICHAEL BROWN | MARCH 11, 2019

H.R. 1, also known as "For the People Act of 2019," was introduced by Congressman John Sarbanes, D-Maryland, at the beginning of the year.

The bill passed on a final vote of 234 to 193 on Friday.

"We just passed H.R. 1 and made history," Hill wrote in a Facebook post Friday. "We just voted to get big money out of politics, clean up corruption (and) make voting easier."

. . .

"Our government belongs to the people, not corporations or special interests," wrote Hill.

The bill also creates a six-to-one matching system for donations to congressional and presidential candidates who reject high-dollar contributions of up to \$200. This would be funded by an additional 2.5 percent fine on corporations found to have broken the law, according to officials.



#### Van Drew Explains His Vote on H.R. 1

#### BY JEFF VAN DREW (PRESS RELEASE) | MARCH 11, 2019

U.S. Rep. Jeff Van Drew (D-2nd) voted to protect the integrity of elections, reduce the corrupting influence of dark money in elections, and impose new and higher ethical standards for those running for high office.

H.R. 1, the For the People Act, will protect the nation's democracy and put power back in the hands of the American people, according to a release.

Following the Supreme Court's Citizens United v. FEC ruling in 2010 which allowed unlimited corporate spending in politics, huge amounts of undisclosed money flooded politics, crowding out the voices of ordinary Americans, the release continued.

This legislation seeks to reduce the corrupting influence of dark money in elections by requiring the disclosure of all Super PAC (political action committee) donors, places reasonable limits on campaign contributions, and ensures complete transparency.

H.R. 1 also protects the integrity of elections by strengthening voting rights protections and ends the process of partisan redistricting.

"This reform bill will clean-up corruption in Washington, restore our democracy, and promote bipartisanship," stated Van Drew. "We need to restore our democracy to a government of the people, by the people, and for the people.





#### **Pocan Tackles the Cruelest Abuse of Gerrymandering**

#### BY JOHN NICHOLS | MARCH 10, 2019

Congressman Mark Pocan accomplished something remarkable last week. Amid all the wrangling in Washington, he proposed to end an injustice and got the House to go along with him.

The Dane County Democrat who co-chairs the Congressional Progressive Caucus has been an ardent supporter of House Resolution 1, which The Washington Post describes as "perhaps the most comprehensive political-reform proposal ever considered by our elected representatives."

Sponsored by Congressman John Sarbanes, D-Maryland, this "For the People Act" is designed "to expand Americans' access to the ballot box, reduce the influence of big money in politics, and strengthen ethics rules for public servants and for other purposes." It does all that. And, thanks to Pocan, it also addresses one of the great injustices in American politics — prison gerrymandering.

"The way the Census Bureau counts people in prison creates significant problems for democracy and for our nation's future. It leads to a dramatic distortion of representation at local and state levels, and creates an inaccurate picture of community populations for research and planning purposes," explains the Prison Policy Institute. "The Bureau counts incarcerated people as residents of the towns where they are confined, though they are barred from voting in 48 states and return to their homes after being released. The practice also defies most state constitutions and statutes, which explicitly state that incarceration does not change a residence."

. . .



When H.R.1 was considered by the House last week, Pocan proposed an amendment that "ends the practice of prison gerrymandering whereby incarcerated persons are counted in Census population counts as residents of correctional facilities and not their most recent residence prior to imprisonment." In addition to fairer districts, he explained: "If we count incarcerated persons as being present at their last-known residence, we know that the right community will receive an appropriate amount of population-based funding."

Pocan's argument carried the day. The amendment was approved by a voice vote and included in the final measure, which passed the House by a 234-193 party line vote.



## John Katko Votes Against House Campaign Finance, Voting, Ethics Reforms

#### BY MARK WEINER | MARCH 9, 2019

U.S. Rep. John Katko on Friday voted against a sweeping package of campaign finance, election and ethics reforms that had become the top priority of Democrats in the new Congress.

Katko, R-Camillus, joined Republicans in trying to defeat the "For the People Act," a bill intended to reduce the influence of wealthy donors and money in politics.

. . .

Rep. Anthony Brindisi, D-Utica, who also represents parts of Central New York, voted Friday to pass the bill.

The House bill that passed Friday included an amendment written by Brindisi that requires all regions of a state to have the same polling hours during an election.

Brindisi said his amendment is aimed at changing New York state's practice of the giving primary voters in New York City and its suburbs six more hours to vote in federal primary elections than voters in the rest of the state. Polls open at 6 a.m. in New York City during federal primaries, compared to noon in Upstate New York.

### CULPEPER STAR\*EXPONENT

#### Voting on Side of Central Virginians—Not Special Interests— Never a Difficult Decision

#### BY ABIGAIL SPANBERGER (OP-ED) | MARCH 9, 2019

As I campaigned across Central Virginia last year, I met constituents who readily shared their concerns with me. They spoke of issues as varied as the cost of prescription drugs to the lack of rural infrastructure to the impact of climate change. They spoke of a desire to see Congress work to solve problems for the people, and yet far too many also expressed a resignation that Congress wouldn't serve their interests or solve any real problems.

Constituents wondered out loud whether corporate dollars or special interests, rather than the needs of the American people, were driving policies. What else explained Congress' inaction as prescription drug prices escalated? What else could keep Congress from taking up a bipartisan background check bill that languished in committee, though the vast majority of citizens, most gun owners, and a substantial number of law enforcement officers supported it? What else could explain a tax bill that exploded the nation's deficit, while giving record tax breaks to corporations, including more than \$42 billion in savings to the five largest pharmaceutical companies?

These misplaced priorities and motivations, real or perceived, shake the faith that so many constituents have in our system of government—and it is up to us, members of Congress, to change it.

The U.S. House just passed a major reform package to begin this process. H.R. 1 would require greater disclosures of campaign funding, prohibit foreign money from flowing into our elections, allow the American people to know who is trying to influence them, break down unnecessary barriers that keep our citizens from

the ballot box, and require the highest standards of ethics from members of Congress.

I cosponsored this legislation during my first week in office, because Congress needs to show our commitment to accountability through actions, not just campaign promises.

H.R. 1, the For the People Act of 2019, would help end the reign of special interest money in American politics by requiring mega-donors to properly disclose their donations and by expanding online political ad disclosure. Our legislation would also slow the revolving door between Capitol Hill and corporations, and members of Congress would be barred from serving on corporate boards following their public service.

Our legislation would also endeavor to safeguard our elections from foreign influence or attack. To this end, I introduced and led an amendment that would address the threat of possible foreign cyber attacks against our elections by requiring the director of national intelligence to assess and identify potential threats to state voting systems.

My bipartisan amendment would permit states to mitigate these threats in advance of general elections. The integrity and security of our elections—the bedrock of our democracy—should never be a partisan issue, and I was pleased to see my amendment pass.

In passing this legislation, we are one step closer to limiting the influence of special interests, making it easier for citizens to exercise their fundamental right to vote, and restoring a higher standard of ethics and transparency across our federal government.

Public servants should be focused on serving the public—not any special interest group, and good governance should be an expectation—not an exception.

### The Modesto Bee

#### Washington Is Rigged. We Finally Did Something About It

BY JOSH HARDER (OP-ED) | MARCH 9, 2019

On one of my first nights as a representative in D.C., I was invited to dinner with some freshmen colleagues. I thought it was going to be a chance to talk about the issues we care about — healthcare, jobs, education. Instead, it was a room full of lobbyists with very different priorities, the priorities of their wealthy clients.

That room is how Washington has worked for far too long — the voices of everyday Americans being drowned out by the voices of the wealthy corporations who can buy access. If we actually want to bring drug prices down or bring paychecks up, then we have to change rooms like this into town halls and open office hours with our constituents.

It's time for a change, and I've decided to lead by example. From the start, I've never accepted corporate PAC money — and because of that, I can spend my time listening to who really matters: our families in the Central Valley. Because I don't rely on corporate PAC money, I can lead the fight against the system that keeps them in power.

I don't think this should be a voluntary move; we have to change the rules of the game for all elected officials. Last week, we took a bold step toward making that a reality.

On Friday, the House of Representatives passed H.R. 1, the most sweeping piece of anti-corruption legislation since Watergate.

I am proud that this bill contains an important amendment I wrote to directly combat that room full of lobbyists — it says that if you are a lobbyist you must

disclose to any elected official or staff member who you are and who you are paid to actually work for. It's common sense.

I've also decided to do something completely new. I am opening up one of the most important but least transparent processes in D.C. — the appropriations process. Billions of dollars are appropriated each year to programs that directly affect our lives, but you know who has the largest say in where the money goes? Lobbyists. The process is done behind closed doors in rooms like the one I described. That's not what my office is going to do. If you have ideas on where I should be advocating we spend money, you can go right to my website at harder.house.gov/appropriations-requests and let me know.

If we want to make real change to help our families, if we want to make sure the Central Valley gets our fair shot, we have to start by changing the corruption in D.C. I'm ready to do my part, and I hope you'll join me.



#### H.R. 1 Returns Power to the People

#### BY CHRIS PAPPAS | MARCH 9, 2019

In late November, I joined a group of future House colleagues to outline the For The People Act, or H.R. 1, a bill that sets a clear tone for the new Congress. The legislation is the first priority of our history-making freshman class, a group that was elected by focusing on changing the way Washington works.

. . .

The For The People Act recognizes that we can't realize action on urgent priorities if we don't shore up our democracy. Right now, the outsized influence of big money, corporations, and special interests takes power away from everyday Americans. In addition, members of Congress too often act in their own self-interests and seek to use their position as a stepping stone to lucrative careers after politics. To top it off, voting rights are being eroded and too many Americans are encountering barriers to participate in the democratic process.

H.R. 1 is designed to take common sense steps to address these challenges. If we cast aside the influence of big money, ensure that members of Congress are working for you and not themselves, and protect the right to participate in elections, our democracy will be better for it and our system will serve you better.

The legislation includes an array of pro-democracy, anti-corruption reforms that are a breath of fresh air. H.R. 1 tightens requirements for lobbyists, unmasks anonymous dark money donors to campaigns, and incentivizes candidates who raise money from small, grassroots donors.

There are provisions that will help end the culture of corruption that unfortunately is alive and well. The bill strengthens the Office of Government Ethics, slows down revolving door between Congress and the special interests, and makes politicians—not taxpayers—liable for sexual harassment settlements.

Because we must ensure everyone can exercise their right to vote and the will of voters is supreme, H.R. 1 makes it easier—not harder—to participate in the electoral process. The legislation ends partisan gerrymandering, requires automatic voter registration nation-wide, and expands early voting opportunities in federal elections.

Too many Americans have lost faith in our system's ability to secure results for regular people, and they wonder if we can ever make progress on major issues like climate change, health care, the cost of college, or expanding middle class opportunity. Now is the time to recognize that we can do better by getting back to basics.

I was proud to stand with my colleagues this week and vote to pass the For The People Act in the House, and I am hopeful it will gain further traction. This is truly a monumental step toward reform, but the fight is far from over. Let's continue to work to restore the pillars of our democracy and get Washington back to work for us. Let's restore a government that is truly of, by, and for the people.

### The New York Times

### Only One Roadblock on the Road to Reform: Mitch McConnell

BY THE EDITORIAL BOARD | MARCH 8, 2019

With the conspicuous perversion of the political system on daily display, congressional Democrats are eager to brand themselves the party of reform. They took another step in this direction on Friday, when the House voted 234-to-193 — along straight party lines — to pass the For the People Act, a sweeping package of proposals aimed at rooting out political corruption and shoring up the integrity of the electoral system.

The bill is the Democrats' chief policy priority and covers close to 700 pages. H.R. 1, as it is officially known, seeks, among other reforms, to strengthen ethics laws for lawmakers and lobbyists, increase voting access, improve voting security, tighten campaign finance laws and create an alternative campaign-finance system geared toward small donors.

To advance the bill, Democratic leaders had to work through more than 70 proposed amendments. Some were embraced, including several aimed at spotlighting questionable behavior in the Trump administration. One, for instance, bars federal money from being spent at businesses owned or controlled by the president or other top administration officials. Others were rejected, including a plan to lower the voting age to 16.

As a sign of Democrats' commitment to a cause that helped power its takeover of the House, the bill's passage was an important achievement. As a practical legislative matter, it's a bit of a hollow victory. As fired up as Democrats are to shake up the system, Republicans are perhaps even more fired up to stop them.

The Senate majority leader, Mitch McConnell, has been openly hostile to the anticorruption package since its inception. This week he made clear that he would refuse even to bring it up for a vote.

Think of H.R. 1 as the Merrick Garland of reform legislation.

Mr. McConnell called the bill the "Democrat Politician Protection Act" (and a "turkey") and predicted that lawmakers who back it will suffer come re-election time. As political logic, this is questionable. If the Republican leader really thought the package was a loser, he would absolutely bring it to the floor to force Democratic lawmakers to own it — which is, notably, the path he has pledged to pursue with the Green New Deal, which is supported by many Democrats. The Green New Deal, an assortment of ideas for fighting climate change and remaking the economy, is even more sprawling and amorphous than the For the People Act. Mr. McConnell is panting to have members vote on it.

Asked this week why the two measures were being handled so differently, the Republican leader didn't bother making up excuses. He said simply, "Because I get to decide what we vote on."

This grade-school taunt masks a deep current of fear and loathing. Loathing, because Mr. McConnell is a longtime enemy of campaign finance reform. Killing such efforts can seem like his singular legislative passion.

The fear is less targeted, but even more existential. Ever the shrewd political animal, Mr. McConnell is well aware that a majority of Americans favor overhauling a system they see as broken and unfair. In a Wall Street Journal/NBC News poll from September, 77 percent of respondents said reducing corruption and the influence of special interests was either the most important or a very important issue facing the nation. Having his members blamed for derailing a major reform package could prove politically risky. Thus Mr. McConnell turns to his go-to move: stonewalling.

At the same time, he and prominent House Republicans have been loudly assailing H.R. 1, cranking the fear-mongering demagogy to the max. Minority Leader Kevin McCarthy went so far as to star in an overwrought attack video. Mr. McCarthy asserts that the provision restoring voting rights to felons is not only "dangerous, it's unconstitutional;" he goes on to say that under the optional matching-fund system, in which political donations up to \$200 would be matched 6-to-1 with public funds, the Democrats would send your tax dollars to pay for campaigns; and he warns that the bill would facilitate voter fraud by providing for automatic voter registration, which would make it more difficult to strike ineligible voters from the rolls. "So future voters might be underage, dead or illegal immigrants, or maybe even registered one, two or three times!"

No, no and no. There is nothing unconstitutional or inherently dangerous about re-enfranchising former prisoners. The new matching-funds system would be financed through fines levied on companies caught violating federal law. And the Brennan Center for Justice has found that automatic voter registration, already working swimmingly in several states, increases registration rates and improves the accuracy of voting rolls.

H.R. 1 would put an end to at least some of the vile voter suppression practices that Republicans have embraced in recent years. Which goes to the heart of the party's opposition.

Well before President Trump erupted on the scene, Republicans made the calculation that, with demographics trending against them, their best strategy was to make voting harder rather than easier, particularly for certain nonwhite segments of the electorate. Across the nation, they have pursued voter restriction tactics with vigor. Any effort to expand access to the ballot box sets off alarm bells within the party.

This leaves Republicans in the peculiar position of arguing that weeding out corruption, reducing the influence of special interests and protecting voting rights are inherently Democratic values.

The For the People Act is far from perfect. For Democrats, it is arguably a grand values statement more than a practical legislative blueprint. Not even its most fervent supporters expect it to go anywhere without considerable adjustment. But McConnell and Co. aren't interested in debating or improving the package. They want it dead.

There should be nothing partisan about a push to make the American political system more accessible and accountable to the American people. The public is increasingly hungry for reform, thanks in part to the continuing outrages of President Trump. Mr. McConnell may turn out to be right that the issue will cause lawmakers pain in the coming elections — just not in the way he expects.



## Democrats Have Their 2020 Rallying Cry and It Goes Way Beyond 'Dump Trump'

#### BY JASON SATTLER (OPINION) | MARCH 8, 2019

The 2020 election cannot just be a referendum on Donald Trump. It has to be a referendum on the rotten system that made Trump's presidency possible.

Democrats had better be ready to make their case. And now it looks like they are.

The new House majority passed H.R. 1 on a 234-193 party-line vote, putting Democrats squarely behind the historic "For The People Act" that wraps vastly expanded voting rights, campaign finance reform and anti-corruption measures into a landmark civil rights bill.

House Speaker Nancy Pelosi says it will "restore the promise of our nation's democracy." She's right. But if Republicans get their way, it will never even come to a vote in the Senate. Why not? "Because I get to decide what we vote on," Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell said Wednesday.

This cynicism reflects McConnell's typical contempt for the democratic process, but his fear also makes sense. H.R. 1 is designed to be a nightmare for anyone who relies on a corrupted system fueled by billions in untraceable outside spending to secure extraordinary power for a shrinking party that has only won the presidential popular vote once since 1992.

McConnell — who represents a Senate "majority" that received 9 million fewer votes than the "minority" — called the bill a "power grab" and that accurately describes what it does.

H.R. 1 grabs power from the donor class unleashed by a conservative Supreme Court to achieve unpopular goals, such as tax relief for corporations and the wealthy, with little to fear from voters, whose impact has been dulled by "hundreds of harsh measures making it harder to vote," according to the Brennan Center for Justice.

Restricting the right to vote has been a pillar of those who have worked to keep America from becoming a more equal nation since our founding. As a result, America has one of the worst voter turnout rates in the rich world.

The bill aims to change that with popular electoral reforms like national early voting, making Election Day a holiday, independent redistricting commissions and automatic voter registration, which has already spread to 14 states and Washington, D.C. since it was first enacted in Oregon less than four years ago. In early results, Oregon's efforts to register any voter who comes into contact with Oregon's department of motor vehicles have both increased voter turnout and made the electorate "more representative of the state's population."

#### A political document that unites Democrats

The "For The People Act" also takes aim special interest domination of our politics by adapting Rep. John Sarbanes' revolutionary public finance proposal to empower small donors. The act would match their contributions 6-to-1 for candidates who participate in the system. This could help people like Katie Porter run for office, said Rep. Katie Porter. A single mom of three, Porter was one of the record 102 women elected to the House last fall.

On top of these reforms that make it easier for citizens to participate in our electoral system, there are anti-corruption provisions that, among other things, demand disclosure of anonymous "dark money" and prevent members of Congress from sitting on corporate boards while requiring tax returns from candidates for president and vice president.

Yes, at this point the bill is "as much a political document as a legislative one," as Mother Jones' Ari Berman notes. But it's a powerful political document. It contains an argument that unites Democrats — from the moderates who make up most of the party's new House members to the many Democratic presidential candidates outbidding each other with full-throated progressive proposals.

The argument is that fixing our broken political system isn't just an important issue; it's the issue that makes all other reforms possible.

#### A rallying cry for a better democracy

"I think the first thing you have to do is move on democratic reform," said 2020 hopeful Pete Buttigieg, the mayor of South Bend, Indiana. "It's kind of the way this Congress decided rightly to start in the House side on H.R. 1. And it's not because I have any illusion that that's one of the easier things to do or even that some of the things we need to do can happen quickly."

There's no better evidence that these reforms are needed than Donald Trump, who had to settle a fraud case for \$25 million weeks before he became president and whom 64% of America says committed crimes before he took office. Only a sick system could allow Trump to co-opt the executive branch into a mesh of personal interests and authoritarian instincts that make it nearly impossible to determine what is a criminal conspiracy and what is legalized bribery.

But Trump is just a Macy's Thanksgiving Day balloon filled with the bad faith that has been dragging America's politics to the right for decades. Both parties have relied on millions in anonymous dark money to win elections, but Democrats are making the case that they actually want to clean up the system.

It's a battle they won't win as long as Mitch McConnell and Donald Trump are in charge. But it's the kind of rallying cry that could help Democrats take them down.

### The New York Times

## House Passes Democrats' Centerpiece Anti-Corruption and Voting Rights Bill

#### BY CATIE EDMONSON | MARCH 8, 2019

The House passed the Democrats' showcase anti-corruption and voting rights legislation on Friday, an expansive measure that aims to dismantle barriers to the ballot box, end big money in politics and impose stricter ethics rules on federal officials.

The sweeping legislation, passed 234-193, makes good on the campaign pledge to clean up Washington that helped catapult Democrats into the majority. It also serves as a campaign platform for Democrats ahead of 2020. It has virtually no chance of passing the Senate.

"It's a power grab for the American people," said Representative Zoe Lofgren of California, who leads the House administration committee that shepherded the legislation.

The ambitious compendium, at nearly 700 pages, includes proposals ... automatically registering citizens to vote, and restoring voting rights to people who have served felony sentences. It also creates a six-to-one matching system for donations of up to \$200 to congressional and presidential candidates who reject high-dollar contributions, funded by an additional fine on corporations found to have broken the law.

### The Washington Post

# House Democrats Pass H.R. 1, Their Answer to Draining the Swamp

#### BY MIKE DEBONIS AND JOHN WAGNER | MARCH 8, 2019

The House approved a far-reaching elections and ethics bill Friday — one that would change the way congressional elections are funded, impose new voteraccess mandates on states and, in one of several provisions targeting President Trump, force disclosure of presidential candidates' tax returns.

Democrats dubbed the bill H.R. 1, a designation meant to signal its place as a centerpiece of their congressional agenda. The measure, which has more than 500 pages, contains dozens of provisions favored by liberal advocacy groups, labor unions and other Democratic allies.

"It's a power grab, a power grab on behalf of the people," House Speaker Nancy Pelosi (D-Calif.) said at an event on the Capitol steps ahead of the planned vote.

. . .

The bill is headed for a brick wall in the Republican-controlled Senate, where Majority Leader Mitch McConnell (R-Ky.) has made clear it will not get a vote. However, Democrats and their allies said the bill's passage would build momentum for action in coming years if and when Democrats solidify control in Washington.

"If Mitch McConnell is the immovable object, H.R. 1 is the unstoppable force," said Rep. John Sarbanes (D-Md.), the lead author of the bill. "We'll keep pushing on it."



### House Passes Extensive Election and Campaign Finance Overhaul Bill

#### BY MILES PARKS | MARCH 8, 2019

The House passed an extensive bill Friday that would overhaul the way Americans vote and take aim at the money currently flowing through the U.S. political system.

The bill was dubbed the "For The People Act" by House Democrats who want election accessibility and weeding out corruption to be core tenets of their majority agenda the next two years. The bill passed along straight party lines, 234-193.

"For months, for years, really for decades, millions of Americans have been looking at Washington and feeling like they've been left behind," said Rep. John Sarbanes, D-Md., the lead author of the bill. "Too many Americans have faced this challenge where getting to the ballot box every two years is like getting through an obstacle course."

House Democrats gathered on the Capitol steps moments before the vote to celebrate the impending passage.



### House Democrats Just Passed a Slate of Significant Reforms to Get Money Out of Politics

#### BY ELLA NILSEN | MARCH 8, 2019

House Democrats officially passed their massive anti-corruption and prodemocracy reform bill known as H.R. 1 on Friday. The bill passed on a final vote of 234 to 193.

The sweeping bill is aimed at getting money out of politics and increasing transparency around donors, cracking down on lobbying, and expanding voting rights for Americans by implementing provisions like automatic voter registration.

As they passed the bill that was their first priority of the year, Democrats were in a celebratory mood.

"H.R. 1 restores the people's faith that government works for the public interest, the people's interest, not the special interest," said House Speaker Nancy Pelosi. "It is fundamental to our democracy that people believe that actions taken here will be in their interest. That is what this legislation will help to restore."

. . .

H.R. 1 covers three main planks: campaign finance reform, strengthening the government's ethics laws, and expanding voting rights. Here's the important part of each section, briefly explained.

Establishing public financing of campaigns, powered by small donations. Under the vision of the bill's main sponsor, Rep. John Sarbanes (D-MD), the federal government would provide a voluntary 6-1 match for candidates for president and Congress, which means for every dollar a candidate raises from small donations, the federal government would match it six times over. The maximum small donation that could be matched would be capped at \$200. The most substantial change to HR 1 is this program now won't be funded by taxpayer dollars as originally planned; instead, it will come from adding a 2.75 percent fee on criminal and civil fines, fees, penalties, or settlements with banks and corporations that commit corporate malfeasance (think Wells Fargo). Democrats are using this idea to push back on Republican attacks that taxpayers shouldn't be subsidizing campaigns.

"You're saying look, these big industries that lean on our democracy and are also breaking the law — it's very appropriate to take a tiny little piece, put it into a fund and say, 'That's how we'll give more power back to everyday Americans,'" Sarbanes told Vox. "We've got some big corporations out there who are probably going to keep getting in trouble and having to settle cases, so I think it will be an ongoing and sustainable source."

### HUFFPOST

### House Democrats Pass Landmark Campaign Finance and Voting Rights Reform Bill

#### BY PAUL BLUMENTHAL | MARCH 8, 2019

Democrats' landmark campaign finance, voting rights and ethics reform bill passed the House of Representatives on Friday.

The For The People Act, which passed 234-193, was Democrats' top priority upon winning control of the House in the 2018 elections. It would dramatically expand voting access, create publicly funded House elections, enhance the transparency of money in politics, restore voting rights to millions of ex-felons, strengthen executive branch ethics law and end partisan gerrymandering.

"This is a historic day, a pivotal day, a day that will make a difference," House Speaker Nancy Pelosi (D-Calif.) said.

The bill aims to answer rising attacks on voting rights from courts and politicians across the country, and also to stem the increasing inequality of campaign funding by empowering small donors with matching contributions from public funds, among many other things.

The For The People Act "takes power from the elites, special interests and the 1 percent and gives it to the American people," Rep. Zoe Lofgren (D-Calif.) said.

"This vote is an opportunity to be on the right side of history," Rep. John Lewis (D-Ga.) said. "If not us, then who? If not now, then when?"

House passage of the legislation is the result of a long collaborative process by the Democratic Party to prioritize campaign finance and voting rights reforms. The party's Democracy Reform Task Force, endorsed by Pelosi and led by Rep. John Sarbanes (D-Md.), worked with lawmakers both old and new to bring together legislative ideas and craft them into a coherent package.

Much of this work was begun while Democrats languished in the House minority. As a possible victory in the 2018 elections loomed, they made it clear that the reforms would be their No. 1 priority. This mission was driven not just by party leaders, but also by the candidates who would ultimately deliver Democrats their first majority in the House in eight years.

. . .

Democrats believe that the reform package is popular and plan to vote on individual pieces of it to keep the issues of corruption and voting rights front and center. They are already pursuing a reauthorization of the Voting Rights Act in a separate bill. And Senate Minority Leader Chuck Schumer (D-N.Y.) said on Thursday that he would like to mandate automatic voter registration across the country.

The House bill "is just the first step in our efforts to change politics in this country—to change politics in this town," freshman Rep. Max Rose (D-N.Y.) said on Thursday ahead of the vote.

"This is a fight that will not end until we win it," Pelosi said.

### **Mother Jones**

# House Passes the Most Significant Democracy Reform Bill in a Generation

#### BY ARI BERMAN | MARCH 8, 2019

The House of Representatives on Friday passed the most significant democracy reform bill introduced in Congress since the Watergate era by a vote of 234 to 193. The sweeping bill, known as H.R. 1: the For the People Act, would massively expand voting rights, crack down on gerrymandering, reduce the influence of big money in politics, and require sitting presidents and presidential candidates to release 10 years of tax returns.

"It's one of the most comprehensive packages of democracy reform we've seen in a generation," Rep. John Sarbanes (D-Md.), the chief sponsor of the bill, told Mother Jones.

. . .

The 622-page bill, the first introduced by House Democrats in early January, would establish nationwide automatic voter registration, Election Day registration, and two weeks of early voting in every state. It would curb gerrymandering by requiring independent commissions, instead of partisan state legislatures, to draw congressional maps. To reduce the influence of megadonors on elections, it would create a small-donor matching system to publicly finance congressional campaigns and require dark-money groups to disclose their donors. Finally, it would enact new ethics reforms, among them requiring the president and vice president, along with future candidates for those offices, to release 10 years of personal and business tax returns.

While these ideas have been introduced in different pieces of legislation, H.R. 1 is the first bill to combine a broad array of reforms aimed at expanding access to—and fairness in—elections. "The public wants to see reform in all of these areas," says Sarbanes. "It's not enough if you enhance their opportunities at the ballot box, but they feel like the people they elect get to Washington and don't behave or get captured by big money. And it's not enough to fix the influence that money has if it's still too hard to vote."

. . .

Even though the bill will not pass the Senate anytime soon, Sarbanes thinks Democratic support for it will only increase if McConnell becomes the face of opposition to it. He said House Democrats will now "take H.R. 1 on tour," using it to build public support for a democratic reform agenda and lay the groundwork for its passage when there's a Senate and president more amenable to it, possibly after 2020.

For now, it's telling that House Democrats made H.R. 1 the first bill they introduced and one of the first they passed. It shows how once-marginalized "good government" issues have become a top priority for Democrats.



# House Passes H.R. 1, A Sweeping Anti-Corruption and Voting Rights Bill

#### BY BRIAN PASCUS | MARCH 8, 2019

Democrats passed House Resolution 1 (H.R. 1) Friday, a bill which could be the most sweeping anti-corruption measure passed by the House of Representatives in a generation, by a vote of 234 to 193. The bill focuses on voting rights, campaign finance, and government ethics. But it appears to have no chance in the Senate.

Sponsored by Rep. John Sarbanes, D-Maryland, H.R. 1, or the "For the People Act," is a wide-ranging piece of legislation that in its words seeks "to expand Americans' access to the ballot box, reduce the influence of big money in politics, and strengthen ethics rules for public servants and for other purposes." The Washington Post called it "perhaps the most comprehensive political-reform proposal ever considered by our elected representatives."

At a press conference Friday morning hailing the forthcoming passage of the bill, Speaker Pelosi said, "Yes it is a 'power grab,' a power grab on behalf of the people."

"It ends the dominance of big dark special interest money in politics and it empowers small donors and the grassroots. It ensures clean fair elections and fighting voter suppression. It cleans up corruption returning integrity to Washington D.C," she said.



# How Democrats Will Use 'Drain the Swamp' Against Trump in 2020

#### BY ALANA ABRAMSON | MARCH 8, 2019

Donald Trump used arguments about a "rigged system" and pledges to "drain the swamp" in Washington to win the presidency in 2016. But Democrats signaled strongly this week that they'll use the same lines against him in the next election.

On Friday, House Democrats unanimously voted to pass a broad package of reforms on voting rights, campaign finance, election security and gerrymandering, among other topics, that would be the biggest changes to elections and anti-corruption statutes in years.

The bill is dead on arrival in the Republican-controlled Senate, where Majority Leader Mitch McConnell criticized it as a "Democrat Politician Protection Act" and said he would not bring it up for a vote.

But the ideas in it are almost certainly headed to the next Democratic presidential nominee's platform, and, if the party is successful in 2020, could be one of the first issues Congress takes up.

. . .

"[Candidates] will all be able to point to this kind of baseline standard of what strong pro democracy reform looks like which is H.R.1," said Sarbanes. "The fact that when Democrats got the gavel back the first thing we did was put these reforms out there and say this is what we stand for? I think that will be a huge driver of the election narrative."

### THE WALL STREET JOURNAL.

### **House Passes Election Overhaul Package**

#### BY JOSH JAMERSON | MARCH 8, 2019

The House passed along party lines legislation to overhaul election rules that is likely to stall in the Senate, setting up the bill itself to be a key issue in the 2020 campaign battle between Democrats and Republicans.

The bill, known as H.R. 1, includes a range of measures concerning voting rights, election security and campaign finance. Many Democrats see it as the marquee legislation of their new majority in the chamber. "It's about money in politics and how that destroys the confidence people have in the political process," House Speaker Nancy Pelosi (D., Calif.) said on Thursday.

. . .

Democrats, likewise, see H.R. 1's passage in the House—even if it doesn't become law—as helping them in future elections, pointing to polling that shows voters think there is too much money in politics. Several new House Democrats were backed in 2018 by End Citizens United, a liberal political action committee that supported midterm candidates who vowed to revamp campaign-finance law.

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"The bill is exactly in line with what the people in my district in Colorado are expecting," said Rep. Jason Crow (D., Colo.), who was endorsed by ECU and ousted a Republican in the Denver suburbs last year.



### House Passes H.R. 1 Government Overhaul, Sending It Back to Campaign Trail

#### BY KATE ACKLEY | MARCH 8, 2019

With passage of H.R. 1, House Democrats' political money, ethics and voting overhaul, the mammoth proposal now heads exclusively to the 2020 campaign trail, where candidates in both parties say they believe their message will woo voters.

The House passed the measure 234-193 Friday morning. But Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell, the bill's foe in chief, has assured his side he plans to officially ignore it in his chamber, refusing to bring it for a vote even as the Kentucky Republican said Wednesday that he believed his party could win elections against people who support it.

Despite its expected doom in the Senate, Sen. Tom Udall, D-N.M., said he is planning to unroll his version of the package Wednesday and will seek Democratic and Republican co-sponsors. Even if it somehow were to pass the Senate, President Donald Trump has threatened to veto it, and business and conservative interests have mobilized against it en masse.

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Millions of Americans across the country have been looking at Washington and feeling like they've been left out and left behind. They see the influence that big money and special interests have up here in Washington, and they feel like their voice doesn't matter," said Rep. John Sarbanes, the Maryland Democrat who

was the chief sponsor of the measure, during a pep-rally-themed press conference on the Capitol steps just minutes before the vote.

. . .

Sarbanes added that his bill was designed "to restore ethics and accountability to fight back against the interests of big money in our politics and to make it easier not harder to register and vote in America."

. . .

Rep. Tom Malinowski, D-N.J., said he was 100 percent confident that "the Senate will pass HR 1, and if it doesn't happen with the current leadership, it'll happen with the leadership we elect by running on this agenda."

His fellow freshman Democrat, New Yorker Max Rose, who like Malinowski and Davids, flipped a Republican seat to get to Congress, said he was eager to hear what Republicans' counterproposal to the overhaul is.

"We're going to take a victory lap after this, obviously. But this is just the opening salvo," he said. "We're going to put a very simple question before the Republicans in the Senate: Are you on the side of your own voters or are you on the side of special interests? I am eager to hear what their answer is, and I know that those who are going to go to the polls in 2020 are equally eager as well."

### **POLITICO**

### **House Passes Sweeping Election Reform Bill**

#### BY ZACH MONTELLARO | MARCH 8, 2019

The House on Friday passed a massive voting rights, campaign-finance and ethics reform package — a centerpiece of the new Democratic majority's agenda.

The bill, known as H.R. 1 and dubbed the For the People Act by Democrats, was approved on a party-line 234-193 vote.

The measure makes far-reaching changes to the country's electoral and campaign-finance system, along with ethics reforms that target President Donald Trump and his administration.

"H.R. 1 restores the people's faith that government works for the public interest, the people's interests, not the special interests," House Speaker Nancy Pelosi said at a news conference before the vote.



### **House Passes Sweeping Electoral Reform Bill**

#### BY JULIEGRACE BRUFKE | MARCH 8, 2019

House Democrats passed a sweeping electoral reform bill in a 234-193 party-line vote on Friday.

The For The People Act, better known as H.R. 1 — spearheaded by Rep. John Sarbanes (D-Md.) — aims to expand voting rights, implement new ethics rules and increase transparency in elections, according to its proponents.

. . .

Democrats unveiled the legislation shortly after the start of the 116th Congress, underscoring its importance in their agenda. Supporters of the bill argued it's necessary in order to tackle corruption and dark money in politics.

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Speaker Nancy Pelosi (D-Calif.) said Friday that enactment of the package is vital if Congress is to restore the voters' trust in the idea that Congress is working in the public interest.

"It is fundamental to our democracy that people believe — they believe — that actions taken here will be in their interest," she said. "That is what this legislation will help to restore."



# House Passes Sweeping Bill Reducing Role of Big Money in Politics

#### BY MATTHEW LEE | MARCH 8, 2019

The Democratic-controlled House on Friday approved legislation aimed at reducing the role of big money in politics, ensuring fair elections and strengthening ethics standards. But it stands little chance in the Republican-run Senate, where the GOP leader has pledged it will not come up for a vote, and the White House issued a veto threat.

The House measure would make it easier to register and vote, and would tighten election security and require presidential candidates to disclose their tax returns.

Republicans called the bill a Democratic power grab that amounts to a federal takeover of elections. Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell, R-Ky., said the proposal was dead on arrival in that chamber.

The White House said in a statement that the Democrats' plan would "micromanage" elections that now are run largely by states and would establish "costly and unnecessary program to finance political campaigns."

But House Speaker Nancy Pelosi, D-Calif., said the bill "restores the people's faith that government works for the public interest, the people's interest, not the special interests."



Trying to turn Republicans' words against them, Pelosi said, "Yes it is a power grab — a power grab on behalf of the people."

House GOP leader Kevin McCarthy of California said the legislation would undermine the integrity of elections by allowing convicted felons to vote, and would apply a one-size-fits-all standard to elections now run by states and local governments.

Democrats called that a mischaracterization.

To Rep. Zoe Lofgren, D-Calif., the bill "grabs power away from the elites and the power brokers and gives it to the people."

She and other Democrats disputed the claim that taxpayers will pay for campaigns, noting that money for political campaigns would come from a surcharge on federal settlements made with banks and corporations that run afoul of the law.

This bill would allow "everyday Americans to become power brokers" with small contributions of \$50 or \$75 that would be matched at a 6-to-1 rate by the government, said Rep. John Sarbanes, D-Md., the bill's main author.

# **ESSENCE**

### H.R. 1 and the Fight to Save Voters' Rights

#### BY BREANNA EDWARDS | MARCH 8, 2019

On Friday House Democrats used their majority to pass their landmark "For the People Act", better known as HR1 aimed at reforming government by addressing issues in voting, campaign finance, redistricting and ethics.

The bill predictably passed by a 234-193 party-line vote and will now be headed to the Senate, controlled by the Republicans, where it is not likely to pass. Sen. Majority Leader Mitch McConnell (R-Ky.) had already penned an op-ed in the Washington Post earlier this year calling the bill the "Democrat Politician Protection Act."

That being said, Democrats are prepared to battle it out.

"If Mitch McConnell is the immovable object, H.R. 1 is the unstoppable force," Rep. John Sarbanes (D-Md.), the lead author of the bill told the Post. "We'll keep pushing on it."

According to Rep. Marc Veasey (D-Texas), the historic vote couldn't have happened on a better day.

"Today, we're restoring equality into our elections. With the passage of H.R.1, Democrats in the House countered Republicans toxic, racist culture of voter intimidation, and said to the American public: your vote matters. I can't thinking of a more fitting day, than International Women's Day, to stand up for every Americans' right to vote and to work to restore our free and fair elections," Veasey told ESSENCE.

# The Guardian

### Democrats Target Big Money in Politics with Ethics Reform Package

#### BY LAUREN GAMBINO | MARCH 8, 2019

Congressional Democrats passed a sweeping elections and ethics reform package on Friday morning that aims to reduce the role of big money in politics, expand voting rights – and require presidents to disclose their tax returns.

The House package, called the For the People Act, or H.R. 1, is the first major piece of legislation offered by the Democratic-controlled House, and aims to fulfill the promises lawmakers made on the campaign trail to make government more transparent and more accountable.

The House speaker, Nancy Pelosi, celebrating the vote and confronting critics, said on Friday: "This is a historic day, a pivotal day. A day that will make a difference as we go forward. And to those – as Mr. Phillips, congressman Phillips said: yes, it is a power grab. A power grab on behalf of the people."

. . .

During the midterms, Democrats ran on a message of government ethics and elections reform. By promising to strengthen ethics laws, restore integrity to the voting systems and reduce the influence of big money, Democrats sought to draw a sharp contrast with Donald Trump and his administration.

Polling shows broad, bipartisan public support for campaign finance reform as voters grow increasingly frustrated with the role of big money in politics.

### RAWSTORY

### Republicans Freak Out Over H.R. 1: They Don't Want America to Have Fair Elections

#### BY AMANDA MARCOTTE | MARCH 8, 2019

Friday, the Democratic majority in the House of Representatives passed a hefty, but badly needed, omnibus bill aimed at restoring American democracy after the beating it's taken lately from big money and authoritarian interests. HR1, also called the "For the People Act," has a series of provisions aimed at protecting the right to vote, muting the impact of big money spending on politics and strengthening ethics requirements for political candidates.

This bill's aims are broadly popular with Americans. Its provisions to make voter registration essentially automatic -- you can opt out, but you won't have to opt in - are supported by 65 percent of Americans. Provisions to make voting easier enjoy similarly high levels of support. Campaign finance reform is also wildly popular, with healthy majorities supporting it. And when it comes to the power of lobbyists, well, they come last in polls where Americans ranks professions by ethical standards.

But while the public very much likes the provisions in this bill, Republican politicians and conservative activists very much don't. The reason is simple: Conservatives know they're not likely to win a fair fight, and so they want a system that makes it easy for them to cheat.



### House Democrats Pass Landmark Voting Rights Bill on a Party-Line Vote

BY ED KILGORE | MARCH 8, 2019

Sometimes legislation that's not destined to be signed into law can send some pretty strong messages. Both major political parties arguably sent messages about their values in the House vote on H.R. 1, the For the People Act.

This signature legislation had three major components: (1) tax credits and vouchers for voluntary donations to congressional candidates, and matching funds for candidates accepting spending limits, as one of the few avenues for campaign-finance reform left open after Citizens United; (2) lobbying and ethics reforms; and (3) the most extensive set of voting-rights guarantees in decades.

Aside from its scope, what's most remarkable about H.R. 1 is that every single House Democrat voted for it.

And every Republicans voted against it, which means the GOP is determined to use barriers to full participation in elections — along with related abuses like partisan gerrymandering and unregulated campaign spending — to maintain its competitive position, regardless of public opinion.



### House Approves Sweeping Dem Election Reform Bill, Amid First Amendment Concerns

#### BY ALEX PAPPAS AND CHAD PERGRAM | MARCH 8, 2019

The House of Representatives on Friday approved a sweeping election reform bill that serves as the touchstone to the House Democratic agenda but has been criticized by civil libertarians and Republicans over First Amendment concerns.

The so-called "H.R. 1" measure embraced by House Democrats aims to curb big money in politics, make it easier to vote and bolster election security. It institutes a public financing system for congressional campaigns, requires presidential candidates to disclose tax returns and makes Election Day a federal holiday.

. . .

To Rep. Zoe Lofgren, D-Calif., the bill "grabs power away from the elites and the power brokers and gives it to the people."

She and other Democrats disputed the claim that taxpayers will pay for campaigns, noting that money for political campaigns would come from a surcharge on federal settlements made with banks and corporations that run afoul of the law.

### The Washington Post

### Would 'Every Small Dollar Donated' Be Matched 6 to 1 Under the House Democratic Plan?

BY GLENN KESSLER | MARCH 8, 2019



The House of Representatives will be voting on H.R. 1, dubbed "For the People Act of 2019," a complex, 622-page bill that aims to overhaul laws regarding voter registration, campaign finance and political ethics.

For purposes of this fact check, we're going to focus on the first issue that McCarthy addresses in a video attack on the legislation. It's a point that has been echoed by other Republican lawmakers.

"H.R. 1 creates public subsidies for campaigns through a six-to-one taxpayer match on small-donor campaign contributions of up to \$200," wrote Rep. Rodney Davis (R-III.), in the Hill on March 7. "For every \$200, the federal government will pay \$1,200 of taxpayer dollars to a congressional or presidential campaign. Meaning regardless of whether you support my bid for reelection, \$1 million in public funds would have been to get me reelected last cycle had H.R. 1 been enacted."

Is this really the case?

#### **The Facts**

Public funding of campaigns is intended to minimize the impact of big donors and super PACs, what House Majority Leader Nancy Pelosi (D-Calif.) and Rep. John Sarbanes (D-Md.), the principal sponsor of the matching provision, say is the "grievous error" of Citizens United, the Supreme Court case that gave rise to super PACs.

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The House bill would provide a 6-to-1 match for donations of \$200 or less, as McCarthy and Davis said, but with significant caveats that are missing in the GOP talking points.

For instance, candidates must meet a certain threshold: They must raise at least \$50,000 in small-dollar contributions from at least 1,000 individuals during the qualifying period.

Moreover, while individuals can currently contribute as much as \$2,700 a cycle to congressional candidates, participants must agree to accept no contributions larger than \$1,000.

. . .

Both McCarthy and Davis also claimed that the matching funds were taxpayer money. As the bill is now structured, that's not correct. The money for the matching donations would come from a 2.75 percent fee assessed on civil and criminal financial penalties with the government, which then would be earmarked for a "Freedom From Influence Fund."

. . .

"Fines will not be close enough to cover the 600 percent match rate," said Erin Perrine, spokeswoman for McCarthy. "Since there will be an anticipated funding gap, the remaining funds for campaigns would come from general funds (also known as taxpayer dollars)."

The bill, however, explicitly says payments will be reduced if there is insufficient money in the fund and no money can be used from other sources: "In any case in which the Commission determines that there are insufficient moneys in the Fund to make payments to participating candidates under this title, moneys shall not be made available from any other source for the purpose of making such payments."

. . .

In any case, if the bill became law, a future Congress can always change how the program is funded. The current arrangement — essentially a tax on people and corporations caught in malfeasance — appears designed to avoid having the money being tagged as coming from taxpayer dollars.

### **NBC NEWS**

### The House's 'For the People Act' Proves Democrats Are Delivering on Our Midterm Promises

BY STENY HOYER (OP-ED) | MARCH 8, 2019

Elections have consequences. Last September, I delivered a speech outlining House Democrats' plans to make government work for the people again by making our institutions more ethical, transparent and accountable. Democrats won the House, in part, on that pledge, and on the very first day of our new majority Democrats began implementing reforms to House rules to honor it. Today, we take the next major step in the process when we bring to the House floor landmark legislation that we think will renew Americans' faith in government.

Our legislation, the For the People Act, numbered H.R. 1 and introduced by Maryland's Rep. John Sarbanes, will restore public trust in Congress and the federal government in several critical ways. From redistricting reforms to campaign finance reforms, from strengthening Americans' access to the ballot box, to higher ethical standards for our nation's leaders, the For the People Act will protect our democracy and put power back in the hands of the American people.

• • •

The House is trying to look past partisanship and politics and embrace major reforms that benefit not one party but our country and our democratic system. Together, we want to renew Americans' faith that our democracy is indeed a "government of the people, by the people, and for the people" and can be a force for progress that benefits all of our people and helps them get ahead.



### **Campaign Reform Bill Needs Your Support**

#### BY DEAN PHILLIPS (OP-ED) | MARCH 8, 2019

A campaign check should not be your ticket to representation. Our politicians should be listening to the folks who really matter, the ones who work hard to make ends meet, to provide for their families and give their children a future of possibilities.

That's why the first bill introduced by our new House Majority — and the first bill I co-sponsored — was H.R. 1, the For The People Act. It passed the House last Friday and represents the first step in our mission to make government more transparent and accountable to you.

Mitch McConnell has refused to bring it up for a vote in the Senate, attacking it as a "power grab." Well, it is a power grab — a power grab for you.

Our new Democratic Majority was ushered in with a promise to put power into your hands and earn back your trust by working for the common interest, not special interests.

. . .

H.R. 1 lays the foundation for Congress to level the political playing field and create a path to addressing the important issues we should be focused on. So whatever your number one priority might be, I ask that you make ethics, election and campaign finance reform your number two priority. Because we can never truly get to work on the issues that matter to you unless we unrig the system and invite you to the room where it all happens.



### House Democrats Pass Sarbanes' Voting Rights, Ethics Legislation

#### BY ROBIN BRAVENDER | MARCH 8, 2019

U.S. House Democrats on Friday passed a broad election reform and ethics bill that they've made their top legislative priority this Congress.

The legislation, referred to as H.R. 1, passed the House on a vote of 234-193 on Friday along party lines. Its passage marks a symbolic win for Democrats, who seized control of the chamber this year after eight years in the minority. But the measure is unlikely to get a vote in the GOP-controlled Senate or make it to President Trump's desk.

The House Democrats' massive bill aims to — among other things — curb the influence of money in politics, increase public financing of campaigns, expand voting rights, end partisan gerrymandering, and force the disclosure of presidential candidates' tax returns.

"For months, for years, really for decades, millions of Americans across the country have been looking at Washington and feeling like they've been left out and left behind," Rep. John P. Sarbanes (D-Md.), the lead sponsor of the bill, said Friday outside the U.S. Capitol.

H.R. 1, Sarbanes said, seeks to "restore ethics and accountability, to fight back against the interests of big money in our politics, and to make it easier, not harder, to register and vote in America."

### Portland Press Herald

# Maine's Rep. Jared Golden Clashes with House Republican Leader

#### BY STEVE COLLINS | MARCH 8, 2019

U.S. Rep. Jared Golden of Maine's 2nd District went toe-to-toe on the floor of the House with the Republican leader of the U.S. House on Friday over a Democratic proposal to ease voting and promote public financing of campaigns.

. . .

Golden, serving in his first term after winning a tight race last year, said he favored the For the People Act as a "comprehensive, good-government bill that goes a long way in wresting power away from elites who abuse our political system for narrow self-interests."

He said it would "return power where it belongs: in the hands of working people" because "as long as corporations and mega-donors finance campaigns, well-connected insiders will continue to call the shots."

. . .

Golden's amendment, which secured a majority votes, would prevent candidates who have violated campaign finance laws from participating in a federal matching program aimed at encouraging political hopefuls to rely on small-dollar donations.

Golden said Mainers "have made it clear they want to take big money out of politics and return our government to the people."

### The Detroit News

## House Passes Democrats' Campaign Finance, Voting Rights Bill

#### BY MELISSA NANN BURKE | MARCH 8, 2019

The Democrat-controlled House split along party lines Friday to approve a sweeping campaign finance, voting rights and ethics reform bill that will be dead on arrival in the U.S. Senate.

The For the People Act, which passed by a vote 234-193, aims to weaken the influence of wealthy political donors, reduce government corruption and impose electoral reforms.

. . .

The legislation is still a top priority for freshman Rep. Elissa Slotkin, D-Holly, who campaigned on government reform and refused donations from corporate political action committees.

Slotkin has championed elements of the bill, including requiring the disclosure of all political spending and ensuring foreign money may not influence U.S. elections.

Last fall, she helped lead a group of over 100 Democratic candidates asking House leaders to make the legislation the new Congress' first order of business.

. . .

"The overwhelming message I heard for a long time on the campaign trail was Washington's broken. Both parties are broken. The system is off because money in politics is what's driving everybody in D.C.," Slotkin said.



### Rep. Elissa Slotkin Votes for Ethics Reform

#### BY MIKE HOLZMAN | MARCH 8, 2019

House Democrats Friday passed a sweeping legislative proposal they are calling the "For the People Act."

House Resolution 1 is hundreds of pages long and covers a wide range of topics mostly related to money in Washington.

It includes banning lawmakers from sitting on corporate boards and applying a code of ethics for Supreme Court justices.

The bill would also require President Donald Trump to disclose 10 years' worth of his tax returns.

House Speaker Nancy Pelosi says it puts the power of government back in the people's hands.

Among the resolution's supporters is Michigan Democrat Elissa Slotkin, who made good on a campaign promise to tackle campaign finance reform.

Slotkin also authored an amendment attached to HR1, which helps keep foreign influence out of U.S. political campaigns.

It would do so by prohibiting foreign governments, entities and organization from buying ad time on TV or social media that are for or against a candidate.



### **Axne Lauds House Passage of Campaign Finance Reform Bill**

#### BY BRENT BARNETT | MARCH 8, 2019

Iowa Congresswoman Cindy Axne is among those praising the passage of House Resolution 1 by the U.S. House Friday.

By a 234-to-193 vote, the Democrat-controlled House passed the For the People Act, a historic reform package that focuses on voting rights, campaign finance, and government ethics. Axne tells KMA News she feels the legislation will "help end the culture of corruption" in Washington.

"First, it bring ethics back to Congress," Axne said. "It makes sure that we look at the opportunity for every voter in this country to have a voice by making sure that we protect voter integrity, and then of course ensures that every taxpayer dollar that we look at is spent wisely and so it holds government accountable to spending those taxpayer dollars well."

Axne is unsure if the bill will be taken up in the Republican-controlled Senate.

"I would hope that no matter if it's a democratic controlled house or republican controlled senate that we would always want to look at ways to save taxpayer dollars, hold government accountable to ensure that every person in this country has a voice with their vote, and that Congress acts ethically," Axne said. "So, I hope that they can find a place to come to the floor of the senate and decide this is an important agenda to move forward."





### U.S. House Advances Dem Priorities, Mass. Lawmakers Laud Move

### BY SHANNON YOUNG | MARCH 8, 2019

Massachusetts lawmakers touted the U.S. House of Representative's Friday approval of a wide-ranging and high-priority bill to address voting rights, campaign finance and government ethics-related issues.

All nine members of the state's U.S. House delegation joined other Democrats in passing the sweeping legislation -- known as H.R. 1, or the "For the People Act" - on a 234 to 193 vote.

The bill contains several top priority measures for House Democrats, including language mandating that presidents publicly disclose tax information, encouraging elected officials to rely on small donors instead of large corporate contributions and expanding early voting options, among other things.

U.S. Rep. Katherine Clark, the Democratic Caucus' vice chair, said the bill seeks to put power "back in the hands of the people" and called its passage "a win for democracy."

The Melrose Democrat noted that the measure includes two of her proposals that would require presidents and vice presidents to divest from their conflicts of interest and to release their tax returns before taking office.

"We're bringing accountability back to politics," she tweeted.



Congressman Richard Neal, a Springfield Democrat and chairman of the House Ways and Means Committee, said the legislation will help bring more transparency to America's campaign finance system and "safeguard every citizen's right to vote, including those who complete prison sentences for felonies."

"The passage of H.R. 1 is a major step in the right direction. ... Democrats have worked hard to ensure that they keep their promises to stand up to corporations, make sure the government works for everyday Americans and guarantees that all voices are heard," he said in a statement.

U.S. Rep. Lori Trahan, D-Westford, called the House's vote "a big step forward in the fight to preserve and expand the right to vote and for the integrity of our elections."

"I am also pleased that the legislation contained two of my amendments that were aimed at protecting the voting rights and access of the families of our brave service members in uniform, as well as making sure that agents of foreign governments are not able to exercise influence over the drawing of new congressional districts," she said in a statement. "Like so many of my colleagues I campaigned on the issue of making government more open, transparent and fair for the people we represent. This legislation represents a promise kept."

Congressman Stephen Lynch, D-South Boston, said he was proud to see the House pass "a bold ethics reform package created to end the culture of corruption that has overtaken our nation's capital."

"We promised to restore our democracy and bring transparency and accountability to Washington, and this is a first step," he tweeted.

Lynch also touted the bill's inclusion of his "White House Ethics Transparency Act," which would require presidential administrations to disclose waivers of executive branch ethics rules to the independent Office of Government Ethics.

He argued that the measure, if signed into law, will "ensure the American people know who is working behind closed doors in their government and will stop federal agencies from being flooded with former lobbyists and consultants whose previous work presents serious conflicts of interest."

U.S. Rep. Ayanna Pressley, D-Boston, thanked her colleagues for supporting the legislation, offering that it's needed as the political system "has become increasingly focused on the privileged and powerful, drowning out the voices, experiences and needs of everyday Americans and their families."

The bill now heads to the GOP-led U.S. Senate, where it not expected to see any action.

Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell, R-Kentucky, has said he will not bring the measure up for a vote on his chamber's floor, according to various news outlets.

U.S. Sen. Elizabeth Warren, a Massachusetts Democrat and 2020 presidential hopeful, however, urged supporters to join her in demanding that the GOP leader take action on the House-passed legislation.

"Good news: The House just passed the For The People Act, which includes key elements from my 'End Corruption Now' bill, to start cleaning up corruption in Washington," she tweeted. "I'm joining (End Citizens United) to demand that (the majority leader) give the bill a vote on the Senate floor. Are you with us?"



### Norcross, Sherrill, Malinowski Laud Voting Rights Bill

#### BY NIKITA BIRYUKOV | MARCH 8, 2019

Reps. Donald Norcross, Mikie Sherrill and Tom Malinowski lauded the House's passage of a bill that would increase ballot access, limit dark money and pump up oversight of federal officials.

"I've always supported making voting easier, not harder – and it's a good thing we finally have the opportunity to give more Americans the ability to have their voices heard, to implement campaign finance reform and to restore trust in our public institutions," Norcross said.

The bill, which Republicans on the hill have attacked as a Democratic power grab, also institutes an automatic voter registration system similar to the one New Jersey enacted last year.

It's unlikely the bill will be passed into law, as Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell has said he will keep it from reaching the Senate floor.

"This landmark bill will help strengthen our democracy. It addresses so many of the issues my community sent me to Washington to tackle, from access to the ballot box, to improving the very machinery of our democracy," Sherrill said. "New Jersey consistently receives low marks from national election-security experts on our election infrastructure, and this bill gives our state access to grant money to improve and maintain those systems."

The disclosure requirements the bill would place on dark money groups was a focus for Malinowski.

"I was proud to be one of the first original co-sponsors on H.R. 1. In my district, I have not met a single person, Republican or Democrat, who thinks it's a good idea to let anonymous donors spend millions of untraceable dollars on political attack ads, or to have a campaign finance system so opaque that Russian oligarchs can easily channel money into it to influence our elections, or to allow blatantly partisan gerrymandering," Malinowski said. "These are not partisan issues among the American people.



# These N.J. Freshmen Used Ethics Reform As Key Issue When Winning Their Seats in the Fall. The House Just Passed Their Bill.

BY JONATHAN D. SALANT | MARCH 8, 2019

Democratic candidates Andy Kim and Tom Malinowski promised to clean up government when they ran for the House last fall. They wound up sweeping out two Republican incumbents.

On Friday, the Democratic-controlled House approved major campaign finance and ethics legislation in an effort to fulfill promises made during the midterms. The vote, solely along party lines, was 234-193.

"There was no single issue that was more resonant with the voters of the 7th District than this," said Malinowski, D-7th Dist. "I look forward to being able to say we passed this in the House because voters in the 7th District flipped the House. We can do the same thing in the Senate if the voters of the United States make the change that New Jersey helped make to the House in 2018."

The For the People Act was given the bill number H.R. 1 indicating its importance to the new majority. During the midterms, Kim and Malinowski helped lead an effort among more than 100 Democratic candidates to pledge that a top priority would be a bill to make changes to election rules and campaign finance regulations.



### **House Passes Dems' Election Reform Bill**

#### BY ANGELINA MARTIN | MARCH 8, 2019

House Democrats on Friday officially passed their sweeping anti-corruption, prodemocracy reform bill known as H.R. 1, or the For the People Act, which included an amendment authored by Rep. Josh Harder that strengthens lobbying disclosures.

The massive piece of legislation aims to get money out of politics and increase transparency around donors, keep a closer watch on lobbying and expand voting rights by implementing aspects like automatic voter registration.

The bill has been described as one meant to restore the public's trust in the government — something Harder believes has been lost throughout the years of American democracy.

"Most folks believe that special interests and big corporations have far too much influence in Washington, and I think they're completely correct to think that," Harder said during a phone call to the Journal from Washington, D.C. after the vote on the bill.

He reflected on one of his first days in D.C., when he was invited to a dinner with his other freshman colleagues which was advertised as policy discussion. But, rather than talking about issues that matter, like affordable healthcare, the creation of jobs and immigration, the group was ambushed by lobbyists who wanted to talk about their own priorities.

"We were obviously at odds," Harder said. "This is an everyday occurrence in Washington."

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According to Harder, D.C. is home to 11,000 registered lobbyists who take part in organized attempts to influence legislators through monetary means. Harder's amendment in HR 1 takes a simple approach to ensuring lobbying transparency, requiring that lobbyists who reach out to members of Congress must identify themselves as lobbyists and make it clear who their clients are, or who pays them.

"We're not going to be able to eliminate the role of lobbyists, but we can make sure that no member of Congress ever has a conversation with a lobbyist without knowing they're a lobbyist and who is paying for the work they're doing," Harder said. "We want to shine a light on some of this behavior."

There are three main components to HR 1 as a whole, which was the Democrats' first priority of the year: campaign finance reform, strengthening the government's ethics laws and expanding voter rights.

The bill establishes public funding of campaigns through small donations by providing a voluntary 6-1 match for candidates for president and Congress, meaning that for every dollar a candidate raises from small donations, the government would match it six times over. This maximum small donation that can be matched would be capped at \$200.

This program wouldn't be funded by taxpayer dollars, but instead via a new, 2.75 percent fee on criminal and civil fines, fees, penalties or settlements with banks and corporations that commit corporate malfeasance.



# <u>'This Bill Is Revolutionary:' Pa.'s Congressional Dems Get</u> Behind Sweeping Voting Rights, Ethics Bill

#### BY ROBIN BRAVENDER | MARCH 8, 2019

Majority Democrats in the U.S. House on Friday pushed through a broad election reform and ethics bill that they've made their top legislative priority this Congress.

The legislation, referred to as H.R. 1, passed the House on a vote of 234-193 on Friday along party lines. Its passage marks a symbolic win for Democrats, who seized control of the chamber this year after eight years in the minority. But the measure is unlikely to get a vote in the GOP-controlled Senate or make it to President Donald Trump's desk.

Pennsylvania U.S. Rep. Dwight Evans, D-3rd District, called the bill "revolutionary," in a statement posted to Twitter, because it "[takes] huuuge (sic) money out of politics; [cleans] up corruption and [ensures] fair elections."

The bill will "will [make] it easier for Americans to vote and ensuring that dark money no longer dominates," U.S. Rep. Madeleine Dean, D-4th District, said.



### Rep. TJ Cox on the Passage of H.R. 1

### BY KELLY BRODERICK | MARCH 8, 2019

TJ Cox released a statement on Friday about the passage of HR1, a bill that will overhaul the federal elections system.

"I'm an engineer. I fix things that are broken. But it doesn't take an engineer to tell you that our politics is broken - for too long, our policies have been dictated by special interests and deep-pocketed corporate donors, drowning out the voices of hard-working families.

"Our pay-to-play politics is why today we pay the most of any nation for prescription drugs. This is why we cannot, as the wealthiest nation in the world, deliver quality, affordable healthcare to every American family. This is why we are behind in the fight for renewable, sustainable technologies of the future. This is why many in the Central Valley still lack clean drinking water, and why our children breathe poisonous air.

"Today this legislation is the first step towards bringing the voices and the priorities of the people back to Congress. I'm proud to have voted today for HR1, the For the People Act.

"This bill will hold our politicians accountable to the people once again. I want to thank the people of the Central Valley for making their voices heard and pushing our elected representatives to finally do right by them."



### Ben McAdams Stands Alone Among Utah GOP Peers in Support of Ethics Reform, Voter Rights Bill

### BY DENNIS ROMBOY | MARCH 8, 2019

The state's only Democrat in Congress voted for a campaign finance and ethics reform package Friday that one of his Utah colleagues calls the worst bill he has seen since his time in office.

Rep. Ben McAdams, D-Utah, joined House Democrats in passing the "For the People Act," which addresses campaign finance, ethics, accountability and voter rights. Utah's three congressional Republicans voted against the measure.

The House passed the bill 234-193, but it is dead on arrival in the Senate where Majority Leader Mitch McConnell, R-Ky., does not plan to allow a vote.

The measure calls for states to provide automatic voter registration, makes Election Day a federal holiday and creates independent redistricting commissions to draw congressional boundaries as a way to end partisan gerrymandering.

. . .

The bill, which includes an amendment McAdams advanced to shine more light on lobbying activities, curbs the power of special interest groups and puts the public back in the driver's seat of government, he said.

### The New York Times

# House Democrats Will Vote on Sweeping Anti-Corruption Legislation. Here's What's in It

### BY CATIE EDMONSON | MARCH 7, 2019

The House will vote on Friday on the Democrats' signature piece of legislation, a sprawling compendium of ballot access, campaign-finance transparency and anti-corruption proposals devised to restore public trust in government.

The sweeping measure — as much a campaign platform as an actual piece of legislation — is intended to show the voters who catapulted Democrats into the majority that they are following through on their campaign pledges. The bill, nearly 700 pages, aims to dismantle barriers to voting, end big money in politics and impose stricter ethics rules on federal officials.

"This is about instilling the confidence of the American people in the political process, in what happens in government, that it is the people's interests that are being served," Speaker Nancy Pelosi said.

. . .

Democrats are standing by their legislative handiwork. Now they have to sell it.

"It's going to become, I believe, a marker of what the Democratic brand is," Representative John Sarbanes, Democrat of Maryland and the lead sponsor of the legislation, said in an interview. "We stand for reform, we stand for democracy, we stand for cleaning up our politics."

### **THINKPROGRESS**

# Here's Why Conservative Groups Are So Desperate to Kill Democrats' Sweeping H.R. 1 Legislation

### BY LUKE BARNES | MARCH 7, 2019

The House of Representatives is set to vote Friday on legislation that would enact a series of electoral reforms, including national automatic voter registration, making Election Day a federal holiday, and requiring dark money groups to disclose their donors. But the Republican-controlled Senate, with the backing of dozens of right-wing groups, looks almost certain to kill the bill.

The "For the People Act" (or H.R. 1) is a sweeping set of transparency and anticorruption measures that aims to transform the American political system "in the face of a torrent of special-interest dark money, partisan gerrymandering and devious vote-suppression schemes," as Speaker of the House Nancy Pelosi (D-CA) and Rep. John Sarbanes (D-MD) wrote in the Washington Post last November.

"We're in an agenda-setting moment right now," Daniel Weiner, senior counsel for the Brennan Center for Justice's Democracy Program, told ThinkProgress. "For the first time in decades, Congress — or at least one house — is making an overhaul of our legislative process a top Democratic priority."

Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell (R-KY), however, has already made it clear that he won't even allow a vote on the legislation. On Tuesday, McConnell described the bill as a "radical, half-baked socialist proposal," and nicknamed it the "Democrat Politician Protection Act."

McConnell's opposition to H.R. 1 is bolstered by dozens of conservative groups, former Republican members of Congress, and some groups associated with the far-right, such as Eagle Forum, the American Family Association, and Tea Party Nation.

Several of the groups that signed an open letter, published by the Conservative Action Project, supporting Republican opposition to H.R. 1 are funded by individuals with extensive track records of voter suppression. Last year, for instance, signatory Fair Lines America donated \$50,000 to Citizens Protecting Michigan's Constitution, which filed a lawsuit to keep the proposal for an independent redistricting commission off the ballot. Signatory American Encore is also funded by the Koch brothers, who have a long and storied history of funding voter suppression efforts.

The wide array of groups speaking out against H.R. 1, however, underscores the extent to which Republican establishment and the broader right-wing — including elements of the far right — are opposed to changing the status quo. Other signatories to the open letter include Phyllis Schlafly Eagles and branches of the Eagle Forum, hard-line religious right organizations created by the late Phyllis Schlafly. Even after her death in 2016, a conference sponsored in her name continues to attract far-right attendees from all over the world.



### Mitch McConnell's Election Reform Freak-Out

### BY THE EDITORIAL BOARD | MARCH 7, 2019

Imagine legislation that would require big-time political campaign organizations like super PACs to disclose the names of major donors. Or what about if this same measure before Congress made Election Day a federal holiday? Or created a mechanism wherein citizens were automatically registered to vote? And what if, to top it all off, that bill required candidates for the nation's highest office to release at least 10 years of tax returns?

Well, you don't have to imagine. The bill in question is H.R. 1 and it's headed for approval this week in the U.S. House of Representatives. And Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell knows exactly what to make of such new-fangled ideas touted by House Democrats, like encouraging average people to vote and revealing so-called "dark money" sources that give special interests an out-sized advantage in deciding who holds political office. He made it clear at a press conference this week that there is no way such ideas were going to find their way to the Senate floor. Not while he was in charge. "What is the problem we're trying to solve here?" Mr. McConnell observed to reporters. "People are flooding to the polls."

- - -

But Mr. McConnell isn't interested in having that debate. He's interested in cutting off the Democrats' top priority at the knees and preserving such current irregularities as voter-roll purges that have traditionally hurt minorities who don't necessarily show up to vote in every election.

### The Washington Post

# How Will We Repair Our Democracy After Trump? H.R. 1 Offers a Clue.

BY E.J. DIONNE (OPINION) | MARCH 6, 2019

So here's a challenge to citizens and the media alike: Pay attention this week to the House debate over H.R. 1, perhaps the most comprehensive political-reform proposal ever considered by our elected representatives.

Perhaps it's inevitable that Trump and his antics will always get more attention than any bill that includes lots of provisions. Legislation makes us work our brains a lot harder than Trump does.

But let's not hear the excuse that there's no point spending much time on legislation that, while likely to pass a Democratic House, has no chance in the Senate. That less representative body — always remember that Wyoming has as many senators as California — is controlled by Republicans and led by Sen. Mitch McConnell (R-Ky.), who hated campaign finance reforms when they were proposed in the early 2000s by his late GOP colleague John McCain and despises them still.

. . .

The House proposal, sniff the cognoscenti, is merely a "messaging bill."

Actually, no. It's a marker, a bill worth fighting for in the future. Recall that versions of Medicare, the Tennessee Valley Authority and more expansive civil rights proposals all languished in Congress or were defeated before they passed.

What commends H.R. 1 is its comprehensiveness. It brings together traditional reformers (with strong incentives encouraging candidates to rely on small rather than large contributions, and tougher disclosure requirements of who is paying for what ads) and civil rights advocates (with provisions for automatic voter registration, expanded early voting, a ban on unjustified voter purges and reenfranchisement of those who have served felony sentences). It also lays the groundwork for renewing the Voting Rights Act's effectiveness.

H.R. 1 has a battery of measures to deal with ethical lapses specific to Trump. These include tough provisions on presidential conflicts of interest and a requirement that presidential and vice- presidential candidates disclose their income tax returns. And it confronts core problems our democracy faces by banning gerrymandering and calling for the use of paper ballots in federal elections to protect against hacked voting machines.

There's more there, but you get the drift. For all the talk of Democrats being divided between "the left" and "the moderates," this bill has support from all wings of the party. The left and center both worry about the undue influence of corporate money and billionaires on our politics. And, needless to say, political corruption is not particularly popular in any ideological camp.

. . .

But we must also ponder what our democracy will be like after Trump, and begin tending to what is in such desperate need of repair.

As for the opponents of H.R. 1, they need to tell us if they think our politics are working just splendidly. I'd love to hear them try to make that case. And if they don't, what exactly would they do to drain the swamp?



# H.R. 1 'Respects the Voters, Gives Them Their Voices Back,' Rep. Sarbanes Says

**MARCH 6, 2019** 

The first big-ticket legislation from House Democrats heads to the floor this week. Its champion? Maryland Democratic Rep. John Sarbanes.

House Resolution 1. The so-called "For the People Act." It includes proposals such as public financing of campaigns, ending Citizens United, requiring presidential candidates to disclose tax returns, automatic voter registration, making Election Day a federal holiday and ending partisan gerrymandering.

. . .

Sarbanes: "What we're trying to accomplish is responding to the appetite we've seen out in the electorate and among the public for real change in Washington. People really want us to clean up politics. They want to fight corruption. They want to unrig this system. This is the message that's been coming through loud and clear over the last few years, but particularly coming off the 2018 election, the public, the voters out there were really sending a powerful message that they want to see things change here. They want to be respected again. They want to feel like their voice matters. And so we've put together a very comprehensive package of democracy reforms that, if you distill it down to what it really is saying on behalf of the voters, is, 'Let's make it possible for us to register and vote in America without that being difficult.'

"We don't want to have to run an obstacle course to get to the ballot box so let's strengthen registration and voting opportunities all across the country. The second thing is when lawmakers come to Washington, it's reasonable for the public to expect them to behave themselves, so we want to make sure there's good ethics and transparency and accountability in the way things operate in Washington. And, lastly, people don't want their representatives getting tangled up in the money, and big money has way too much influence in Washington. Secret money pours into our politics in ways that really diminishes the voices of everyday citizens. So we push back against that influence of big money in HR 1. You put all that together and this is a very comprehensive set of reforms that respects the voters, respects the public, gives them their voices back. And that's responding to a promise we made to the voters in 2018 that this would be the first order of business."

Sarbanes: "Frankly, to have Mitch McConnell standing up against this bill, it seems to me as a badge of honor for HR 1, because he's been — for decades he's been really trying to hide democracy behind a curtain, opened up the democracy to the influence of special interests and big money and so forth. I'm not surprised that he's leaning in against this. I think he's wrong. It's a miscalculation on his part to suggest that this is a Democratic power grab, which is how he's painted it. This is a power grab on behalf of the people. Everything in here comes from everyday citizens, the priorities that they've put forward. Why is it a Democratic power grab, for example, to just make it more possible for people to register and vote in America? That benefits everybody: Republicans, Democrats and independents. Why is it a Democratic power grab to insist on ethics and accountability in Washington that respects every voter and every citizen across the political spectrum? And I can tell you that it doesn't matter what party people belong to. When they look at Washington and feel that big money and special interests have too much influence, they want that to change. They want power to come back to them, the people, so this is the people standing up, and HR 1 is the vehicle that we've crafted listening carefully to our constituents and to folks all across the country to make sure that they get their voice back."



### **Democrats Flex Power By Taking Aim at Money in Politics**

### BY MATTHEW DALY | MARCH 6, 2019

Flexing their new majority, Democrats are moving to push through the House a comprehensive elections and ethics reform package they say will reduce the role of big money in politics, ensure fair elections and restore ethics and integrity to Washington.

The legislation, called H.R. 1 to signify its importance, would make it easier to register and vote, tighten election security and require presidential candidates to disclose their tax returns.

. . .

"The public is smart enough to know that where you get your money, that's where you get your marching orders," said Rep. John Sarbanes, a Maryland Democrat who is the bill's main author.

"The public is saying, 'Build a system of financing campaigns that we own and we're in charge of,' not the insiders and the lobbyists," Sarbanes said in an interview. "We want to set it up so the public gives us our marching orders."

Lawmakers began debate on the bill Wednesday, with passage expected Friday.



# Election Reform Package Will Help Limit the Dominance of Big Money in Politics

### BY JASON CROW AND JARED GOLDEN (OP-ED) | MARCH 6, 2019

When we decided to serve our country in the military, we took an oath to protect and defend our Constitution and American values. If there's anything that years of service to our country taught us, it's that honor and integrity are critical to being a servant leader.

So when we launched our campaigns for Congress, we made a promise to voters: when we got to Washington, our only priority would be to represent the people of our districts in Maine and Colorado, without special favors to big donors and special interests. To demonstrate our seriousness, very early in our campaigns, we announced that we would not accept corporate PAC money to finance our elections.

Americans fear that Washington is corrupt. They see that politicians receive big checks and then pass tax breaks for the super wealthy, followed by proposals to cut programs like Medicare and Social Security. In turn, trust in government is at an all-time low. By rejecting corporate PAC money, our constituents know that when we make decisions and advocate for specific policies, we do it because we believe it's the right thing to do, not to curry favor with big-monied special interests.



We're not alone. Today, 36 of our freshmen colleagues are rejecting corporate PAC money, and that number continues to grow. Since winning our elections, we have both been asked a cynical question: "OK, now that you won, you'll start taking those corporate PAC checks now, right?"

For us, the answer is easy: no.

. .

Importantly, our voluntary decision to reject corporate money won't on its own address the structural inequities in our democracy. That's why we're proud to support H.R. 1, a robust package of reforms that will make it easier to vote, start to curb the dominance of big money in politics, and ensure our elected officials are working in the public interest. These are key reforms that we're excited to help lead on, and we hope the Senate will pass and the president will sign this legislation into law. We are mindful of the challenges ahead, but we also know that we're on the right side of history.

Just like serving our country in the military was an incredible honor, so too is serving in Congress. And this week, when we vote to pass H.R. 1, it is to once again help protect and strengthen the country that we love so dearly.



### H.R. 1 Debate Gets Under Way As GOP Sharpens Attacks

### BY KATE ACKLEY | MARCH 6, 2019

Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell — who has led opposition to House Democrats' campaign finance, elections and ethics overhaul, H.R. 1 — said Wednesday he believed lawmakers who support the measure may imperil their re-election chances.

Yet, the Kentucky Republican again pledged to give the measure, which the House is expected to pass along party lines on Friday, zero floor time in his chamber, declining then to give senators an opportunity to test his theory.

. . .

But when asked why he intends to bring a climate-change measure known as the Green New Deal to the Senate floor, but not the campaign finance and ethics overhaul, the Kentucky Republican was glib.

"Because I get to decide what we vote on," he said during a news conference Wednesday with House GOP leaders, who are on the front lines of attacking the measure.

. . .

Supporters of the overhaul, which was a signature messaging point along the campaign trail during the 2018 midterm elections, say they believe some embattled GOP senators would not want to take a vote because numerous polls show that voters on both sides of the aisle believe the political system favors big donors and business interests at the expense of ordinary people.

# **ESSENCE**

### H.R. 1 and the Fight to Save Voters' Rights

### BY BREANNA EDWARDS | MARCH 6, 2019

At the beginning of the year, House Democrats unveiled their "For The People Act", better known as H.R. 1, a sweeping political anti-corruption bill meant to address perceived issues in voting, campaign finance, redistricting and ethics.

Since being introduced in the House, Democrats have steadily pushed the agenda, meant to be the hallmark of the 116th Congress. Last Tuesday, there was some breakthrough, with the House Administration approving the bill by a 6-3 party-line vote. The bill is expected to come to the House floor on Friday morning for a vote.

Rep. Marc Veasey (D-Texas), the founder and co-chair of the Voting Rights Caucus within Congress, has played an integral role in the voting rights reforms that have been proposed in H.R. 1.

"I'm really excited about being a part of H.R. 1, which is obviously a huge priority for Democrats. We've been trying to clean up a lot of the issues dealing with dark money in politics, and other parts of our electoral system to restore confidence back into our electoral system," Veasey recently told ESSENCE.

. . .

Democracy Reform Task Force Chair Rep. John Sarbanes (D-Md.), who is also the principal author of H.R. 1, spoke to ESSENCE as well, pointing out the importance of these measures. "The evidence is that the super PACs, these various 501C organizations that had become a vehicle for big donors, millionaires, corporations to funnel money into campaigns and into the political space, put a huge amount of influence over the way policy gets made," he explained. "If you're a legislator and you're trying to make smart tax policy that's supposed to help a broad cross-section of Americans, but there's a super PAC out there that's acting on behalf of Wall Street and the big backed banks and they're threatening to spend a lot of money against you, it's going to affect how you vote potentially. When you mix money and dependency on money or fear of money being spent against you in large amounts, if you mix that up with human nature, it can distort the way policy decisions get made."

These sorts of influences can certainly negatively impact minority communities at worst, or just cause them to be overlooked.

"Minority voters, minority communities can really suffer when policy decisions in Washington are being made by these well-heeled interests. And the reason is, I think oftentimes those interests and those special interests are largely out of touch with the situation faced by many Americans," Sarbanes said. "They can't relate to it. They're never going to translate policy proposals in the same way that you would have grassroots, community-based representatives do."

That is why, according to Sarbanes, it is so important to put the importance back into smaller donors, the regular Americans who want their interests to be heard.

"If you build a system that allows small donors to have their contributions matched – in the case that we've presented as part of HR1, a six to one matching fund so that if someone gives \$25 and there's \$150 match comes in behind that – what that does is instantly transform the small-donor everyday-citizen universe into a place that the lawmaker wants to be, because they can actually power their campaign and be competitive," Sarbanes stressed.



### 10 Things You Might Not Know about H.R. 1

### BY LINDSEY MCPHERSON | MARCH 6, 2019

As the House begins debate Wednesday on H.R. 1 — the Democratic majority's package overhauling voting, campaign finance and ethics law — some parts of the bill will likely get more attention than others, but several under-the-radar provisions in the 622-page legislation would nevertheless have sweeping impacts.

Here are 10 provisions that have not received much attention as the legislation advanced through committee hearings and markups on its way to the floor.

- 1) Support for D.C. statehood
- 2) Presidential transitions and inaugural committees
- 3) Allowing campaign funds for certain personal expenses
- 4) Registering kids to vote
- 5) Paper ballots
- 6) Prepaid postage for absentee ballots
- 7) Crime to mislead voters
- 8) Clamping down on foreign influence
- 9) Large websites to record political advertisers
- 10) Posting congressional reports online

### **Bloomberg**

# Corporate Fines Targeted to Help Foot Bill for Campaign Spending

BY KEN DOYLE | MARCH 5, 2019

House Democrats say they will counter criticism of a costly new public campaign financing proposal by making changes that would require corporations, not individual taxpayers, to foot the bill.

The House this week is scheduled to consider an election and ethics overhaul package (H.R. 1) that includes the campaign financing provision. House sponsors said that bill would be altered to earmark money from corporate criminal fines to match small-dollar campaign contributions to pay for campaigns. The measure originally called for the matching funds program to be financed through appropriations.

The public financing language would be part of a manager's amendment that the Rules Committee is set to consider Tuesday ahead of floor consideration, according to a Democratic aide familiar with the bill.

"No taxpayer money will be used" to fund a special account created by H.R. 1 for public financing of elections, House Administration Committee Chairwoman Zoe Lofgren (D-Calif.) said Feb. 26 during a committee markup of the bill. Republicans opposed the bill during the markup, saying it would waste money and force taxpayers to support candidates they didn't back.

Lofgren said her panel removed a provision of the bill that would have provided for funding through the appropriations process but didn't have jurisdiction to create a new funding mechanism. She said one would be provided before the bill is brought to the floor.

The bill's provision would be paid for entirely from a minimal assessment on federal fines, penalties, and settlements for certain tax crimes and corporate malfeasance, said Fred Wertheimer, a veteran activist supporting the Democrats' legislation who heads the nonprofit Democracy 21. "The small donor, matching funds system for congressional and Presidential candidates will come from lawbreakers, not taxpayers."

The bill's provision would be paid for entirely from a minimal assessment on federal fines, penalties, and settlements for certain tax crimes and corporate malfeasance, said Fred Wertheimer, a veteran activist supporting the Democrats' legislation who heads the nonprofit Democracy 21.

"The small donor, matching funds system for congressional and Presidential candidates will come from lawbreakers, not taxpayers," said Wertheimer in a statement.



### Why We Need H.R. 1

### BY MARC VEASEY (OP-ED) | MARCH 5, 2019

As a direct result of Democrats' success in 2018, Republicans are working even harder to limit Americans' participation in their own democracy. They are reviving extreme identification requirements and purging voter rolls. If Democrats fail to act, we run the real risk of backsliding into voting restrictions that resemble the Jim Crow era.

Cue House Resolution 1 – the "For the People Act."

H.R. 1 will increase access to the ballot box, end gerrymandering, and limit the influence of big money in politics. This omnibus package is Democrats' promise to the American public to create real lasting voting reform, to eliminate discriminatory voting laws, and make critical investments in election infrastructure and technology.

### Burlington County Times

### H.R. 1 Takes Action on Campaign Financing

BY ANDY KIM (OP-ED) | MARCH 5, 2019

I decided to run for Congress in 2017 because I saw so many things worth fighting for. From my two baby boys, whose futures I worry about every day, to my parents, whose access to affordable, quality health care I vowed to fight for, I knew there were real issues I could make a difference on.

But when I arrived in Washington, what I found was a system built to protect the status quo and stop those who want to make a difference in their tracks. New members of Congress like myself aren't met with fresh solutions, but with hallways and reception rooms filled with a lot of people looking to exchange the same old failed ideas for corporate PAC money.

If we're going to change our system, if we're going to restore faith in our Congress and if we're going to make change for working New Jersey families, we need to end the dominance of big money in politics. In short, for Congress to work, it needs to work for us and not them.

Because of this, the very first bill I co-sponsored as a member of Congress was H.R. 1, the For the People Act. This legislation would take real steps to drain the swamp, empower voters, and put forth serious solutions where rhetoric has failed.

For far too long, our campaign finance system has been driven by billionaire donors and dark money, and it is getting worse and worse every day. While your television sets and Facebook feeds are flooded with political messages, the big donors behind those ads are hiding behind outdated laws and lax enforcement.

This is fueling the hyperpartisanship and tribalism that are preventing real progress. This legislation aims to change things by shining a bright light on that dark money and making sure that laws in place are enforced and violators are punished.

Dirty money often leads to dirty politicians. Dirty politicians lead to policies bought by the highest bidder. That's why H.R. 1 aims to strengthen our ethics laws by making sure no members of Congress use their office as a way to enrich themselves instead of standing up for their constituents.

It's why H.R. 1 slows down the revolving door of Washington and closes loopholes that allow corporate lobbyists to hide their efforts to influence your government.

Let's be clear: There will be losers in this bill. Big corporate interests won't have as much say. Billionaire donors won't have as much sway. But average voters will have more rights and a greater voice in our democracy.

H.R. 1 tears down barriers to the ballot box by updating our antiquated voter registration system, enhancing voting security to protect against foreign influence, and ending partisan gerrymandering so voters choose their representatives instead of politicians choosing their voters.

This change isn't theoretical, it's not idealistic and it's not far-fetched. This week, the House of Representatives will vote on H.R. 1, and when we do, I will proudly vote for it and call on my colleagues to do the same.

When I come back home to New Jersey, I look forward to doing so as a member of a Congress that took real action to fight back against the big corporate interests that have dominated our politics for far too long and finally create a Congress that is truly of, by and for the people.



### **How H.R. 1 Could Help More Women Make History**

### BY VIRGINIA KASE (OP-ED) | MARCH 5, 2019

In the 2018 midterm elections we saw more women and people of diverse backgrounds run for office and win elections than ever before. As a result, we are starting to see a government that looks more like the people it represents. To continue building a democracy that better reflects our country, more everyday Americans should have the opportunity to run for office. But time and time again we see the candidates with the deepest pockets win elections.

Right now, there is sweeping legislation moving through the House of Representatives that stands to change that. The For the People Act, also known as H.R. 1, includes a public financing system for elections that will level the playing field for all candidates.

This alternative system for political fundraising will create small donor, public matching funds for congressional and presidential candidates—rebalancing our system so 'big money' doesn't decide who gets a seat at the table. That means more people from traditionally underrepresented backgrounds—women, people of color, and low-wage earners—could find it easier to run for office.

For many female candidates, fundraising continues to be a challenge, and the idea of raising money deters them from running in the first place. While male candidates overwhelmingly possess networks of moneyed connections or the means to self-fund their campaigns, women often must rely on small donations.



Small donor, public matching funds provide an opportunity for candidates to consider running for office who otherwise might not. Under the proposed system, candidates who participate in the program receive a six-to-one match on qualifying funds. This means that a \$20 donation to a campaign becomes \$120 with the matching funds. This public support releases candidates from dependence on special interests and large dollar funders, allowing them to run without strings attached.

This fund matching concept isn't a new idea. Maine has had volunteer public funding for gubernatorial and state legislature candidates since 1996, when the League of Women Voters of Maine led a coalition effort to pass the Maine Clean Election Act.

In 2015, the League of Women Voters Seattle championed and Seattle voters passed an initiative that created a voucher program for local elections. The Honest Elections Seattle law provides each registered voter with a \$25 Democracy Voucher, which Seattle residents can use to support participating candidates running for city office.

. . .

Elections shouldn't be about money. Elections must be about the issues that are important to American voters. No one should be sidelined from running for office because they don't have millionaire friends, and connections to corporate interests shouldn't be a prerequisite for elected office.

The small donor, matching funds provision of the For the People Act will empower more diverse dedicated and passionate citizens to run for office and work on behalf of all Americans. This provision is critical to ensuring our elections are open to candidates of all types – not just those with deep pockets.



### K Street Mounts Offensive to H.R. 1

### BY KATE ACKLEY | MARCH 5, 2019

The nation's business and lobbying interests began publicly mobilizing Tuesday in a coordinated attack against House Democrats' signature campaign finance, lobbying, ethics and voting overhaul, which the full chamber plans to vote on Friday morning.

More than 300 groups including the U.S. Chamber of Commerce — the top spending organization on federal lobbying — and numerous other state, federal and conservative-leaning organizations wrote to lawmakers attacking the bill for "pushing certain voices, representing large segments of the electorate and our economy, out of the political process altogether."

The letter came days after one of the bill's chief foes, Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell, who has crusaded against the measure, urged outside allies in a Capitol Hill meeting to heighten their opposition — even though the Kentucky Republican has already said he will not bring the measure for a vote in his chamber.

And the White House, adding more weight to the onslaught, issued a veto threat — even though McConnell pledged to block even a vote on the measure.



### Nancy Pelosi Speaks in Austin about Voting Rights

### BY REBECCA FLORES | MARCH 5, 2019

Nancy Pelosi spoke about voting rights in Austin during a press conference Tuesday morning.

Congressman Lloyd Dogget, as well as other Texas voting rights advocates, were in attendance.

The speakers addressed the importance of improving voter rights, specifically the For the People Act, which will be considered in the House this week.

The For the People Act, also known as H.R. 1, would make it easier for people to vote and make it harder for lawmakers to gerrymander.

. . .

Pelosi went on to say the act is about giving the American people a stronger voice.

"It's about the American people saying we want the American people to choose our politicians, we don't want our politicians to choose our American people."

Congressman Lloyd Doggett spoke after Pelosi, saying he is confident the bill will pass.

"This is a 600-page bill and I believe that this week, under her (Pelosi) leadership, it will be approved." Doggett said.



### Nancy Pelosi Speaks in Austin about H.R. 1, Combating Voter Suppression

### BY CASEY CLAIBORNE | MARCH 5, 2019

U.S. Speaker of the House Nancy Pelosi received a standing ovation in Austin Tuesday morning.

Prior to boarding a plane back to D.C., the Speaker along with Congressman Lloyd Doggett talked with Austinites about House Resolution 1, the "For The People Act of 2019."

Doggett calls it an expansion of voter rights.

"To remove the obstacles like purges to let people register right up through election day so that more people can feel their power and hold every one of their elected officials from whichever party they may come accountable to the people," Doggett said.

. . .

According to the bill, HR 1 would reduce the influence of big money in politics and strengthen ethics rules for public servants.

### **Bloomberg**

### Repairing the Machinery of U.S. Democracy

### BY THE EDITORIAL BOARD | MARCH 4, 2019

H.R. 1, the legislation that House Speaker Nancy Pelosi introduced in the first hours of the 116th Congress, is ambitious and remarkably wide-ranging. It proposes numerous electoral and public-ethics reforms. In most cases, these changes are both needed and long overdue. The vast scope of this law is itself an indictment of the corrosion afflicting the machinery of American government.

The bill isn't headed for the statute book — not with this Congress and this president — but this or something like it certainly ought to be. The 571-page omnibus promises to make voting easier, strengthen ethics laws for government officials, and reduce the influence of money in politics. The last of those would need the cooperation of the U.S. Supreme Court, but a competent and responsible legislature and executive could do most of the rest if they chose to.

. . .

Representative John Sarbanes of Maryland, the lead sponsor of HR 1, says the bill will be broken into pieces and sent to relevant committees for hearings and markups. Then the elements will be reconstituted, voted on as a single reform package and presented to the Senate. Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell has already castigated the plan as the "Democrat Politician Protection Act." That is an unworthy and unacceptable response.

The machinery of American government is sorely in need of repair, and putting that right should not be a partisan endeavor. This bill deserves serious consideration.

### **Bloomberg**

### Repairing the Machinery of U.S. Democracy

### BY FRANCIS WILKINSON | MARCH 4, 2019

The infrastructure of American democracy needs renewal. Faith in the system is shaky. During the past several years, citizens have had frequent confirmation that something has gone dangerously awry.

HR 1 is so vast that only a portion of its provisions are listed here, but its breadth is not excessive. Its range speaks to the need for reforms across every branch of government, and to the failure of Congress and the executive over many years to plug the holes — some of them gaping — that let corruption and self-dealing distort the system.

The effort to strengthen the electoral system is especially important. If democracy is still the creed of this land — and one hopes it is — then elections must be secure from sabotage. Voters must be able to register and vote without obstruction. And the candidates and parties that get the most votes should exercise the power that the people have granted them.

Despite brutal fits and starts, the machinery of democracy in the U.S. has always moved toward the enfranchisement of greater numbers of citizens. This impulse has never been proved wrong, and it has built a great democracy. It needs to guide the nation once more.



# House Democrats Ready Ethics Overhaul for Floor Vote This Week

### BY KATE ACKLEY | MARCH 4, 2019

House Democrats, barely nine weeks into a majority they won in part with promises of an anti-corruption legislative agenda, will turn the spotlight this week to their signature campaign finance, ethics, voting and lobbying overhaul.

The House Rules Committee will take up the package Tuesday, setting the parameters for consideration on the floor. Lawmakers then will debate the measure on the House floor over the following days, with an expected vote on final passage Friday morning. Democrats and outside advocates pushing for the bill say they'll be on high alert for GOP attempts, including amendments and motions to recommit, that could tank the overhaul.

. . .

Every House Democrat has signed on as a co-sponsor of the 622-page bill. Senate Democrats, meanwhile, are preparing their version, to be introduced by Sen. Tom Udall of New Mexico. Even though the GOP-led Senate is unlikely to take it up, Democrats say House consideration is the start of a multi-year effort with the bill serving as a starting point for debate during the 2020 congressional and presidential campaigns. Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell, R-Ky., in particular, has led his party's charge against the measure.



### **Democrats Push to Make Voting Rights a 2020 Issue**

#### BY JON WARD | MARCH 4, 2019

With an eye toward making the reinstatement of the 1965 Voting Rights Act an issue in the 2020 election, Democrats are pushing ambitious new legislation they hope will lay the groundwork for increased voter participation.

House Democrats plan to pass House Resolution 1 this week, a mammoth proposal with three main planks: campaign finance, ethics and voting rights. But even if the measure succeeds, the Republican-controlled Senate is not expected to take it up for a vote.

H.R. 1's voting rights components — which aim to increase voter registration and access to the polls — have so far received more attention than its other provisions, but the details of the bill have less to do with reinstating the VRA than a subsequent bill, HR 4, which was introduced last week.

In its 2013 decision in *Shelby County v. Holder*, the U.S. Supreme Court weakened the Voting Rights Act, and H.R. 4 aims to lay the foundation for a new VRA standard that will withstand legal challenges once it becomes law.

"Getting the Voting Rights Act updated and strengthened again is key," said Rep. John Sarbanes, D-Md., a key proponent of H.R. 4, which was introduced last week by Rep. Terri Sewell, D-Ala.



### **House to Vote on Sweeping Anti-Corruption Package**

### BY ALAYNA TREENE | MARCH 3, 2019

The House will vote on a sweeping 571-page bill this week that would strengthen federal ethics laws, expand voting rights and require presidential nominees to release their tax returns.

The big picture: Several Democratic House candidates made the For The People Act, also known has H.R. 1, a hallmark of their 2018 midterm campaigns, and the legislation was formally introduced on the first day of the new Congress.

Why it matters: "We have a broken political system and a corrupt finance system today," Fred Wertheimer, president of Democracy 21 and a longtime proponent of campaign finance reform, told Axios. "H.R. 1 is the most important reform legislation to repair our democracy since the post-Watergate reforms. ... There has never been a bill as broad in its scope and coverage as this bill, and we will work from here."

### The bill's key provisions:

 Campaign finance: Create a small donor, matching-fund system for congressional and presidential candidates; expand the prohibition of foreign political donations; require super PACs and "dark money" political groups to make their donors public; and restructure the Federal Election Commission.

- **Ethics**: Mandate that presidents and vice presidents release 10 years of their tax returns; create an ethics code for the Supreme Court; and bar members of Congress from serving on corporate boards.
- Voting rights: Allow citizens to register to vote online and be registered automatically; require paper ballots in federal elections; make Election Day a federal holiday; prohibit voter roll purging; and end partisan gerrymandering by having independent commissions redraw congressional districts.

**The state of play**: The bill is expected to easily pass in the House — it's already secured 234 co-sponsors, in addition to Rep. John Sarbanes (D-Md.) who is leading the effort — but it will likely die in the Senate.

**Yes, but**: Those who have championed the bill are under no illusion that the legislation will pass this year, Wertheimer said.

"We're not operating in any short time frame. We understand these battles
are hard and take time, but we also believe that the flow of history is
running in our direction," he said. "We know we start out without
Republican support, but we will work to build that support."

. . .

**The bottom line**: In a September WSJ/NBC poll, 77% of surveyed registered voters said "reducing the influence of special interests and corruption in Washington" is either the most important or a very important issue facing the country.



## Democratic Anti-Corruption Bill Is A Power Grab in Congress — For the People

### BY ALYSSA MILANO (OP-ED) | FEBRUARY 28, 2019

Whether it's giving men who are credibly accused of sexual assault the benefit of the doubt without regard to the dignity of survivors, prioritizing the profits of Big Pharma over patients desperately in need of prescriptions they can't afford, or giving massive tax cuts to the wealthy while hard-working families struggle to make ends meet, the root of all these problems is an imbalance of power designed to protect the wealthy and corporations that bankroll our elected officials.

With the help of good government groups such as End Citizens United, which encourages candidates to run on a platform of fighting corruption and ending the outsize power of special interests, Democrats took back the House and introduced a transformative piece of legislation that ensures everyone has a voice in our system — no matter the size of their bank account.

That bill, the For the People Act, has been dubbed HR 1 to signify its prominence as the first priority of the House, thanks in part to the commitment of this Democratic freshman class. It's once-in-a-generation reform that hasn't been seen since Watergate.

This bill will change the dynamics in Washington by protecting the right to vote for every eligible American, ending the undue and outsize influence of big money in politics by requiring disclosure, and strengthening ethics laws to ensure that politicians aren't trading the public trust for personal profit.





## Liberal Outside Groups Lobby for Campaign Finance Overhaul

### BY KATE ACKLEY | FEBRUARY 28, 2019

A coalition of 71 mostly liberal organizations is mobilizing to persuade House members to approve a sweeping overhaul of the nation's campaign finance, ethics, lobbying and election laws.

. . .

The outside groups — which include campaign finance overhaul organizations such as Common Cause, Democracy 21, Public Citizen and the End Citizens United Action Fund — not only urged all House members to vote for the bill but also to vote against any amendments viewed as "weakening" the measure and "any motion to recommit to weaken or remove any provision in the Act," according to the letter.

. . .

"Spurious and misleading arguments are being made against H.R. 1 by opponents who want to keep in place the unjustifiable status quo," the outside groups said in their letter. "The American people and our organizations will be watching your votes on H.R. 1, including the motion to recommit, which will be judged by history."

In addition to campaign finance-focused organizations, numerous other liberalleaning groups signed on to the letter, including the Center for American Progress, Coalition to Stop Gun Violence, Planned Parenthood Federation of America and People For the American Way.

# The Intercept\_

## Conservative Expert Privately Warned GOP Donors That a Voting Rights Bill Would Help Democrats

### BY LEE FANG AND NICK SURGEY | FEBRUARY 28, 2019

On the first day the new Congress was in session in January, Rep. John Sarbanes, a Democrat from Maryland, introduced the For the People Act, known in the House of Representatives as H.R.1. The sweeping bill seeks to revamp lobbyist registration, campaign financing, and voting rights. The Brennan Center for Justice said it "would create a more responsive and representative government by making it easier for voters to cast a ballot and harder for lawmakers to gerrymander."

By the end of the month, hearings were held on Capitol Hill. One of the witnesses before the House Judiciary Committee hearings was Hans von Spakovsky, a former Federal Election Commission member who is now a senior legal fellow at the Heritage Foundation. Von Spakovsky used high-minded and principled language to oppose the bill. In his prepared testimony, he wrote that H.R.1 is "clearly unconstitutional," complaining that its provisions "come at the expense of federalism."

At a private gathering of conservatives, von Spakovsky was candid about his reason for opposing the bill: It would be bad for Republicans.

Just two weeks later, however, as von Spakovsky addressed a private gathering of conservatives, he was considerably more candid about his reason for opposing the bill: It would be bad for Republicans.

That's the message this scholar delivered when he traveled to Orlando, Florida, to brief a Council for National Policy-sponsored meeting of Republican donors and Christian right leaders on the bill. Sitting in the Ritz-Carlton Grande Lakes Ballroom, von Spakovsky explained that expanded voting rights and nonpartisan redistricting could imperil GOP political power.

. . .

Von Spakovsky cuts a controversial figure in the voting rights arena. In 2017, President Donald Trump appointed him to the Presidential Advisory Commission on Election Integrity, a short-lived panel that was unveiled as an effort to study voter fraud. The following year, after failing to produce any evidence of systemic illegal voting, the panel was disbanded.

When von Spakovsky was appointed, a number of election observers pointed to frequent cases in which he exaggerated claims of voter fraud. University of California, Irvine law professor Rick Hasen, an expert on legal issues around elections, has challenged von Spakovsky's false claims about voter fraud. "Von Spakovsky is not a credible person on issues of election reform," Hasen wrote on his blog.

## **POLITICO**

## **House Democrats Forge Ahead on Electoral Reform Bill**

### BY ZACH MONTELLARO | FEBRUARY 26, 2019

House Democrats on Tuesday took a big step in fulfilling one of their major campaign promises of last year's midterms, advancing a sweeping voting rights, campaign finance and ethics reform package.

The House Administration Committee approved the bill — known as H.R. 1, or the "For the People Act" — by a 6-3, party-line vote.

"H.R. 1 makes it easier, not harder, to vote," Rep. Zoe Lofgren (D-Calif.), the committee chair, said at the hearing. "It ends the dominance of big money in our politics. It ensures public officials work in the public interest."

It is expected to come to the House floor in the coming weeks, according to a Democratic aide familiar with the proceedings and End Citizens United Executive Director Tiffany Muller, whose organization has been strongly pushing the legislation. The Democratic aide spoke on the condition of anonymity because the floor schedule for next week has not been finalized.

The bill will likely pass the House, having already secured 227 co-sponsors, all Democrats.



## More Americans Voting Is Not a Democratic 'Power Grab'

### BY CHASE THOMAS (OP-ED) | FEBRUARY 26, 2018

Last month, Mitch McConnell took to the floor of the U.S. Senate to denounce the recently released bill designated by the new Democratic House majority as its priority legislation for the session.

Attacking the idea of making Election Day a public holiday, a proposal supported by a large majority of Americans, McConnell called the "For the People Act of 2019," or H.R. 1, a "power grab" by Democrats. Well, over the past few months, Utahns have learned a thing or two about power grabs and H.R. 1 is not a power grab.

. . .

H.R. 1 would begin the process of returning the power to the people; power that has been gradually siphoned off by self-interested politicians, lobbyists, and corporations. Not only would it establish a paid holiday solely dedicated to allowing the people to participate in their government, the bill would also modernize voter registration through automatic registration. It would increase election security while restoring the Voting Rights Act, both aimed at protecting the integrity of each individual's vote. It would overturn the much-maligned Citizens United decision, provide for the public financing of campaigns, and shine a light on dark money. It would strengthen ethics requirements to rid D.C. of the sludge that has been uncovered while "draining the swamp," and end gerrymandering across the country.



The "For the People Act of 2019" is about bringing democracy back into our democratic republic. It's about ensuring that everyone's voice has equal value when we say "we the people." It's about protecting our freedom through responsible, responsive government that helps us along in our pursuit of life, liberty, and happiness.

My hope is that each of the members of Utah's Congressional delegation support the "For the People Act of 2019" because, ultimately, this is a power grab for the people.



## Rep. Mark Pocan (D-WI) Pushing for Sweeping Elections Reform Bill

BY DAVID ADE | FEBRUARY 25, 2019

House Democrats want to make sweeping reforms to elections, campaign finance, and ethics laws.

The bill calls for things like making it easier to register to vote by telling states to allow same-day voting registration, and allowing people to register online.

The bill would also make it harder for states to take voters off voting rolls while making it easier for felons to get voting rights back.

Congressman Mark Pocan (D-WI) said, "I think it's something, if we really want to make sure the government is working best for the people and not special interests, we should pass."

## EAST BAY TIMES

## **Election Reform Is Essential for Future of Democracy**

### BY EDITORIAL BOARD | FEBRUARY 19, 2019

In 2020, American voters will decide what political experts are saying will be one of the most consequential elections in U.S. history.

It's infuriating that Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell isn't interested in assuring the voting rights of all eligible Americans and doing everything possible to limit foreign interference in the election.

House Democrats' colossal election reform bill, HR 1, would do that and more.

McConnell calls it "a power grab for American voters." As if there is something wrong with making sure the voices of all eligible voters, rich and poor, young and old, are heard on Election Day.

San Jose Rep. Zoe Lofgren, the chairwoman of the Committee on House Administration, opened hearings Thursday on the legislation and is pushing for a House floor vote on the comprehensive reforms by the end of March.

"Cutbacks to early voting, shutting down polling places, and purging eligible voters from the rolls all put barriers to participation in our elections," Lofgren said last week. "There is hope that we can work to restore our democratic promise, and HR 1 is the beginning of that."

The legislation has 226 co-sponsors, a virtual who's who of Democrats in the House of Representatives. The 571-page bill covers everything from voter registration to campaign financing to setting higher ethical standards for members of Congress.

. . .

It's inconceivable that President Trump would sign any bill requiring him to release his tax returns. McConnell's opposition makes it equally unlikely that the legislation will get to Trump's desk. But it's important to call out the extent to which voters' rights are being suppressed. Forcing a House and Senate vote on the legislation will bring the issue into the spotlight. It's also possible that some elements of the bill — ending the practice of gerrymandering, for example — could find enough bipartisan support to pass Congress.

Voter frustration is at an all-time high because of a growing lack of faith in the democratic process. HR 1 is a critical step toward giving power back to the American people.



## Some States Look to Address Concerns About Money in Politics

### BY KATE ACKLEY | FEBRUARY 19, 2019

Democrats in the nation's capital have made an overhaul of campaign finance, ethics and political laws a top priority, but movement may well come first in statehouses from Albany, N.Y., to Salem, Ore.

State lawmakers around the country are taking up a range of measures aimed at restoring voters' confidence in a democracy that many view as tilted in favor of big donors and corporate influences, especially since the 2010 landmark Citizens United Supreme Court decision that paved the way for super political action committees with their millions of dollars in donations.

Legislators are eyeing proposals to usher in public financing systems to fill the coffers of state candidates, and they're looking at imposing new limits on donations as well as rules requiring the disclosure of donors to nonprofit organizations that get involved in political debates.

- - -

Rep. John Sarbanes, a Maryland Democrat and chief sponsor of the House Democrats' overhaul package, says he's been tracking state and local efforts, including New York City's longtime public matching program for people running for city offices, parts of which are reflected in HR 1. Additionally, activists in New York are pointing to HR 1 to buoy their own effort to make the program statewide.

"We have this opportunity to create a positive feedback loop where the states are informing what we're putting forward at the federal level," Sarbanes says. "People are rising up around the country and making their states and localities laboratories of empowerment and reform."

. . .

The attention on the House Democrats' bill in Washington, D.C., will ripple to the states, says Common Cause's Harrison, who is based in Albuquerque, N.M., near her state's capital of Santa Fe, which is re-examining its own political money efforts.

"Having HR 1 introduced is changing the conversation across the country," she says. "HR 1 has been the best thing to happen to state politics, or Congress, in a decade. . . . It is everything we want."

Another group pushing for political overhaul efforts on Capitol Hill and across the states is End Citizens United, which takes its name from the Supreme Court case.

Rajan Narang, who leads the group's state and local efforts, says he's noted an "upsurge" in interest in campaign finance and political overhauls as state legislatures have come into session.

The activity in New York, he says, serves as a model for similar campaigns around the nation. "The problem of dark money and secret donations is something quite a few states are tackling," Narang says, noting that among them are Colorado, New Jersey and New Mexico as well as New York.



## Alexandria Ocasio-Cortez Identified the Problem. Here's the Solution.

#### BY MICHAEL WALDMAN (OP-ED) | FEBRUARY 19, 2019

U.S. Rep. Alexandria Ocasio-Cortez's withering viral takedown of just how easily deep-pocketed donors dominate politics was like watching a prosecutor lay into a campaign finance system that has no defense.

So far, that exchange (during a hearing on House Democrats' sweeping democracy reform bill) has garnered an astounding 38 million views. It's not hard to see why. But what the viral video leaves out is that the reform bill includes a solution to curb the power of big money in politics: a voluntary public financing system for congressional races.

Here's how it would work. Small contributions would receive public matching funds, at a ratio of 6-to-1. If you give a candidate \$100, for example, that becomes \$700. Participating candidates would agree to curb the size of contributions they receive. They could now fund their races by amassing small contributions, rather than those from big donors and special interests. This shift could transform politics and policymaking.

Voters long have seethed over big money's role. But the US Supreme Court has made matters far worse. Thanks to Citizens United and other rulings, billionaires (sorry, "people of means" ... well lots of means) now can fund campaigns effectively without limit, and without public disclosure. A big donor system tilts policymaking. Just one recent example: According to the Center for Public Integrity, a small group of wealthy donors suddenly poured funds into Republican campaigns and political committees as the tax cut bill was being shaped.

Incumbents must spend hours a day raising funds, trooping to call centers near the Capitol that resemble nothing less than the skeezy boiler room in "Sorry to Bother You."

Public financing has long been understood to offer a better way to fund campaigns. Theodore Roosevelt first proposed it in his 1907 State of the Union. It was enacted for presidential campaigns in 1974 when the Watergate scandal revealed tales such as the Cabinet official who had to handle a briefcase crammed with \$200,000 in cash from a donor. The system worked well enough for several decades. Presidents Jimmy Carter, Ronald Reagan, George H.W. Bush, Bill Clinton and George W. Bush participated. In fact, in the first five elections presidential public financing was used, three challengers unseated incumbents, a far more competitive record than nearly any congressional district. Eventually that system fell, mostly because it simply did not provide enough money.

The issue of campaign finance receded. Sure, big money mattered, but what could anyone do about it? That notion was exploded in the 2018 election. Nearly 120 House challengers shunned corporate PAC money and vowed reform. Forty or so now serve in the freshman class, part of the most diverse Congress in history. That's a bloc as big as the "Watergate Babies" elected in 1974 who pushed House changes. This new version of reform reflects the realities of today's digital politics.

A small donor system doesn't try to end all private money in politics, a futile goal sought by earlier plans. Rather, it aims to bolster one of the most encouraging trends in political life. In 2018, individuals giving less than \$200 gave \$381 million to general election federal candidates.

The federal proposal is based on a successful approach used in New York City for three decades. The city's matching fund system is considered the country's best set of campaign rules. The vast majority of candidates from both parties

participate. It's led to a far more diverse set of officeholders and has helped ensure that several candidates compete for each seat with enough funds. Above all it has helped curb corruption. Some smaller incidents notwithstanding, compared with recent decades, New York politicians are seldom brought down by campaign finance-related scandals or prosecutions.

Because it aims to amplify rather than squelch speech, the general constitutionality of public financing has been reaffirmed by the US Supreme Court, even in the current deregulatory era.

Today the loudest attacks come from Republicans. Why, they worry, help Democrats raise small funds? But other years, Republicans have benefited more. As Freedom Caucus chair Mark Meadows noted, he might receive millions in public funding. That's a feature, not a bug in the proposal. It would incentivize lawmakers of both parties to turn to grassroots fundraising. Critics also warn against wasting taxpayer money on politics. The plan would cost taxpayers about \$1 each but would save far more by avoiding unjustified tax and regulatory policies.

Many Democrats whisper opposition, too, when caucus doors close. They don't want to bite the hand that funds them. They worry that voters might punish a plan that uses taxpayer money for politics. Since incumbents typically outraise challengers, they want to be able to build a cash wall to protect their seats. They would ignore the rumblings of public discontent at their peril. Today voters are enthusiastic about reform. If Democrats flinch, it will be public anger that goes viral.



## Mitch McConnell's Dark Secret: He Used to Support Campaign Finance Reform

### BY ELLA NILSEN | FEBRUARY 15, 2019

These days, Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell regularly scoffs at Democrats' sweeping anti-corruption bill to set up more transparency around money in politics, and promote expanded voting rights.

But 46 years ago, he praised many of the ideas that the bill, known as HR 1, contains. He called money in politics a "cancer" in a 1973 Courier-Journal op-ed about a local campaign finance ordinance that he complained didn't go far enough to address the issue (Fred Wertheimer at Democracy 21 first published the McConnell op-ed).

"The lack of an overall limit on spending is an open invitation for special interests to circumvent this ordinance and lavishly finance future candidates, regardless of the limitations on amounts of individual contributions," McConnell wrote.

"With regard to a spending limitation, past events have shown how close we are to a 'bought' nation, state and city," he continued, complaining that the recent Louisville-Jefferson County Democratic primary cost more than \$400,000 (an amount that would be \$2.2 million today, adjusted for inflation).

McConnell wrote this many years before he entered the Senate, when he was the chair of the Republican Party of Jefferson County, Kentucky, and an attorney in Louisville. But even though he was critiquing a local elections ordinance, he was definitely thinking of the big picture. The then-young Republican offered

prescriptions to eradicate the "cancer" of money in politics that included calling for public financing of elections, publicly disclosing all political donors, and putting spending limits on elections.

"Realistically, this ordinance merely applies a Band-Aid to a cancer by controlling only a portion of the many corrupt — or potentially corrupt — campaign practices involving the raising and spending of money for electioneering," he wrote.

The irony, of course, is that McConnell has become the face of money in politics, and by his own account — a fierce defender of special interests being able to spend unlimited amounts on elections. He's repeatedly attacked HR 1 — House Democrats' first bill of the year — as an attempt to turn America into a land of one-party rule.

## The San Diego Union-Tribune

## How Bill Puts American People Back in Control of Their Democracy

### BY SUSAN DAVIS (OP-ED) | FEBRUARY 14, 2019

In November, the American people voted for change and rejected the culture of corruption that is permeating Washington. Democrats have promised to change a system that is increasingly drowning out the voices of everyday Americans.

We are working to keep that promise.

The first piece of legislation Democrats introduced in the House — the For the People Act (H.R. 1) — is a comprehensive reform bill to expand voting rights, reduce the influence of money in politics, and modernize our elections.

As a cosponsor of H.R. 1, I am pleased the following long-standing election reform bills I have authored are in this groundbreaking bill.

The Universal Right to Vote by Mail Act would end restrictions currently in place in 21 states that make voting by mail more difficult. Those of us in California have enjoyed no-excuse absentee voting for years and our fellow Americans in other states should have that right.



## H.R. 1 Will Give Average Americans Tools to Counter Big Money in Politics

### BY ANNA KELLAR (OP-ED) | FEBRUARY 12, 2019

The 116th Congress could make history with HR 1, a bold set of reforms that would make it easier for Americans to vote, crack down on money-in-politics corruption, and shine a light on dark money in political campaigns.

We at Maine Citizens for Clean Elections, a grassroots organization working to ensure that Maine's campaign finance laws, elections and government serve the public interest, believe that HR 1 is the set of reforms our country needs and voters want.

HR 1 addresses a near complete lack of transparency about who funds political advertisements on the internet. The bill will better inform citizens of who's behind the ads they're seeing and help prevent foreign money from infiltrating our democracy.

HR 1 also shines a light on spending by 501(c)4 organizations like the AARP and NRA, which aren't currently required to disclose their donors and campaign spending. Special interests and the super rich exploit this loophole to hide their identities and skirt campaign finance laws meant to limit their political influence.

HR 1 also establishes a nationwide Clean Elections program that multiplies the small-dollar donations of everyday Americans with public funds and amplifies the voice of regular people, countering the influence of big money in our politics.

## The New York Times

## Sixty-Second Guide to ... H.R. 1

### BY LISA LERNER | FEBRUARY 11, 2019

The first major piece of legislation House Democrats unveiled in their new majority is an ambitious, 600-page bill that reads like an anthology of liberal anti-corruption proposals. Intended to show voters that they are following through on their campaign pledges, the bill, called H.R. 1, has three overarching goals: to dismantle barriers to the ballot box, end big money in politics, and impose stricter ethics rules on government officials.

It also, unsurprisingly, takes a few jabs at the president.

The bill is so sprawling that even the SparkNotes version put out by its lead sponsor, Representative John Sarbanes, Democrat of Maryland, is a whopping 22 pages, divided into sections including "Voting," "Campaign Finance," and "Ethics." Here are a few of the highlights.

#### H.R. 1 would:

- Automatically register citizens to vote.
- Require states to allow voters to register on the day of a federal election.
- Make Election Day a federal employment holiday.
- Require presidents and candidates for the nation's highest offices to release their tax returns.

- Create a matching system for small donations to campaigns.
- Ban campaign contributions from corporations with significant foreign ownership.

Opposing the bill has become a pet interest of Senator Mitch McConnell, the Republican majority leader. (He has dubbed it "the Democrat Politician Protection Act" and mused publicly that much of it is "probably" unconstitutional.) So it faces dim prospects in the Senate, making H.R. 1, as one of my colleagues put it, less a legislative vehicle than a political platform for the Democrats heading into 2020.

Even if little, or none, of it becomes law, Democrats will use it to draw a stark contrast between their values and the president's — and to drive a wedge between the occupant in the Oval Office and voters.

## THE **NEW YORKER**

## The House Takes on America's Voting-Rights Problem

#### BY JELANI COBB | FEBRUARY 9, 2019

Last week, with these events in mind, a hearing on H.R. 1, the For the People Act, took place in the House of Representatives. Elijah Cummings, Democrat of Maryland, the new chair of the Committee on Oversight and Reform, referred to the bill, in his opening remarks, as "one of the boldest reform packages to be considered in the history of this body." He added, "This sweeping legislation will clean up corruption in government, fight secret money in politics, and make it easier for American citizens across this great country to vote." That statement was not partisan hyperbole. The bill is a broad, imaginative, and ambitious set of responses to the most pressing challenges facing American democracy, many of which preceded the 2016 election, but almost all of which were brought into sharper focus by it.

Implicit in the choice to take up an electoral-reform bill as the first act of the new Democratic majority in the House was the decision to confront not only these injustices but, more fundamentally, the forces that have allowed them to come into existence. The bill contains provisions to insure access to paper ballots, in order to verify the accuracy of voting results; to establish early voting in all states for federal elections; and to launch independent redistricting commissions, to address the problem of partisan gerrymandering.

A federal matching system for small-dollar political contributions would serve as a counterbalance to the sums that wealthy individuals and corporations pour into spending for political elections. Presidential and Vice-Presidential candidates would be required to release their tax returns. The bill also includes provisions for mandating transparency in digital-ad spending, strengthening disclosure policies

regarding foreign gifts to officeholders, and strictly enforcing the Foreign Agents Registration Act.

A section focusing on voting rights is of particular interest. The Supreme Court's ruling in Shelby essentially held that the Voting Rights Act was outmoded, relying on presumptions about racism, especially in Southern states, which didn't reflect the progress that had been made since 1965, when the bill was signed. The Court, however, left open the possibility that Congress might bring it in line with more recent circumstances, if warranted. H.R. 1 could spur the creation of new formulas for determining which states should be subject to federal oversight. It might, for example, be possible to take into account recent voter-suppression efforts in Ohio, Wisconsin, North Dakota, and other states, thereby expanding the reach of the Act.

For those progressives who were wary of what the Democrats would do with their new majority in the House, H.R. 1 is as reassuring a start as anyone could have hoped for. But the civic fervor behind it has not been entirely welcomed on Capitol Hill. Mitch McConnell, the Senate Majority Leader, denounced H.R. 1 as "a power grab that's smelling more and more like exactly what it is." Setting aside the question of what a power grab smells like, McConnell's outrage was striking, even in a period as cynical as this one. Taking aim at a provision that would make Election Day a day off for federal employees (with the idea that private companies would follow suit for their employees), McConnell said, "Just what America needs—another paid holiday," then predicted that federal employees would use the time to volunteer for Democratic campaigns.

It's not uncommon for a single bill to encompass such a wide range of concerns. But the concerns presented in H.R. 1 point to another unanswered question. For the past twenty months, public attention has been focused on the special counsel Robert Mueller's investigation into possible Russian interference in the 2016 election. Intelligence agencies, media outlets, and independent researchers have consistently pointed to Russian intentions to sway the electorate in Trump's

favor. Possible motivations for these efforts—from belated score-settling for the Cold War to alleviating sanctions—aren't hard to discern. But we've seldom asked about American motivations in creating the conditions that facilitated such meddling. Russian attempts to influence American voters—including ad purchases on social media intended to foment racial division—coexisted with and benefitted from domestic attempts to discourage people from casting a vote.

American democracy is threatened by a hydra of vulnerabilities, most of them of our own making, but none of them beyond the notice of our adversaries. H.R. 1 is the most cogent corrective to these matters which we have yet seen. The calculations around it will most certainly be partisan, but it is the best hope for ending the corrosive practices that subtract citizens from the electorate.



## In Forceful Committee Speech, Elijah Cummings Pledges to 'Fight Until the Death' for Voting Rights

#### BY LILLIAN REED | FEBRUARY 6, 2019

U.S. Rep. Elijah Cummings delivered a fiery speech Wednesday in which he shared a promise his 92-year-old mother asked from him on her death bed a year ago.

Cummings, who chairs the House Oversight and Government Reform Committee, delivered the heated speech during the committee's hearing on H.R.1 — a bill on voting rights, campaign finance and ethics rules. The legislation, called the "For the People Act," was introduced by U.S. Rep. John Sarbanes, a Maryland Democrat and a senior member of the committee.

"He has compiled one of the boldest reform packages to be considered in the history of this body," Cummings said of Sarbanes at the beginning of the hearing. "This sweeping legislation will clean up corruption in government, fight secret money in politics and make it easier for American citizens across this great country to vote."

. . .

After about an hour and half of testimony on the bill, Cummings brought up a North Carolina court case concerning voting districts, which federal judges found to be discriminatory toward black residents.

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Cummings called the North Carolina voting districts "chilling" and recalled how his mother, a sharecropper, had witnessed Americans harmed and beaten while seeking the right to vote, he said. "Her last words were 'Do not let them take our votes away from us,'" he said, punctuating each word.

Voting is crucial, and I don't give a damn how you look at it," Cummings said. "There are efforts to stop people from voting. That's not right. This is not Russia. This is the United States of America."

Cummings called voting the "essence" of democracy and pledged to "fight until the death" to make sure every citizen had access to the vote. Those without it, he said, cannot progress with the rest of society nor control their destiny.

## HUFFPOST

## House Democrats Say Their Reform Bill Would Solve the Trump Administration's Ethics Nightmare

#### BY PAUL BLUMENTHAL | FEBRUARY 6, 2019

President Donald Trump has presided over one of the most unethical administrations in recent memory, and new laws are needed to stop it from happening again, ethics experts told Congress on Wednesday.

Trump set the tone for the ethical quagmire of his administration from the day he won the 2016 presidential election. His transition team ignored ethics officials and refused to abide by any ethics guidelines. He waved away anti-nepotism laws in elevating his daughter Ivanka Trump and her husband, Jared Kushner, to positions of power with no relevant experience. He attracted aides who could not pass security clearance background checks. And most important, he refused to divest from his multibillion-dollar real estate business, allowing foreign governments, lobbyists and corporations seeking government action to directly pay the president.

"They said they were going to drain the swamp," Rep. Jamie Raskin (D-Md.) said. "They moved into the swamp. They built a hotel on it, and they started renting out rooms to foreign princes and kings and governments."

This situation upended decades of thinking about presidential ethics. It necessitates the enactment of stricter laws governing the executive branch, according to the ethics experts testifying at a Wednesday hearing on executive ethics provisions in H.R. 1, House Democrats' top priority government reform bill.



## Anti-Corruption, Campaign Finance Overhaul Bills Preview Likely 2020 Campaign Theme

### BY KATE ACKLEY | FEBRUARY 5, 2019

Even as House Democrats have made a political overhaul a top priority, numerous lawmakers, including freshman members, have filed their own campaign finance and anti-corruption bills, a sign the topic will dominate into the 2020 campaigns.

Rep. Jason Crow, a Colorado Democrat who unseated Republican Mike Coffman last November, introduced his first bill last week: a measure that could lead to disclosures of donors to 501(c)(4) "social welfare" tax-exempt groups that play in politics.

. . .

Along those same lines, another freshman, New York Democrat Max Rose, has also introduced legislation aimed at the K Street lobbying corridor.

. . .

Rep. John Sarbanes, the Maryland Democrat who is the chief sponsor of House Democrats' overhaul, said the stand-alone bills, some of which are also included in the H.R. 1 package, allow individual members to highlight specific proposals as well as offer some pieces a chance for bipartisan support. "They know the kind of things that resonate and wanted to take a leadership role in showcasing these individual components," Sarbanes said. "I think it's all part of a strategy of bringing attention to these important democracy reforms."



## Why I'm No Longer Accepting Corporate PAC Money

### BY JIM MCGOVERN (OP-ED) | FEBRUARY 2, 2019

This is not the political system our founders envisioned. Of course it takes money to win elections. But the never-ending fundraising required to win an election takes too much of our attention away from the real work of serving our constituents and our country. It also makes individuals who are not well off or well-connected think twice before running for office.

That's why I'm proud that the new Democratic majority in the House proposed, as one of our first items of business, H.R. 1 – a sweeping elections and campaign reform bill that will remove the roadblocks many eligible Americans face on their way to the ballot box and help end the dominance of big money in politics. As the new chairman of the House Rules Committee, I look forward to bringing H.R. 1 to the floor for debate.

But I've also come to believe that I must do more than just support legislation to end the dominance of big money in politics. I need to change the way I run my own campaign fundraising.

Over the past year, I've been asked by my constituents whether I would stop taking corporate PAC money for my campaign. I'll be honest – at first, I was reluctant to consider such a big change. And It's important to state that I've never let a donation from anyone influence my vote. If corporate PACs have tried to buy my vote by cutting me a campaign check, they've ended up with a low return on their so-called investment. My voting record speaks for itself. Still, I was hesitant that I would put myself at a disadvantage against a well-funded opponent.



But our country is in trouble. Our system is rigged to favor those at the top. And I believe the perception of corruption, even where it doesn't exist, must be addressed if we're going to restore faith in our government. My constituents want me to lead by example -- and I will.

I will no longer take corporate PAC money for my campaign. It's what the people of Massachusetts' 2nd Congressional District want. And it's the right thing to do.

## The New York Times

## Republicans Rewrote Voting Laws for 8 Years. Now Democrats Say It's Their Turn.

### BY MICHAEL WINES | FEBRUARY 1, 2019

In the years after Republicans swept state and congressional elections in 2010, legislatures in 25 states — all but a handful of them dominated by the party — enacted laws that made it harder to register and vote, from imposing ID requirements and curbing voter registration drives to rolling back early voting periods.

In November, Democrats reclaimed some of the ground they lost eight years ago. And now the rules for casting a ballot are moving fast in the opposite direction.

The signal example is in New York, where Democrats last month enacted a series of measures expanding access to the ballot box, just two months after taking full control of both the State House and Senate. But that state is far from the only one: Legislatures in New Jersey and Virginia are set to consider even more expansive packages. Delaware, New Hampshire, Minnesota and New Mexico are also set to take up voting rights measures.

. . .

And in the House of Representatives, they are pressing a sweeping overhaul of election and ethics laws — titled H.R. 1 to underscore its importance — that would, among many other things, end partisan gerrymanders, disclose anonymous donors to political causes and reinstate crucial parts of the 1965 Voting Rights Act that the Supreme Court invalidated in 2013.

In an op-ed in The Washington Post last week, Mr. McConnell branded [H.R. 1] "the Democrat Politician Protection Act." "From the First Amendment to your ballot box," he wrote, "Democrats want to rewrite the rules to favor themselves and their friends."

That does not faze Democrats, who are betting that Republicans are on the wrong side of an issue that has finally gained traction with the public. Even if they lose to Republicans in Congress, Democrats say, they will win with voters.

Should Republicans block the bill, "it becomes a marker by which we start measuring McConnell, the Senate and anybody else who stands in the way," Representative John Sarbanes, a Maryland Democrat who is the House bill's principal sponsor, said in an interview. "I think it'll be increasingly difficult for him to resist this as a narrative."



## **What's Mitch McConnell So Afraid Of?**

### BY JOSHUA A. DOUGLAS (OP-ED) | JANUARY 31, 2019

Dear Sen. Mitch McConnell,

As a professor of election law and voting rights at the University of Kentucky College of Law -- your state's flagship institution and your alma mater -- I invite you to come sit in on my election law class. Given your recent commentary on the subject, it might teach you a lot.

For instance, you can learn about the true merits of H.R. 1, the For the People Act, a proposed law that Democrats in Congress have introduced to completely revamp our elections. Yes, it would include a provision to make Election Day a federal holiday as part of a suite of reforms to improve voter turnout.

You mocked the holiday idea on the Senate floor this week (and in your recent Washington Post op-ed) while ignoring the comprehensive nature of the election reform package. You claim it's all part of a Democratic "power grab." Senator, are you really afraid of more eligible people going to the polls?

The law includes many reforms -- like automatic voter registration, felon reenfranchisement, improved election security, and methods to make voting more convenient -- that all amount to one thing: modernizing our election system for everyone.

. . . .

In sum, H.R. 1 would modernize America's election system for everyone. That should be the goal: let's make it easy for all eligible Americans to participate and allow the best candidates and best ideas -- and not election rules -- dictate the outcomes.

Sen. McConnell, I promise that my election law class presents a fair, unbiased overview of our election system and the numerous laws and regulations involved. We can debate the merits of some of the proposals in H.R. 1, but one thing is clear: States and localities are already seeing success with many of these ideas, modernizing their elections and bringing more people into the political process.

Isn't that something that all sides should want? Shouldn't everyone champion improved voter participation?

## Los Feliz Ledger

## **The For The People Act: Sweeping Reforms**

BY ADAM SCHIFF (OP-ED) | JANUARY 31, 2019

The ideals of American democracy are under attack through a combination of dark money, gerrymandered districts and voter suppression.

With the new Democratic Majority, we are taking immediate action to reform and fix our broken political system, from voting rights to campaign finance transparency to requiring disclosure of political online advertising.

If we're actually going to solve the problems facing our nation, like affordable health care or climate change or creating good paying jobs, we need to make sure our political system works for all Americans, not just the wealthy and powerful.

Upon our return to Congress this January, our first order of business was introducing legislation to combat big money in politics, strengthen our ethics laws and protect the right of all American citizens to vote.

On January 3rd, my Democratic colleagues and I introduced "H.R. 1," the "For the People Act " a sweeping anti-corruption and democracy reform package that will help ensure the government is working for ordinary Americans, not special interests.

. . . .

There's a reason we're prioritizing substantive reforms to strengthen our democracy. Everything else we want to do for the American people—reducing health costs and prescription drug prices, creating better-paying jobs, preventing gun violence and combatting climate change—all follow from a democracy that puts people first.

As we begin our work in the new legislative session, House Democrats will work to restore trust and transparency in our government and give back to the American people their voice and their power.



# To End Washington Corruption, Officeholders and Candidates Must Have a New Way to Finance Their Campaigns

#### BY FRED WERTHEIMER (OP-ED) | JANUARY 30, 2019

If federal officeholders and candidates are not provided with an alternative way to finance their campaigns, influence-money corruption in Washington will not stop – it will grow far worse.

H.R. 1, the comprehensive democracy reform legislation introduced by Rep. John Sarbanes (D-Md.) and sponsored by 227 House Democrats will soon be on the House floor. House Speaker Nancy Pelosi (D-Calif.), is leading this historic effort to address fundamental campaign finance, voting rights, redistricting and government ethics problems.

. . . .

As long as Citizens United remains the law of the land, we cannot stop unlimited contributions from flowing into federal elections through Super PACs and nonprofit groups.

What we can do, however, is provide federal candidates with an alternative way to finance their campaigns in order to run for office free from dependency on corrupting contributions and the policy demands that follow them. This system is provided in H.R. 1.



### Lobbyists Are Already Mounting an Opposition Strategy to Democrats' Anti-Corruption Bill

### BY ELLA NILSEN | JANUARY 29, 2019

As House Democrats' sweeping anti-corruption bill had its first hearing Tuesday in the House Judiciary Committee, a different meeting about the bill was taking place on K Street.

The National Association of Business Political Action Committees and its members met at the law offices of their legal counsel Wiley Rein on Tuesday to discuss the bill's impact. The group is calling the anti-corruption bill, commonly known on the Hill as H.R. 1, "potentially onerous legislation," and told its members to "immediately begin engaging on this topic with your donors, senior executives and Hill allies." (Vox attempted to attend the lunch meeting, but our registration was rescinded).

This isn't the only group concerned about Democrats making H.R. 1 their first priority in the new Congress. The wide-ranging bill would require Super PACs to make their donors public, enact lobbying registration requirements with more oversight of foreign agents, set up nonpartisan redistricting commissions to end partisan gerrymandering, and create national automatic voter registration, among other actions.

The Conservative Action Project released a memo on Monday calling the bill "the ultimate fantasy of the left," which was signed by Republican figures including former Alabama Senate candidate Roy Moore, Ronald Reagan's attorney general, Edwin Meese III, and former House Majority Leader Tom Delay. (Delay

resigned from Congress in 2006 after questions about his ties to infamous DC lobbyist Jack Abramoff, and was convicted of campaign money laundering in 2010.)

Conservative and libertarian group FreedomWorks has been circulating a form letter to members for the past two weeks, calling H.R. 1 a "dangerous bill" and saying it would restrict free speech and open up the country to one-party rule by Democrats.

Washington's lobbyist and influence industries seem nervous, but they can rest easy for at least two more years; there's absolutely no chance that H.R. 1 will become law under the current Congress. Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell outlined his staunch opposition to the bill in detail in a Washington Post op-ed a few weeks ago — all but guaranteeing it won't see the light of day in the Senate.

But perhaps anticipating an era similar to the post-Watergate reforms, probusiness and lobbying organizations are starting to worry.



### **Democrats' H.R. 1 Offers Boost for Accountability**

### BY RICK LARSEN (OP-ED) | JANUARY 22, 2019

This November, the American people went to the polls and resoundingly rejected the culture of corruption in Washington, D.C.

A new Democratic-controlled House began Jan. 3, with the promise to clean up corruption and ensure public officials work for the people.

To make good on this promise, Democrats introduced House Resolution 1, the For the People Act, focused on restoring accountability in government. The comprehensive reforms in this bill will do three important things: make voting easier, end dark money and ensure integrity of public officials.

. . . .

I started off the 116th Congress by cosponsoring H.R. 1 to end corruption, strengthen democracy and voting rights and remove dark money from politics. This long-overdue legislation will restore faith in government. I look forward to passing this bill so Congress can turn its attention to other important issues affecting families across the 2nd District such as addressing Washington's \$190 billion in infrastructure needs, ensuring Northwest Washington continues to be a leader in renewable energy and helping Washington students better compete in a global economy.



### **Time for Fair Electoral Districts**

### BY ALAN LOWENTHAL (OP-ED) | JANUARY 18, 2019

Voters are losing faith in their elected officials and their system of government, and who can blame them? In many states across the country, candidates are flooded with special interest dark money in elections that are held in districts drawn by politicians, all while fearful that our voting machines may be hacked or sabotaged. Our republic cannot survive if the voters feel like the system doesn't work.

This loss of faith is why, on the first day of the new Congress, Democrats introduced the For The People Act, also known as H.R. 1. This sweeping legislation takes bold, comprehensive action to protect voting rights, secure our elections, and root out corruption.

One of my priorities over the last two decades is at the core of this legislation — ending partisan gerrymandering.

. . .

For far too long, politicians have used gerrymandering to draw their own districts, choosing who will be voting for them. Independent redistricting commissions and an open process make politicians more accountable to the voters and go a long way to restoring citizens' voice in the process.

### The San Diego Union-Tribune

### Here's How I'm Spending My First Year in Congress

BY MIKE LEVIN (OP-ED) | JANUARY 18, 2019

I know that Democrats, Republicans and independents are all frustrated with the current state of politics and campaigns. That's why I joined my colleagues in introducing H.R. 1, the For The People Act, a comprehensive bill to end the culture of corruption in Washington and bring more transparency to our political process. It will limit the unchecked influence of wealthy donors, prevent foreign money from manipulating America's elections and strengthen ethics laws to prevent politicians from enriching themselves.



## Democrats Try to Meet People Where They Are: Mired in Cynicism

BY KATE ACKLEY | JANUARY 16, 2019

It's tempting, and deliciously smug, to dismiss House Democrats' everything-butthe-kitchen-sink campaign finance, lobbying, ethics and voting overhaul bill as an overtly partisan political messaging stunt that's doomed in the Senate and too unpolished for enactment.

The measure is all of those. But ignoring this effort outright means waving off voters' very real perception that their democracy has been sold out to the highest campaign donors.

The clean-up-government-and-elections theme of H.R. 1, as House Democrats have dubbed their bill to show its priority status, will play a dominant role in the 2019-20 election cycle, as well as in this Congress, harnessing voters' growing angst with big money in politics and perceived corporate influence over government.



# Democrats' Small-Donor Campaign Finance Proposal Is a Great Deal for Taxpayers

### BY LEE DRUTMAN | JANUARY 14, 2019

As we begin to debate the House Democrats' landmark "For the People Act" (H.R. 1), here's one pushback we might expect to see: The small-donor public matching system in the bill costs too much public money.

It's a standard argument that campaign finance reform opponents often make. But it only focuses only on the costs. It doesn't take into account the benefits. A publicly funded campaign finance system will save taxpayers far more money than it costs them. It will pay for itself in more responsive and smarter public policy.

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### Small donor matching will cost about \$1/year. It's an incredible deal for taxpayers.

The small-donor matching system in H.R. 1 creates a 6-to-1 public match for every dollar raised in small-dollar contributions (under \$200). No doubt, this will cost some money. A reasonable estimate might be about \$3 billion over 10 years (under \$1 per year per citizen), but a lot will depend on how widely it gets used.

The news system would fundamentally change how money gets raised. rather than spending their time calling rich people and attending fundraisers on K Street, individual members would have a greater incentive to do fundraising

events back in their districts. As a result, they'd get a very different sense of the most important problems facing the country.

Anything that takes members of Congress away from the gamut of lobbyist-sponsored fundraisers and cold-calling wealthy people and puts them in the living rooms of more representative groups of constituents would be a major game changer for the kinds of concerns that filter up to lawmakers as top priorities. This could significantly alter the premium parties now put on big-donor fundraising prowess in their candidate recruitment strategies. It could also pave the way for a new winning politics of economic fairness.

And let's say it helps pave the way for tax reform that benefits middle-class Americans. This will almost certainly benefit Americans by more than \$1 per year. If it frees lawmakers from dependence on the pharmaceutical industry and helps reduce the costs of prescription drugs, it will save taxpayers more than \$1 per year. If it frees lawmakers from dependence on Wall Street, and paves the way for lawmakers to regulate exploitative consumer fees and penalties, it will save taxpayers more than \$1 per year.

### **SL**\TE

# The House Democrats' Colossal Election Reform Bill Could Save American Democracy

BY RICHARD HASEN (OP-ED) | JANUARY 14, 2019

The Democrats' first order of business as they took control of the 116th Congress was introducing H.R. 1, the colossal "For the People Act." This 571-page behemoth of a bill covering voting rights, campaign finance reform, ethics improvements, and more was a perfect reminder of just how much power the Constitution gives Congress to make elections better in this country and, sadly, of how partisan the question of election reform has become.

By beginning with election reform as "H.R. 1," Democrats signaled their priorities as they took over control of the House of Representatives. The bill now has 221 co-sponsors, all Democrats, including almost every Democrat in the House. It's disheartening that bipartisan movement on election reform is no longer possible and that few of the significant improvements in the bill stand a chance of becoming law until Democrats have control of the Senate and the presidency. Even then some of its provisions could be blocked by a conservative-leaning Supreme Court. But if and when Democrats ever do return to full power in Washington, H.R. 1 should remain the top priority. Though there is room for some improvements, the "For the People Act" would go an enormous way toward repairing our badly broken democracy.

There's a lot packed into the introductory version of the bill, much of it a wish list for voting rights advocates and election reformers. The summary put out by the office of Rep. John Sarbanes, one of the lead proponents of the bill, goes on for 22 pages. Among the provisions affecting voting and voting rights are those requiring online voter registration, automatic voter registration, and same-day registration for voting in federal elections; a requirement to use independent

redistricting commissions to draw congressional districts in each state; limitations on voter purges; an end to felon disenfranchisement for federal elections; protection against intimidation and false information surrounding elections; improved access to voting by persons with disabilities; a set of improved cybersecurity standards around voting and voting systems, including a requirement that all voting systems produce a paper trail for auditing and checking results; and a ban on a state's chief election officer engaging in political activities connected to federal offices.



### HUFFPOST

## States And Cities Have Already Shown Democrats' Election Reforms Will Work

#### BY PAUL BLUMENTHAL | JANUARY 10, 2019

A sweeping reform bill that House Democrats say will be their first priority after ending the partial government shutdown is filled with policies that would fundamentally alter the nation's voting and campaign finance systems. These policies are not coming out of nowhere. Most of them have been implemented and tested in cities and states across the country.

"Within the last five or six years, you just got more and more of these solutions happening at the state and local level," said Rep. John Sarbanes (D-Md.), the bill's chief sponsor. "It's not a unicorn. It's not like we're talking about something that exists in the atmosphere of Jupiter. This is happening in America."

Supreme Court Justice Louis Brandeis, in a famous dissenting opinion from 1932, asserted the freedom of a state or local government to "serve as a laboratory; and try novel social and economic experiments without risk to the rest of the country." This "laboratories of democracy" concept holds that state and local governments are the proper place to test policies before they move to the national stage.

That is exactly what has happened with the sweeping policies in Democrats' H.R. 1, which they're calling the For the People Act. The bill's campaign finance provisions on public election financing, dark money disclosure and democracy vouchers have all been field tested. The same is true of automatic voter registration, felon re-enfranchisement and the use of independent, nonpartisan redistricting commissions.

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The For the People Act's main campaign finance reform is the creation of a small-donor matching system to publicly finance congressional elections. It is based on the decades-old public financing program run for New York City elections.

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New York City's system has enabled candidates — especially those from less affluent neighborhoods — to more consistently rely on small donors in their districts. "The city's public financing system gives candidates an incentive to reach out to a broader and more diverse array of constituents to fund their campaigns," a 2012 study by the Brennan Center and the progressive think tank Demos found.

This small-donor matching system has also spread to other states, cities and municipalities. Some matching funds programs have existed for years, but in the past five years, adoption has spread rapidly to Washington, D.C.; Montgomery and Howard counties in Maryland; and Suffolk County, New York, among other places. New York state lawmakers are currently debating the statewide adoption of such a program.



### **A Bill for All the People**

#### BY THE EDITORIAL BOARD | JANUARY 9, 2019

It's quite likely that the first bill submitted by House Democrats to mark their reclaimed majority will never become law, not in its entirety at least. But it's nonetheless a good blueprint for building a better government of the people.

Sponsored by John Sarbanes, D-Maryland, and co-sponsored by Speaker Nancy Pelosi, HR 1 calls for sweeping reforms in the areas of voting, money in politics, redistricting and ethics. It's a broad attempt to address many of the problems we've seen across the country in both national and state elections.

The bill, for starters, would begin to address the voter suppression efforts blatantly used in a number of states. It would make it easier for people to register to vote, or to be registered automatically. It requires states to allow same-day registration and early voting. It would stop people from being unwittingly purged from voter rolls.

The legislation calls for more disclosure on the part of 501(c)(4) "social welfare" organizations, which have long been abused as conduits for dark money — donations hidden from public view. It seeks to rein in super PACs, which spent billions in recent years, and to establish a system of public financing of campaigns for candidates who agree to rely on small contributions.

It would have independent boards rather than state legislatures draw political districts, curtailing if not ending gerrymandering. And it would create some new ethics rules, among them requirements that presidents and vice presidents would

have to release their tax returns — which President Donald Trump has not done — and follow the same conflict-of-interest laws as other officials.

. . .

Of course, few politicians would admit they're for voter suppression and big money. They'll couch the arguments against HR 1 instead in lofty rhetoric — that giving politicians lots of money is an expression of free speech, and that would-be voters should jump through hoops in order to guard against all that voter fraud that no one can seem to find, not even a commission appointed by Mr. Trump to try to prove he didn't really lose the popular vote.

But let's have this debate nonetheless. Let Americans hear and see whether their representatives try to feed them tortured arguments against fair elections and ethical government, or side with the people — not just the people they think will vote for them, but the people this government is supposed to be of, by, and for.

### CAPITAL GAZETTE

### H.R. 1 Would Help Restore the Promise of Our Democracy

#### BY JOHN SARBANES (OP-ED) | JANUARY 8, 2019

People are desperate to reclaim their democracy. So it was gratifying on the first day of the 116th Congress to lead the new Democratic majority in unveiling and introducing H.R. 1, the For the People Act — a bold and transformative reform bill that will return power to the people by making it easier, not harder, to vote; breaking the grip of big money on our politics; and strengthening ethics laws so that the public officials serve the public, not themselves.

First, H.R. 1 guarantees every America citizens' right to vote. It expands access to the ballot box by implementing automatic voter registration, mandatory early voting, no-excuse absentee ballots and by cracking down on restrictive voter ID laws. It restores the integrity of our democratic system by committing Congress to the process of restoring the Voting Rights Act and by requiring independent redistricting commissions to end partisan gerrymandering.

It also strengthens the security of election systems in Maryland and across the country by increasing federal assistance for state voting systems — including funding for paper ballots — and enhancing federal-state information sharing to counter threats.

Second, H.R. 1 breaks the influence of big money and special interests in Washington by establishing a revolutionary matching system for citizen-owned elections. By matching small donations and encouraging Congressional candidates to accept voluntary restrictions on PAC money and large contributions, this new system empowers the American people to take back their democracy from wealthy and well-connected special interests.

H.R. 1 will also bring more transparency to political spending by shining a light on secret money in our politics and requiring large digital platforms to maintain databases of political ads. It prevents foreign money from entering our political system and revamps the Federal Election Commission to ensure there's an effective cop on the beat to enforce our nation's campaign finance laws.

Third, H.R. 1 enhances our nation's ethics laws to ensure that public servants work for the public, not for their own personal financial gain. It applies conflict of interest laws to the president and vice president and requires major party nominees to release their tax returns.

It prevents members of Congress from using taxpayer dollars to settle discrimination settlements and establishes a code of conduct for the Supreme Court. With passage of H.R. 1, the Office of Government Ethics would gain enhanced enforcement powers and there would be an end to the revolving door between industry lobbyists and government agencies.

These are not reforms for reform's sake. They are carefully designed to unrig the system so everyday citizens can set the agenda in Washington and make progress on the issues that matter most, whether it's lowering prescription drugs prices, building a fair economy, reducing gun violence or combating climate change and rising sea levels that threaten coastal communities, including right here in Annapolis.

Democratic candidates across the country ran on these reforms during the last election. We promised to clean up the culture of corruption in Washington and return power to the American people. Now, we are ready to keep that promise by passing H.R. 1 and returning to a government of, by and for the people.

### **POLITICO**

### **How to Fix America's Broken Political System**

#### BY NORM EISEN AND FRED WERTHEIMER (OP-ED) | JANUARY 7, 2019

Much attention has focused on H.R. 1, the comprehensive package of democracy reforms introduced on Thursday by Representative John Sarbanes (D-Md.) on behalf of the new Democratic House majority. The unprecedented legislation is perhaps the most important domestic initiative of the new Congress. But it also has the capacity to begin fixing what has been broken in our foreign relations, reassuring our allies that America is on the way back to restoring our democracy, and with it our global leadership.

Since 2016, the United States' friends around the world have been faced with a dual shock: Russia's multi-pronged attack on our elections that year and the ascension of President Donald Trump, who has criticized our longtime partners while embracing authoritarians like Russian President Vladimir Putin—despite his assault on our democracy

. . .

H.R. 1 reforms our broken political system but it also addresses the concerns of Americans and allies alike who are anxious that our elections are vulnerable to future foreign attacks. The bill incorporates election security reforms that are long overdue. It would establish standards for election vendors, provide significant assistance to states to improve and protect their election systems, and bolster federal efforts to assess and respond to threats to election systems.

### The Washington Post

### **This Is What Democracy Looks Like**

BY E.J. DIONNE JR. (OPINION) | JANUARY 6, 2019

The electoral rebuke to President Trump (measured by the Democratic advantage in House races of nearly 10 million votes) showed that those who marched and demonstrated understood that peaceful assembly was only the first step toward achieving their goals. In cities and towns, red and blue, large and small, they met in church basements, coffee shops, living rooms and libraries. There, they planned how to persuade their neighbors to elect a majority that would stand up to the president and his pliant congressional allies. Then they executed the hard work of door knocks, phone calls, social media conversations, fundraising and texts. And they prevailed.

It is thus appropriate that the new majority gave the hallowed designation H.R. 1 to the bill they presented Friday with the purpose of expanding democracy while pushing back against corruption. The headline aspects of the legislation took aim at Trump-era sleaze, including a requirement that presidential candidates release their tax returns and tightening of White House ethics rules.

But the guts of the bill are all about making our system more democratic: automatic voter registration along with limits on voter purges and other methods that states use to block access to the ballot box, especially for minorities and the young. It would also ban contributions from corporations controlled by foreign entities.

Central to the proposal is a new campaign finance system designed to limit big money's power in elections. It would create a series of incentives, including matching funds for donations of \$200 or less, to encourage candidates to rely on small donors rather than the typically self-interested generosity of the wealthy. Creating a better way to pay for politics is central to a democratic egalitarianism

that was well described by the political philosopher Michael Walzer: "a society free from domination" where there would be "no more bowing and scraping, fawning and toadying."

H.R. 1 would be accompanied by a new Voting Rights Act restoring the federal government's ability to end discriminatory voter suppression, ripped away by the Supreme Court's misguided 2013 ruling in Shelby County v. Holder.

Leaders of the Republican Senate dismissed the House effort and said they'd ignore it. But this doesn't reduce its importance. Democracy is a long game. It involves pressuring those who resist reform (see: peaceable assembly above) and offering proposals future electorates can eventually endorse (see: the New Deal, which brought to life many ideas first floated by progressives in the 1920s).

Protecting and enhancing democracy should be the central cause of the new House majority. Democracy is, after all, what allowed it to come into being, and Trump's hostility to democratic norms must be challenged at every turn.

At this moment of trial for all who treasure democratic institutions, the world could use an example of politicians whose solutions to our problems involve more democracy, not less.



# House Democrats Introduce Anti-Corruption Bill As Symbolic 1st Act

#### BY PETER OVERBY | JANUARY 5, 2019

It isn't your usual bill, the For The People Act introduced Friday by House Democrats. Also known as H.R. 1, symbolically their first legislation, it is a 571-page compendium of existing problems and proposed solutions in four political hot zones: voting, political money, redistricting and ethics.

A pledge to pass the bill was a common theme among Democratic House candidates last year.

"We heard loud and clear from the American people," Rep. John Sarbanes, D-Md., told reporters Friday. "They feel left out and locked out from their own democracy."



### Newsweek

# Democrats Begin Pushing Bill That Demands Trump's Tax Returns, New Ethics and Nepotism Rules

#### BY RAMSEY TOUCHBERRY | JANUARY 5, 2019

The resolution, officially known as "The For the People Act," has been touted by House Democrats for months. Pledging it will "restore our Democracy," the sweeping reform bill would amend campaign finance, voting and ethics laws.

As promised, it was one of the party's first major bills introduced Friday after retaking control of the chamber for the first time in nine years.

"We are introducing H.R. 1 to hold legislation, to clean up corruption and restore integrity to government," Speaker of the House Nancy Pelosi said Friday at the bill's official unveiling, flanked by senior and high-ranking Democrats. "We put power back into the hands of the people."

One of the Democrats heading H.R. 1, Representative John Sarbanes of Maryland, said Friday it will "set the table" for the type of legislative action that's to come from Democrats.

### The New York Times

## Aiming at Trump, Democrats Lay Out Agenda for a Post-Shutdown Congress

#### BY NICHOLAS FANDOS | JANUARY 4, 2019

House Democrats unveiled on Friday the details of ambitious legislation devised to lower barriers to the ballot box, tighten ethics and lobbying restrictions and, in a swipe at President Trump, require presidents and candidates for the nation's highest offices to release their tax returns.

Singling out Mr. Trump and his administration, Democrats said that they were making good on promises to voters across the country who vaulted them into the majority with demands to clean up corruption and influence-peddling in Republican-controlled Washington.

. . .

Democratic leaders view the voting and ethics measure — named the For the People Act — as the opening salvo in a two-year campaign to either make law or drive a wedge between Mr. Trump and the voters who supported him.

. . .

The legislation unites veteran Democratic lawmakers with many of the party's newest elected members who captured Republican seats by promising to clean up the influence of big-money donors and lobbyists in Congress and the White House. It quickly won praise from advocacy groups focused on limiting money and influence-peddling in politics.

But Senator Mitch McConnell of Kentucky, the majority leader, called much of it "probably" unconstitutional. He has been one of the Senate's fiercest opponents of tightening campaign finance laws and forcing donor disclosures, and has generally opposed federal intervention in elections. After the Supreme Court struck down the heart of the enforcement provisions within the Voting Rights Act in 2013, Mr. McConnell said it was not necessary to offer an alternative.

At a Wall Street Journal event in early December, he predicted that the House bill was "not going to go anywhere in the Senate."

Conceding the majority leader's view could be a death knell for now, Representative John Sarbanes, Democrat of Maryland, who oversaw the drafting of the legislation, predicted that Republicans would lose in the court of public opinion.

"If he wants to ultimately stand with his arms folded between the American people and their democracy, then he should go right ahead," Mr. Sarbanes said. "But I think he is going to get knocked over by the sentiment of the country right now."

### The Washington Post

# The Democratic House Wants to Reform Democracy. It's Not a Panacea — But It's a Start.

#### BY THE EDITORIAL BOARD | JANUARY 4, 2019

The new Democratic majority House gaveled in on Thursday with reform on its agenda — not so much of policy but of democracy itself. Admirably, the majority aims both to repair House rules and to improve the functioning of democratic institutions more broadly. Given the coarsening discourse and widening polarization, the challenge is immense.

House Democrats will release H.R. 1 on Friday, and it will be a sprawling package — addressing campaign financing, voting rights, election cybersecurity and more. The bill reportedly will mandate that political action committees report their donors. It would mend the big hole that the Supreme Court ripped in the Voting Rights Act, which had guaranteed access to the voting booth to generations of minority Americans. It would help states replace old election equipment, curb extreme partisan gerrymandering and encourage small-dollar campaign donations.

. . .

None of this is a panacea. H.R. 1 will be dead on arrival in Majority Leader Mitch McConnell's (R-Ky.) Senate. Many of the House rule changes are incremental, leaving mostly untouched the power of leaders to ignore the middle of the chamber if they so please. But all are worthwhile first steps — toward persuading the Senate to accept some of the House's ideas, tightening ethics standards and encouraging bipartisan groups to exert more pressure when House leaders suppress majority bills. Especially measured against the last House's early drive to destroy Obamacare and recklessly cut taxes, this is a welcome beginning.



### House Dems Urge Sweeping Reforms to Boost Voting, Ethics

#### BY MATTHEW DALY | JANUARY 4, 2019

House Democrats on Friday unveiled a comprehensive elections and ethics reform package that targets what they call a "culture of corruption in Washington" and aims to reduce the role of money in politics.

The bill, among the first to be considered as Democrats take control of the House after eight years, would make it easier for citizens to register and vote, tighten election security and require presidents to disclose their tax returns.

Dubbed the "For the People Act," the legislation marks an effort by Democrats to set a tone of good government as they take the majority following historic gains in the midterm elections.

Democrats used the full force of their new majority as they announced the plan Friday at a packed news conference that included dozens of new and returning lawmakers.

. . .

Rep. John Sarbanes, a Maryland Democrat who is leading the reform effort, said Democrats were "responding directly to the American people and what they want to see in our democracy," as shown by the election results.

Calling the bill "transformative," Sarbanes said it will "strengthen our democracy and return political power to the people by making it easier, not harder, to vote, ending the dominance of big money in our politics and ensuring that public officials actually serve the public."

### The Washington Post

### House Democrats Unveil Bill Targeting Trump on Tax Returns and Transparency

BY MIKE DEBONIS | JANUARY 4, 2019

House Democrats are set to pursue legislation that squarely targets President Trump by requiring presidential candidates to disclose 10 years of tax returns, mandating more transparency for presidential inaugural and transition committees and tightening White House ethics standards.

Those provisions are only a small part of a broad reform bill — titled the "For the People Act" — that encompasses campaign finance, election integrity and security, congressional ethics and more. But they are clear signals that Democrats intend to take an aggressive approach to Trump and his administration.

House Speaker Nancy Pelosi (D-Calif.) and other Democrats unveiled an outline of the legislation Friday in the Capitol, which will move through several House committees over the coming weeks and is tentatively set for floor consideration early this year.

"It's important for the confidence it gives people that their voices and their concerns are heard," Pelosi said. "Restoring the people's faith in government is really our agenda."



## Democrats Take Aim at Presidential Tax Returns, Conflicts of Interest in New Ethics Proposal

#### BY BENJAMIN SIEGEL | JANUARY 4, 2019

As one of their first big-ticket legislative proposals of the new Congress, House Democrats on Friday unveiled a sweeping anti-corruption, campaign finance and ethics reform package that takes aim at long-simmering concerns about President Donald Trump's possible conflicts of interest between his actions as president and his family business.

The massive proposal, known as "The For the People Act" and designated as "House Resolution 1," also includes dozens of measures from Democrats on ethics and campaign finance reform, voting rights and election security. It would also require presidential and vice presidential candidates to release 10 years of their personal tax returns and require sitting presidents and vice presidents to do the same.

"It's important for what it does, it's important for the confidence it gives people that their voices, their concerns, are heard," House Speaker Nancy Pelosi said Friday at a news conference unveiling the legislation.

### The Washington Post

# The Democrats' Big Rollout Begins Now. It Must Include a Real Bid for Trump's Tax Returns.

### BY GREG SARGENT (OPINION) | JANUARY 4, 2019

On Friday, the new House Democratic majority will roll out its first big contrast with President Trump, offering a major package of anti-corruption reforms that will showcase what the Democratic version of swamp-drainage looks like.

After winning a sweeping electoral victory in part on promises to clean up the Trump-era GOP's Washington, Democrats hope to establish an ambitious blueprint for clean government in the face of Trump's personal corruption and degradation of our institutions, and the GOP enabling of it all.

. . .

First, let's note that the new reform package is impressive in scope. There are three main pillars to it. The first facilitates participation and protects voters, by expanding protections for voting rights, making voting easier and requiring nonpartisan commissions to replace partisan gerrymanders that dilute the power of voters.

The second seeks to defend our elections against torrents of outside cash, foreign interference and social media disinformation via limits on dark money and stricter disclosure rules on donations and ads, including digital, among other things. The third aims to clean up government itself through stricter ethics and transparency rules and limits on lobbying.

The combination of all these three reform tracks into one major package is something new, and it's intentional.



# <u>Democrats Unveil First New Bill, with Requirement for</u> <u>Presidential Candidates Turning Over Their Tax Returns</u>

#### BY LAUREN FOX | JANUARY 4, 2019

Democrats unveiled their first piece of legislation Friday, a collection of voting rights provisions, ethics reforms and a requirement that presidential candidates release 10 years of tax returns, an action aimed at President Donald Trump, who has defied decades of precedent by refusing to release his tax returns to the public.

The bill, which will become the first priority of many of the House's most highprofile committees, is expected to move swiftly through the House of Representatives, but won't pass in the Republican-controlled Senate or be signed by the President.

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Democratic Rep. John Sarbanes of Maryland told reporters that the bill was intended to "set the table" on what Democratic priorities in the new Congress look like even if Majority Leader Mitch McConnell won't take them up in the Senate.



# House Democrats Officially Unveil Their First Bill in the Majority: A Sweeping Anti-Corruption Proposal

#### BY ELLA NILSEN | JANUARY 4, 2019

House Democrats will unveil full details of their first bill in the new Congress on Friday — sweeping anti-corruption measures aimed at stamping out the influence of money in politics and expanding voting rights.

This is HR 1, the first thing House Democrats will tackle now that a new Congress has been sworn in. To be clear, this legislation has little to no chance of passing the Republican-controlled Senate or being signed by President Donald Trump. Senate Majority Leader Mitch McConnell already bluntly stated, "That's not going to go anywhere."

But by making anti-corruption their No. 1 priority, House Democrats are throwing down the gauntlet for Republicans. A vast majority of Americans want to get the influence of money out of politics, and want Congress to pass laws to do so. New polling from the PAC End Citizens United found 82 percent of all voters and 84 percent of independents said they support a bill of reforms to tackle corruption.

Given how popular the issue is, and Trump's multitude of scandals, it looks bad for Republicans to be the party opposing campaign finance reform — especially going into 2020.

"Our best friend in this debate is the public," House Speaker Nancy Pelosi told reporters recently. "We believe it will have great support."



### **House Democrats Introduce Their Sweeping New Reform Bill**

#### BY PAUL BLUMENTHAL | JANUARY 4, 2019

House Democrats unveiled Friday the For the People Act, a comprehensive package of democratic reforms and the first major bill of the 116th Congress. The bill is a sweeping combination of election, campaign finance and ethics reforms designed to make voting easier, curb the power of big donors and reduce conflicts of interest in all three branches of government.

The For the People Act was the first major legislative action for Democrats after they voted to end the partial government shutdown initiated by President Donald Trump, a measure he is expected to veto.

The package of reforms was put together in a collaborative process initiated by House Speaker Nancy Pelosi (D-Calif.) in 2011 and overseen by Rep. John Sarbanes (D-Md.) since 2017. The party ran in the 2018 midterm elections on a promise to enact these reforms.

"We carried a message of reform, of fighting corruption, of cleaning up Washington," Sarbanes said in introducing the bill on Friday. "We made a promise to the American people. The new members who've come made that promise and made it clear they wanted this to be the first order of business. [This bill] is delivering on that promise."

### **Mother Jones**

# <u>Democrats' First Order of Business: Making It Easier to Vote</u> <a href="mailto:and-Harder to Buy Elections">and Harder to Buy Elections</a>

BY ARI BERMAN | JANUARY 4, 2019

House Democrats introduced a sweeping bill on Friday as their first order of legislative business that would expand voting rights and curb the influence of money in politics, signaling their commitment to push back on Republican efforts to undermine the democratic process.

The legislation, known as HR 1: The For the People Act, would make it easier to vote, crack down on gerrymandering, and reduce the influence of big money in congressional races. It would also institute new ethics rules, including one requiring sitting presidents and presidential candidates to release their tax returns.

The bill has three major parts, beginning with a slew of measures designed to expand voting rights, which would counteract Republican voter suppression efforts. These include nationwide automatic voter registration, Election Day registration, two weeks of early voting in every state, an end to aggressive voter purging, funding for states to adopt paper ballots, the restoration of voting rights for ex-felons, and declaring Election Day a federal holiday. While states control their voting laws, Congress has the power to set voting procedures for federal elections.

The bill would also target partisan gerrymandering by requiring independent commissions instead of state legislatures to draw congressional maps. Furthermore, the bill calls on Congress to restore the full strength of the Voting Rights Act at a future date, after the Supreme Court gutted it in 2013. House Democrats are planning to hold a vote to expand the Voting Rights Act and

require the federal government to approve any voting changes in states with a well-documented history of recent voting discrimination, but first they'll convene hearings on the prevalence of voter suppression in GOP-controlled states.

The second section of the bill tackles campaign finance reform to address the skyrocketing costs of congressional campaigns and increasing influence of corporate money. This includes a new small-donor matching system to encourage congressional candidates to rely on public financing instead of large donors, so that every \$100 raised would trigger \$600 in matching public funds. The bill also requires dark-money groups to disclose their donors.

The third section would enact ethics and lobbying reforms. Most notable is the requirement that sitting presidents and vice presidents, along with candidates for those offices, release their tax returns from the past 10 years.

The bill represents the most far-reaching democracy reform plan introduced in Congress since the Watergate era.

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Of course, the bill as a whole has little chance of being passed in the Republicancontrolled Senate.

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But HR 1 is as much a political document as a legislative one, laying down a marker of what Democrats stand for and drawing attention to often-overlooked "good government" issues. "In the face of a torrent of special-interest dark money, partisan gerrymandering and devious vote-suppression schemes, voters elected a House Democratic majority determined to bring real change to restore our democracy," House Speaker Nancy Pelosi and Rep. John Sarbanes (D-Md.), the legislation's lead sponsor, wrote in the Washington Post after the election.

### **RollingStone**

# Inside the Democrats' New Plan to Fight Dark Money and Voter Suppression

#### BY ANDY KROLL | JANUARY 4, 2019

Picture the 2020 elections but with a few, shall we say, tweaks to how politics work in this country.

Changes like: Anyone can easily register to vote online or on Election Day, which, by the way, is now a federal holiday. Want to cast your ballot early? Go for it — even if you live in a deep-red state — beginning two weeks before the election. Not to mention all early-voting sites are open four hours a day and are located near a bus stop or a subway station. Oh, and there's more incentive than ever to vote in those congressional elections because an independent commission wrestled the redistricting process out of the hands of partisan lawmakers, ripped up your state's old gerrymandered map and drew a new, saner one creating more competitive races.

As for the candidates, they go all-in to court \$20- and \$50-a-head donors because they'll get matching public funds for relying on small-dollar contributions. Child care, rent and health insurance can now be paid for with campaign funds, so that a candidate who isn't wealthy or doesn't have ready access to rich people can run for office without going broke. A new law, the DISCLOSE Act, will finally reveal who's behind those ominous dark-money-funded attack ads from a faceless group run out of a P.O. box with a bullshit name like Americans for an Awesome America.

This is obviously not the reality in which Americans currently live. But it is the world envisioned in H.R. 1, also known as the For the People Act, the first bill put forward by House Democrats after retaking the majority and returning Rep. Nancy Pelosi (D-CA) to the speakership.

On Friday morning, a group of Democrats, led by Rep. John Sarbanes (D-MD), Pelosi as well as other senior members, unveiled new details about what's included in the For the People Act. It's arguably the most ambitious piece legislation put forward by the Democratic Party in the modern era when it comes to restoring the health of American democracy.



### Democrats' Plan to Clean Up Washington Takes a Swipe at Corporate America

#### BY YLAN MUI | JANUARY 4, 2019

Democrats will unveil on Friday their sweeping effort to revamp the nation's campaign finance and voting rights laws, measures that could bring significant changes for corporate America and social media companies.

The House bill, titled The For the People Act, will be designated HR1, signifying its place at the top of the Democrats' agenda. Rep. John Sarbanes, D-Md., the bill's lead author and chairman of the Democracy Reform Task Force, said the proposal is designed to hold elected officials accountable and make government more responsive.

The bill is a "once-in-a-generation reform package that will end the dominance of big money in our politics, ensure that public servants actually serve the public and make it easier, not harder, to vote," Sarbanes said in a statement. "Once we clean up Washington and get special interests out of the way, we can get to work on a whole host of important issues that Americans care about."

### **POLITICO**

## House Democrats Unveil Bill to Obtain Trump's Tax Returns, Put Checks on White House

#### BY MAGGIE SEVERNS | JANUARY 4, 2019

A day after assuming the majority, House Democrats on Friday unveiled a sweeping ethics reform package that would put new checks on the White House and require President Donald Trump to release his tax returns.

House Democrats mostly presented the package — which contains numerous changes to campaign finance and ethics law — as a set of popular good-government reforms during a Friday press conference on Capitol Hill. But the bill's proposed checks on Trump also will make it a useful cudgel for the new majority, even though the legislation is unlikely to be approved by the Senate.

. . .

"The midterm elections were monumental and indeed historic. The American people gave Congress a mandate: to finally start conducting credible oversight and start enacting reforms. Over the last two years, President Trump set the tone from the top in his administration that behaving ethically and complying with the law is optional," Cummings said. "We're better than that."

. . .

The reforms proposed by House Democrats would also make sweeping changes to voting rights, election security, lobbying and campaign-finance law. It would significantly expand public financing for elections via a matching system for small donations, give authorities more resources to investigate foreign agents who lobby in the United States and create a new code of ethics for the Supreme Court.



### America Is at a Midterm Crossroads. Let Us Count the Ways

#### BY LINDSEY MCPHERSON | JANUARY 4, 2019

The package is being introduced as H.R. 1 to show that it's the top priority of the new Democratic majority. Committees with jurisdiction over the measures will hold markups on the legislation before the package is brought to the floor sometime later this month or early in February.

H.R. 1 features a hodgepodge of policies Democrats have long promoted as solutions for protecting voters' rights and expanding access to the polls, reducing the role of so-called dark money in politics, and strengthening federal ethics laws.

The package includes several Democratic bills that have gone nowhere in previous Congresses where Republicans held the House majority. It has broad support of the Democratic Caucus and will provide the new majority, which is roughly split between moderate and progressive members, an opportunity to show they can unify around significant policy changes.

Democrats say making a massive government overhaul package the first major bill they advance will prove to voters who gave them the majority that they're willing to change Washington.

Passing H.R. 1 will "restore integrity to government, so that people can have confidence that government works for the people, not the special interests," Speaker Nancy Pelosi said in a floor speech Thursday upon accepting the gavel.



### House Dems Target Trump Tax Returns As Part of Lead-Off Ethics Package

### BY BROOKE SINGMAN | JANUARY 4, 2019

The package as a whole aims to address voting to make registration and polling access easier for citizens, in addition to tightening election security. But specifically, the legislation requires presidents to disclose at least 10 years of their tax returns to the public, in an apparent swipe at Trump.

. . .

The reform package, H.R. 1, the "For the People Act," also aims to "end the dominance of big money" and "reduce the role of money" in politics, by requiring political organizations to disclose their big-money contributors and donors, introduces a multiple-matching system for small political donations to "break special interests'," and tightens rules of super PACs.

The bill also bans foreign contributions in campaigns and requires PACs and organizations to disclose the identities of their donors who contribute more than \$10,000.

"We heard loud and clear the American people feel left out and want us to clean the culture of corruption, and they want it to be easy, not hard, to register to vote in America," Democracy Reform Task Force Chairman Rep. John Sarbanes, D-Md., said at a press conference Friday.

### The Modesto Bee

### Keeping Our Promise to the Valley, Starting Day 1

BY JOSH HARDER (OP-ED) | JANUARY 3, 2019

Last year, I promised that if elected to Congress, I'd put the needs of the Central Valley first.

It's why I committed to refusing all corporate PAC (political action committee) campaign donations. It's also why I helped lead a charge to make anti-corruption legislation a top priority in the new Congress.

I am proud that one of the first bills introduced in the new Congress will be the sweeping anti-corruption legislation we pushed for. There are a lot of issues we need to tackle in the new Congress, but year after year the corrupting influence of big money in politics has been the single biggest obstacle to getting things done.

. . .

This anti-corruption bill reins in money in politics by requiring Super-PACs and "dark money" groups to disclose their donors. It institutes stricter rules for lobbying and forbids members of Congress from spending public money on first-class airfare. It also stops members from using taxpayer money to pay judgments in sexual harassment cases.

This is an ambitious list, but it's what the moment calls for. It's what the Central Valley deserves. Because at the end of the day, our democracy should be open to every American, not just special interests.

### The New York Times

### The Watergate Class of '74 Has Valuable Lessons for Freshman Democrats

BY MARK SCHMITT (OP-ED) | JANUARY 3, 2019

The Democratic caucus has announced plans to make a package of political reforms, including the provisions to encourage small donors long championed by John Sarbanes, Democrat of Maryland, their top priority, bearing the symbolic bill number H.R. 1. In addition to highlighting corruption and the corrosive consequences of the post-Citizens United era, such reforms, if they were ever to pass, could give elected officials a way to stay in better touch with their districts, spending more time with voters and that way keeping the vital, diverse local dimension of politics alive even in a time of deep national polarization.



### **Democrats Will Restore the Promise of Our Democracy**

#### BY DAVID CICILLINE AND JOHN SARBANES (OP-ED) | JANUARY 3, 2019

Across the political spectrum, hardworking Americans are exasperated with a government that's out of touch with their needs. They watch from the bleachers as the Republican administration and Republican-controlled Congress reward wealthy donors and well-connected special interests, while leaving ordinary American families behind. Whether it's providing massive giveaways to the fossil fuel industry, blocking efforts to lower the costs of prescription drugs, eroding workers' rights or tearing down critical consumer protections, it's clear that our current political system does not put the public's interests first.

That's why heading into this year's midterm elections, Democrats made an important promise to the American people: If elected, we would clean up the chaos and corruption in Washington, fix this rigged system and fight for the people. Despite Republican-led efforts across the country to draw gerrymandered congressional districts, flood our politics with special-interest money and suppress the vote, the American people elected a wave of Democratic candidates who are committed to unrigging our broken political system and making it more responsive to the public. And in the early days of 2019, the new Democratic majority in the U.S. House of Representatives will deliver on that promise. On Day 1, we will introduce H.R. 1 – a sweeping anti-corruption and democracy reform package that will return us to government of, by and for the people.

First, we will rein in the influence of big money in our politics. That means bringing more transparency to our campaign finance system and empowering everyday Americans with a powerful new system that rewards and amplifies small donors.



Second, we will make sure that public servants actually serve the public, not use their office for personal gain. That means strengthening ethics across all three branches of government, ending the revolving door in Washington and reining in lobbyists.

Third, we will protect every citizen's right to vote. That means promoting national automatic voter registration, expanding early and absentee voting, building the case to restore the Voting Rights Act, ending voter roll purging, safeguarding our election infrastructure from foreign attackers and cracking down on partisan gerrymandering.

These are the critical, systemic reforms that will revive our democracy, make it more fair, and importantly, make sure that it actually works for the people. Because when government works for the many, and not the money, we'll be able to deliver policy outcomes that most American want to see. That includes raising wages and creating millions of good-paying jobs; lowering prescription drug costs and improving access to world-class medical treatment; making real investments in our infrastructure; increasing pathways to high-quality education; ending LGBTQ discrimination and enshrining LGBTQ rights by passing the Equality Act, reforming our nation's immigration system and passing the Dream Act, giving rise to universal high-speed internet; and protecting American consumers – among a whole host of other issues.

The American people want real change – not talking points, not gimmicks, not false promises. Democrats get it. That's why we're determined to do whatever it takes to restore our democracy and give Americans their voice and their power back.



## New Polling Shows Voters — Including Independents — Want Congress to Pass an Anti-Corruption Bill

#### BY ELLA NILSEN | JANUARY 3, 2019

Embracing anti-corruption and pro-democracy reforms are very good politics, and there's polling from End Citizens United, shared exclusively with Vox, to back that up. The organization's survey found that 75 percent of 2018 voters in battleground House districts said cracking down on Washington corruption was their top priority, followed by 71 percent who wanted to protect Social Security and Medicare, and 70 percent who listed growing the economy and jobs.

House Democrats are listening; Their first bill of the year is HR 1, a massive anticorruption bill aimed at stamping out the influence of money in politics, curtailing Washington lobbying, and expanding voting rights.

"We designed it in response to what the public is demanding," said Rep. John Sarbanes (D-MD), who has been spearheading the legislation.

### <u>Intelligencer</u>

## Democrats' First Bill in New Congress Would Actually Drain the Swamp

#### BY SARAH JONES | JANUARY 3, 2018

H.R. 1 isn't just about Trump, or the well-established discrepancy between his campaign rhetoric and his actions as president. For Democrats, the bill is also an exercise in identity formation, a way to preview a corruption message that goes beyond superficial anti-Trumpism by incorporating a real critique of power in Washington. Public financing for elections would make candidates less reliant on major donors and corporate money, a problem that did not originate with Trump's fateful campaign announcement.

. . .

While anti-corruption rhetoric is popular, HR 1's future viability still depends on the party's commitment to it. But there's some basis for optimism. As the Wall Street Journal reported on Thursday, 49 Democratic members of the incoming Congress signed a pledge against taking corporate PAC money, and 47 signed a letter promising to make campaign finance a priority. Two years after the left-wing, populist presidential campaign of U.S. Senator Bernie Sanders highlighted the power of small donors and popularized the rejection of corporate PAC funds, the broader issue of money in politics has become a key talking point for Democrats of various persuasions.

### **THINKPROGRESS**

### House Democrats Have a Plan to Actually Drain the Swamp. Senate Republicans Are Going to Hate It.

### **BY JOHN ISRAEL | JANUARY 3, 2018**

House Democrats gained at least 40 seats in the November 2018 midterm elections, in part based on their promise to fight the culture of corruption that festered under the GOP's control. As they usher in the 116th Congress on Thursday, the new House Majority plans to hit the ground running with two packages to actually drain the swamp and take on the for-profit Trump administration. But with Republicans still controlling the Senate, one of those packages is likely going to run into the massive anti-reform roadblock that is Senator Mitch McConnell (R-KY).

As promised, incoming Speaker of the House Nancy Pelosi (D-CA) and her new majority plan to kick off the new Congress with a major sweeping anti-corruption bill — designated as H.R. 1 — and a series of House rule changes (H. Res. 6) that will address weaknesses in the House's own operating policies.

### The Boston Blobe

### First, Let's Fix the Political System

#### BY LORI TRAHAN (OP-ED) | JANUARY 2, 2019

Over the course of nearly a year on the campaign trail, I heard voters time and again express deep-seated frustration and cynicism with the way Washington works. What was holding up common-sense gun safety measures? Why do prescription drugs cost so much? Why are working families struggling to pay the mortgage, put their kids through school, and save for retirement? The American people rightly view Washington as perpetuating a rigged system that tilts for special interests over families. It's not surprising that voters' approval of Congress stands at an abysmal 21 percent. It's also not surprising that public trust in government remains at an all-time low, at a historic 18 percent. Before the 116th Congress can tackle the many problems facing working families, we need to fix our system and restore faith in democracy.

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As part of the largest Democratic freshman class elected to the House since Watergate, this Congress — and particularly my freshmen colleagues — have a mandate to fix problems in our political system, to unrig our democracy, to unmoor the entrenched special interests in Washington, and to usher in a new standard of ethics and integrity that ensures that public servants serve the public, not line their own pockets.

My first act as a member of Congress will be to cosponsor H.R. 1, a comprehensive package of reforms to our system of government. I hope and expect that the House of Representatives will move quickly to pass this important legislation.

### The New York Times

### **Cleaning the Congressional Stables**

#### BY THE EDITORIAL BORAD | DECEMBER 31, 2018

From petty grifting to allegations of treason, the early Trump era has offered a survey course in how to diminish public faith in democratic institutions. All signs are that the coming years will prove even more instructive.

Which is why it's crucial for Democratic lawmakers to stay focused on and fired up about their emerging, much-hyped crusade to clean up Washington. Inspired by the rolling spectacle of Trumpian corruption, Democrats ran hard on a midterm message of reform. They pitched an overhaul of the nation's political system built around a trio of broad aims: improving access to and the integrity of the voting system, strengthening ethics laws and slashing the influence of big money.

It was a message for the moment. Americans are fed up with feeling that the system is rigged against them — to coin a phrase — and itching for leaders who will unrig it. In a September poll for NBC News and The Wall Street Journal, 77 percent of registered voters cited "reducing the influence of special interests and corruption in Washington" as either the "single most" or a "very important" factor in determining their vote for Congress. (Only "the economy" scored higher, with 78 percent.)

In October, 107 Democratic candidates delivered an open letter to Capitol Hill, calling for reform to be a top priority and vowing to make it one if elected. Dozens of those crusaders are set to take over the House on Thursday. Their voters expect them to get busy fulfilling that promise.

Enter H.R. 1, a comprehensive package of revisions to current political practice that House Democrats are looking to introduce in the opening weeks of the next Congress. While the details are still being hashed out, H.R. 1 will attempt to: establish nationwide automatic voter registration; promote early and online voting; end partisan gerrymandering; expand conflict-of-interest laws; increase oversight of lobbyists; require the disclosure of presidential tax returns; strengthen disclosure of campaign donations; set up a system of small-donor matching funds for congressional candidates; and revive the moribund matching-fund system for presidential campaigns. A plan for repairing the Voting Rights Act will move along a separate track.

The package is, by design, ambitious. Now is not the time to piddle with closing this loophole and improving that reporting rule, say reformers. Representative John Sarbanes of Maryland, the head of the caucus's Democracy Reform Task Force and the father of H.R. 1, said that House passage of such a package would be "the Big Bang moment for creating a new universe of empowerment."

Cheesy metaphors aside, central to realizing any new universe is one of the package's boldest measures: a voluntary matching-fund system to multiply the power of small donors. As this system is currently proposed, candidates would receive public matching funds at a six-to-one ratio for donations of up to \$200 in exchange for abiding by a lower dollar limit on individual contributions — say, \$1,000 rather than the current limit of \$2,700.

Such a change wouldn't stem the flood of outside money deforming the political system, but it would give candidates an alternative way to run — and provide not-so-rich Americans a greater sense that their voices can be heard. It is the foundation on which other anti-corruption efforts rest, reformers say, with a warning that if lawmakers don't address this problem, their credibility will remain in the toilet.

The data suggest that the public has an appetite for taking on campaign finance. A Pew Research poll from May found that 77 percent of Americans favor "limits on the amount of money individuals and organizations" can spend on campaigns. (This includes 71 percent of Republicans and Republican-leaning independents.) Sixty-five percent believe that new laws could effectively reduce the influence of money in politics.

At this point, the hunger for reform is so fierce among the Democratic base that the caucus will need to work to temper expectations. While H.R. 1 is near the top of incoming Speaker Nancy Pelosi's to-do list, the package will take a while to make its way to a floor vote. At least five committees have oversight of pieces of it, and even among Democrats there are competing visions for various provisions that must be worked through. Democratic House leaders are hoping to get a bill passed early in the year. And then it is likely to go nowhere fast.

One reason H.R. 1 can be so big and bold is that it is mostly an expression of what Democrats would like to do rather than what has any real shot at moving through this divided government. Even staunch fans of the measure expect the Republican majority leader, Mitch McConnell, to jam it up in the Senate. The phlegmatic Mr. McConnell may not get worked up about much, but over the years he has consistently displayed a fierce passion for strangling anything resembling campaign finance reform.

The package could prove awkward for Republican members in other areas as well. For instance, measures to make voting easier might be a hard sell in a party that appears to have so vigorously committed to curtailing voter access.

Realistically speaking, enacting even pieces of a bill like H.R. 1 is more of a medium- to longish-term legislative goal. But this does not diminish the urgency of passing the package in the House as a declaration of Democrats' commitment. Its champions seem to grasp this. Mr. Sarbanes expressed optimism that serious revisions could be achieved within a couple of election cycles — but only if Democrats move quickly to get people fired up and then "keep the pressure on."

Even the most ethically bankrupt politician can spout drivel about "draining the swamp." For the next couple of years, Democrats' challenge is to keep this issue hot enough to make life uncomfortable for reform foes like Mr. McConnell — and to make clear to voters what must be done if they want to take this crusade beyond one chamber of Congress.



## Democratic House Will Address Most Important Civil Rights Issue in Half Century

BY LAWRENCE LESSIG (OP-ED) | DECEMBER 19, 2018

In its first act next January, the new House is scheduled to take up the most important civil rights bill in half a century. The bill signals a profoundly comprehensive understanding of the flaws that have evolved within our democracy. That it is scheduled first screams a recognition that these flaws must be fixed first, if we're to have a Congress that is free to do the other critically important work that Congress must do. But that the bill is all but invisible to anyone outside the beltway signals the most important gap left in this most important fight to make representative democracy in America possible — if not again, then finally.

The bill — denominated H.R. 1 — is a radically comprehensive and practical fix to all but one of the critical failures of our evolved system of representative democracy. Crafted primarily by Representative John Sarbanes (D-MD), the bill recognizes that there are multiple flaws within our democracy and that these flaws must be addressed together.

### The Washington Post

## The Democratic House Is Taking on Ethics Reform First. We Need It.

#### BY THE EDITORIAL BOARD | DECEMBER 15, 2018

House Democrats won a majority in the next Congress not because they are unified behind Medicare-for-all — they are not — or because they favor an infrastructure plan — which President Trump does, too. They won in some previously GOP-friendly areas because they promised an alternative to Mr. Trump's undignified, cynical behavior.

They appear to have received voters' message. The first major action the new Democratic majority plans to take next year is not the embrace of a left-wing ideological hobby horse, but an ambitious plan to tighten up the nation's democratic procedures, combat big money in politics and enhance political ethics rules. Senate Republicans may balk at the bill, set to be the first filed in the House next year. But they will have a hard time explaining why.

The plan will be finalized over the coming weeks, but the outlines are becoming clear. Democrats will make the biggest push to fight money in politics since the early 2000s, finally adapting the nation's rules to the reality ushered in by the Supreme Court's Citizens United ruling. The origins of the dark money sloshing around the political system would have to be disclosed.

If the early indications hold, there would also be a new public financing system for candidates that would amplify the power of small-value donations. Every dollar donated would be matched at a high rate — perhaps 6 to 1 — by public funds if candidates voluntarily submitted to the small-donor program. Local-level experiments with this sort of public financing program have shown promise. If

Democrats are to make a statement on how the political system should be working, this is a crucial element of the bill that must remain in the package.

Also important are elections reforms, which would make the process of voting safer and less of a hassle. Voter registration should be automatic unless individuals opt out, as is the case in California and Oregon. Early voting should be readily available. Election security should be bolstered well before the 2020 election. The nation must invest more money in better voting equipment. Congress has wide authority over how states conduct federal elections. It can require much more than it now does. Also well within its power is updating and repairing the Voting Rights Act to better protect minorities' access to the ballot box.

After two years of seemingly nonstop scandal, ethics reforms are badly needed. All presidents should be required to release their tax returns. Members of Congress should not be able to serve on corporate boards.

A proposal that reflects these priorities would not be some loony left-wing monstrosity. Most — if not all — of these reforms should be bipartisan. If "H.R. 1" turns out to be nothing more than a messaging bill, it will reflect more on the opponents who blocked it than on the new Democratic majority pushing it forward.

### The Philadelphia Inquirer

## From Day One, Democrats Will Fight to Restore Ethics to Politics

#### BY MARY GAY SCANLON AND JOHN SARBANES (OP-ED) | DECEMBER 14, 2018

As we speak with newly elected members of Congress from across the country, we hear one loud, clear, and consistent refrain — that many of them decided to run for office to restore faith in our democratic institutions and return us to a government of, by, and for the people.

Democratic leadership in Congress has heard this call too, and has stated unequivocally that the very first order of business in the 116th Congress will be to introduce and pass a comprehensive reform bill that will diminish the role of money in politics, restore ethics and integrity to our government, and make sure that every American has access to the ballot box.

On Election Day, Americans held a referendum on the kind of government they want to see. Voters here in Pennsylvania and across the country made clear they want to reestablish the shared ideals that have served as the bedrock of our democracy for more than two centuries. They want to end the corrosive influence of wealthy donors and well-connected special interests. They want public servants to serve the public, not strive for self-enrichment. And they want to make it easier, not harder, to vote.

. . .

To the people of Pennsylvania and all Americans, we have heard your calls for change, and Democrats stand ready to give you the government you deserve.



## Big Washington Clean-Up Bill Leads House Democrats' List

### BY DAIVD MORGAN | DECEMBER 14, 2018

When the Democrats take over the U.S. House of Representatives in three weeks, their first order of business is expected to be a wide-ranging bill about political corruption, voter disenfranchisement and cleaning up campaign finance.

. . .

H.R. 1 is about putting a positive set of reforms out there to fix some of the systemic problems we have," said Democratic Representative John Sarbanes, who is leading the effort.

. . .

The bill is expected to be introduced soon after the 2019-20 Congress convenes on Jan. 3, with hearings to follow. House committees will prepare separate segments of the bill for a House floor vote, due within the first 100 days of 2019.

## THE AMERICAN PROSPECT

## Republicans Who Slap Voters in the Face May Be in for a Nasty Surprise

#### BY ELIZA NEWLIN CARNEY | DECEMBER 13, 2018

Republicans in Michigan and Wisconsin who have moved aggressively to steamroll voters and strip power from incoming Democratic officials appear confident that they will pay no political price, and many analysts seem to concur.... But that assumption overlooks two powerful lessons from the recent midterms: One, that gerrymandering can backfire, particularly when the political winds shift dramatically. And two, that voters are increasingly fed up with assaults on democracy.

. . .

In the recent midterms, several Democrats won in strongly GOP districts gerrymandered for Republicans, including the Eighth and 11th Districts of Michigan, the First District of South Carolina, the Fifth District of Oklahoma, and the Seventh and 32nd Districts of Texas. House Democrats in part credit their anti-corruption platform, and have pledged to approve HR 1, a reform package built on voting rights, campaign finance, redistricting, and ethics changes, as their first order of business in January.

"It's folks from across the political spectrum who are demanding this," said Maryland Democrat John Sarbanes, who chairs the House's Democracy Reform Task Force, at a Capitol Hill press conference last month. "It's not just Democrats. It's independents, it's Republicans."



### Republicans Are Rigging Democracy. We Will Fix It, With or Without Them

### BY BEN RAY LUJÁN AND JOHN SARBANES (OP-ED) | DECEMBER 11, 2018

The first legislation that the new Democratic House majority will pass next year in the 116th Congress is a sweeping package of changes to our campaign finance, ethics and voting laws. We will shine a light on the dark money in our politics, and empower small donors to own elections and drive the agenda in Washington. We will demand that public servants work for the public interest, not the special interest. We will make it easier, not harder, to vote. Together, these bold reforms will restore and protect the voice of the American people in our democracy.

Democrats should not have to pass these reforms alone.

Presidents Richard Nixon, Gerald Ford, Ronald Reagan, George H.W. Bush and George W. Bush all renewed and strengthened the Voting Rights Act. The late Republican Sen. John McCain joined with progressive Sen. Russ Feingold to pass the Bipartisan Campaign Reform Act — the most significant update of campaign finance laws since Watergate. In response to the lobbying scandals of the mid-2000s, 411 bipartisan members of the House and 83 bipartisan senators passed an ethics reform bill that President George W. Bush signed into law.

Democrats in the House are ready to pass bold reforms. We sincerely hope that our colleagues on the other side of the aisle will come to the table to help us restore power to the American people. But if the Republican-led Senate and the Republican president choose not to help fix our democracy, we will look to the American people to replace them with Democrats who will.





## House Democrats' Big Democracy Reform Package Is Good Policy, and Smart Politics

### BY LEE DRUTMAN (OPINION) | DECEMBER 10, 2018

There's a lot in the bill, including a number of ethics and disclosure and election security proposals that should be commonsense. But at heart, there are four bigticket items that would be standalone news on their own: a small-donor matching system for campaign finance, mandatory independent redistricting commissions, automatic voter registration, and felon reenfranchisement. Collectively, this is the most transformative pro-democracy package in decades.

. . .

Certainly, a few of the more modest ethics and disclosure provisions in the package, as well as the election security provisions, could win enough bipartisan support to become law as standalone bills. This would be good.

But the bigger power of H.R. 1 is that it commits Democrats to being the democracy reform party, and gives them something credible and very popular to run on in 2020. Passing this legislation now puts democracy reform atop the Democrats' agenda. This is a very promising development.



# House Democrats and Nancy Pelosi Waste No time, Announce Bill Tackling America's Corrupt Campaign Finance System

BY FRED WERTHEIMER (OP-ED) | DECEMBER 8, 2018

House Democratic Leader Nancy Pelosi, D-Calif., has revealed that political reform will be the first order of business for the Democratic House of Representatives in January. On Nov. 30, she announced that House Democrats would begin the new congressional session with an unprecedented package of reforms designed to repair our broken political system and strength our democracy.

The coming legislation, already known as H.R. 1, involves a holistic approach — covering campaign finance, voting rights and government ethics reforms. One essential feature is a new way to finance campaigns that would combat big money's corrupting influence in American politics.

Wealthy donors and special interests now drown elections in an ocean of influence-seeking and dark money. We can greatly diminish their corrupting influence on government decisions by flooding elections with small contributions, bolstered by robust public matching funds.

. . .

A difficult battle lies ahead. We are dealing with power exercised by the superrich and special interests through political donations. This is a fight that must be won to end the corrupt, rigged system in Washington — and protect the integrity and health of our democracy.



### The House Democrats' Blueprint for Taking on Trump and Republicans

#### BY JESSICA YARVIN | DECEMBER 6, 2018

House Democrats' first order of business in the next Congress will be a wideranging reforms package aimed at increasing access to the ballot box, overhauling the country's campaign finance rules, and codifying several ethics rules into law.

The ambitious piece of legislation is unlikely to make it through the Senate, where Republicans will hold a comfortable majority in the incoming Congress.

But by backing the bill, numbered HR-1, as their first official legislative proposal of the new Congress, House Democrats have laid out a blueprint for how they plan to govern as the majority and some of the ways they plan to take on the GOP-controlled Senate and President Donald Trump.

"We've actually got a plan to try to restore the democracy and give people their voice back," Rep. John Sarbanes, D-Md., who is spearheading the effort, said in an interview. "That's the kind of the foundational thing before you can go do anything else."

### Newsweek

## How House Democrats Plan to Pressure Trump, GOP Into Passing Campaign Finance, Ethics Reforms

#### BY RAMSEY TOUCHBERRY | DECEMBER 6, 2018

On Thursday, Democrats revealed a strategy to sell the sweeping reform proposal to the American people and Republicans: introducing key sections piece-by-piece, convincing the American people to support it, then pressuring congressional Republicans to pass the whole package.

. . .

Democrats say the bill will be House Resolution 1, a designation typically reserved for the most important legislation the House majority party intends to pass.

. . .

Not all the details of the Democrats' H.R. 1 are yet known, since the party continues to work on it privately and won't file it until the new session. What is known is that the bill will consist of three main categories: campaign finance, ethics and voting laws.

• • •

The strategy to pass such a measure, said Democratic Representative John Sarbanes during a call with reporters Thursday, is to "come out strong" supporting the bill in January, creating momentum that puts "pressure on all members" on "both sides of the aisle."

### HUFFPOST

### Democrats Have Their Package of Reform Bills in Hand. Here's How It All Came Together.

#### BY PAUL BLUMENTHAL | DECEMBER 1, 2018

Flanked by newly elected freshman lawmakers Friday, House Minority Leader Nancy Pelosi revealed the Democratic Party's first piece of legislation for 2019: a package of voting rights, campaign finance and ethics reforms that is meant to help restore integrity in government, one of the party's key campaign promises in the 2018 midterm elections.

The story of how the bill came to life shows how Democrats have long prepared for this moment to push a new set of reforms to change the way Washington works.

. . .

That process has been led by Rep. John Sarbanes, a six-term congressman from Maryland who became a fierce advocate of campaign finance reform after growing frustrated with the way political candidates are pressured to raise money from big donors.

. . .

This successful advocacy within the caucus moved Pelosi to appoint him as head the party's Democracy Reform Task Force in February 2017. He set out to craft and build support for democracy reform legislation and respond to the endless stream of ethical malfeasance emanating from the Trump administration. Pelosi empowered Sarbanes and the task force by putting no limits on its work.

"She wasn't prescriptive beyond saying, in a sense, collect the best evidence as to where and how our democratic system is failing and start assembling good ideas and proposals for how we can fix that," Sarbanes said.

With the help of a diverse group of vice chairs, Sarbanes held town halls and roundtables around the country, meeting with pollsters and reform advocates and debating legislation with fellow lawmakers. This enabled the task force to build broad-based support and empower lawmakers from every part of the country.

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The work of the task force was rolled into Democrats' campaign messaging as the "Better Deal for Our Democracy" in May. Candidates had already adopted reformist postures on their own by rejecting corporate PAC contributions and endorsing broad reforms. These ideas were popular topics on the campaign trail, where voters held strong beliefs that nothing could be done in Washington because of the corrupting influence of money.

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Sarbanes campaigned with candidates including Malinowski and Spanberger to push the party's new democracy reform message with the aim of electing a new class dedicated to reform to help carry the legislation over the finish line once in office.

. . .

Sarbanes campaigned with candidates including Malinowski and Spanberger to push the party's new democracy reform message with the aim of electing a new class dedicated to reform to help carry the legislation over the finish line once in office.

. . .

The incoming lawmakers will still have time to add to the bill in the coming months. Sarbanes and the task force's vice chairs are still meeting with members to discuss their ideas. He will address the Congressional Progressive Caucus about the bill next week. And the bill will go through three committees with jurisdiction: administration, judiciary, and oversight and government reform.

Democrats, both newly elected and long-serving, say they believe that these reforms must be done first to be able to tackle the other issues they care about, such as lowering pharmaceutical prices, reforming trade deals and enacting gun control.

. . .

Sarbanes says that even if Republicans torpedo their legislation, it's a winning issue for Democrats. The party, he says, must brand itself as the anti-corruption party not only because it's the right thing to do but because it's what the public demands.

"I'd love to live in a world where the right thing to do is also a political winner," Sarbanes said.

### The Washington Post

### Democrats to Unveil Political Reform Legislation As 'H.R. 1'

#### BY MIKE DEBONIS | NOVEMBER 30, 2018

House Democratic leaders on Friday unveiled the outline of a broad political overhaul bill that will include provisions for public financing of elections, voting rights reforms and new ethics strictures for federal officials.

The bill has been in the works for months as part of Democrats' "For the People" campaign platform, a framework that helped them win the House majority in this month's midterm elections.

Numerous outside groups aligned with Democrats have pushed the party's House leaders to schedule a reform bill as their first order of business, and House Minority Leader Nancy Pelosi (D-Calif.) announced before the election that the bill would be designated "H.R. 1" — a symbolic title meant to emphasize its importance, even if it is unlikely to be the first piece of legislation to get a House vote in the new Congress.

"It's folks from across the political spectrum that are demanding this," said Rep. John Sarbanes (D-Md.), the principal author of the plan, who stood alongside Pelosi and several members of the incoming freshman class at a news conference.



### House Democrats' 1st Bill Aims for Sweeping Reforms

#### BY LISA MASCARO | NOVEMBER 30, 2018

House Democrats on Friday unveiled more details of their first bill for the new Congress, a good-government package that would limit big money in politics, make it easier for citizens to vote and require presidents to disclose their tax returns.

The legislation, called H.R. 1, sets the tone for Democrats as they take the majority in January, though prospects for passage are murky. Republicans will still be in charge of the Senate and the White House, and it's unlikely they'll sign off on some of the proposals, which are still in the works.

Still, Democratic Leader Nancy Pelosi voiced optimism about prospects for the legislation.

"Our best friend in this debate is the public," Pelosi said. "We believe that it will have great support and that message won't get lost on the Senate or on the president of the United States."

. . .

Several incoming Democratic representatives joined Pelosi and the bill's primary author, Rep. John Sarbanes, D-Md., in promoting the package. They said that tackling ethics and transparency out of the gate in 2019 could help with other priorities such as expanding access to affordable health care and immigration reform.



## House Democrats Unveil Their First Bill in the Majority: A Sweeping Anti-Corruption Proposal

#### BY ELLA NILSEN | NOVEMBER 30, 2018

House Democrats unveiled details of their first bill in the new Congress on Friday
— a sweeping anti-corruption bill aimed at stamping out the influence of money
in politics and expanding voting rights.

This is House Resolution 1 — the first thing House Democrats will tackle after the speaker's vote in early January. To be clear, this legislation has little-to-no chance of passing the Republican-controlled Senate or being signed by President Donald Trump.

But by making anti-corruption their No. 1 priority, House Democrats are throwing down the gauntlet for Republicans. A vast majority of Americans want to get the influence of money out of politics, and want Congress to pass laws to do so, according to a 2018 Pew Research survey. Given Trump's multitude of scandals, it looks bad for Republicans to be the party opposing campaign finance reform — especially going into 2020.



## House Democratic Priorities in New Congress: Trump Tax Returns and Tackling Corruption

#### BY LAUREN FOX AND CLARE FORAN | NOVEMBER 30, 2018

House Democrats on Friday unveiled the outline for their first legislative push in the new Congress -- a bill that would aimed at substantial government reforms on everything from voter rights to campaign finance to ethics requirements in Washington to the documents presidential candidates must hand over when they win the nomination.

. . .

Longtime House Democratic leader Nancy Pelosi, who is vying to reclaim the title of House speaker next year, said on Friday at a news conference on the legislative push that the new class of incoming House Democrats is focused on "integrity in government."

Pelosi added that it "will be transformative to Congress when we reduce the role of money, amplify the voice of everyday Americans so that they know that their voices matter."

. . .

Dean Phillips, an incoming Democratic lawmaker from Minnesota, said during the news conference that voters want House Democrats to "tackle the culture of corruption in Washington."

"It's time to elevate the common interest over special interests, time to return to a government that is of the people, by the people, and for the people. It's as simple as that," Phillips said.

A fact sheet on the legislation describes three main goals: improving voting access by making it easier to vote, pushing back on big money in politics through a variety of reforms and making sure that "public officials work for the public interest."

The effort to debut a legislative package even before the next Congress starts is an indication that House Democrats are already working to push a unified message to the American public about what they stand for, what they will do in power, and how they will deliver for voters.

### **POLITICO**

# First Bill for House Democratic Majority: Campaign Finance, Ethics Reform

#### BY MAGGIE SEVERNS | NOVEMBER 30, 2018

House Democrats on Friday unveiled a sweeping reform proposal that would create automatic voter registration and enact campaign finance and ethics changes, the first bill they plan to push when they take charge of the chamber next year.

The bill will receive the designation of H.R.1 in the next Congress, a sign of its importance to House leaders and to newly elected members who ran campaigns promising to clean up Washington. It is expected to receive early attention in the next Congress.

. . .

"There's a lot of people out there in the country who feel right now that Washington doesn't listen to them, their democracy doesn't work for them, and they're kind of left out and locked out," Rep. John Sarbanes (D-Md.), who chairs the Democracy Reform Task Force and has been spearheading work on the bill, said at a press conference to unveil it.

"It's a once-in-a-generation opportunity to make a bold, proud declaration back to the American people that we get it, we hear you, we want to give you your voice back," he said.



### With H.R. 1, Democrats Announce a New Program for Electoral Reform

### BY OSITA NWANEVU | NOVEMBER 30, 2018

When the new Congress convenes in January, the very first item on its to-do list will be H.R. 1, a package of good-government and election reforms unveiled Friday by Minority Leader Nancy Pelosi and a group of legislators led by John Sarbanes, of Maryland. Its contents haven't been fully composed yet, but Pelosi and Sarbanes previewed its three parts in a Washington Post op-ed earlier this week: a voting-rights plank that includes updates to the Voting Rights Act, measures to address gerrymandering, and automatic voter registration; an ethics plank that requires the President to disclose his or her tax returns and bans the use of taxpayer funds for congressional sexual-harassment settlements; and a campaign-finance plank that offers matching federal funds for small-dollar donations and requires super pacs to publicly disclose their donors.

. . .

H.R. 1 will be the culmination of years of anxiety and anger among Democrats about the impact that voter suppression, gerrymandering, and post Citizens-United campaign finance have had on their electoral prospects and on American democracy as a whole. But its proposals are already a step behind those of progressive activists, which include granting statehood to Puerto Rico and D.C.

. . .

H.R. 1 will not satisfy such demands, but it makes clear that reforming our democracy now resides near the top of the Party's agenda.



## House Democrats' First Bill in Power to Focus on Political Reform

#### BY MIKE ALLEN | NOVEMBER 30, 2018

House Democratic leaders will announce a political reform bill symbolically named "H.R. 1" on Friday as their first order of business upon assuming power early next year, targeting election financing, voting rights reforms and more, per the Washington Post.

The big picture: The bill sets the tone for Democrats' priorities once they retake the House in the age of President Trump under presumptive Speaker Nancy Pelosi. It'll seek to expand voting access for Americans and grant more federal money to strengthen state election security, per the AP. And, in a broadside to some of Trump's most controversial actions, the bill would create a Supreme Court code of ethics and require presidents to release their tax returns.



### **House Democrats Promote Anti-Corruption Legislation**

### BY DANIELLE HAYNES | NOVEMBER 30, 2018

House Democrats unveiled an anti-corruption bill Friday, the group's first legislation since taking control of the chamber earlier this month.

Democratic leader Nancy Pelosi of California announced House Resolution 1 during a news conference at the Capitol. She called the legislation "transformative."

"One of the issues that emerged in the campaign ... is the integrity of government as part of our for-the-people agenda," she said. The legislation seeks to reduce the role of money in the government and protect voting rights. It will "amplify the voice of every American," Pelosi said.

A Pew poll released in May found that 77 percent of Americans believe there should be limits on the amount of money individuals and groups should spend on campaigns. Sixty-five percent said new laws could be effective in reducing the impact of money on politics. "Our best friend in this debate is the public," Pelosi said.

"We believe it will have great support. "Rep. John Sarbanes, D-Md., who joined Pelosi at the news conference, said the plan was to have a bill ready for a vote Jan. 3, the first day of the new session in Congress.



### Sarbanes, Fellow Democrats Say First Bill of New U.S. House Will Seek to 'Drain the Swamp' with Reforms

#### BY JEFF BARKER | NOVEMBER 30, 2018

Rep. John Sarbanes and other House Democrats announced plans Friday for their first bill of the new, Democratic-controlled House of Representatives — a political reform measure they say would "drain the swamp" in a way President Donald Trump has not.

The measure contains ethics reform, campaign finance reform and voting rights protections, and is designed "to make a powerful statement right out of the gate," said Sarbanes, the Baltimore County Democrat who is the measure's principal author. It is to be introduced when the new Congress convenes Jan. 3.

Sarbanes chairs a government reform task force whose principal concerns — including minimizing the influence of special interests and ensuring fair elections — are poised to receive more attention in the new Congress. Democratic leaders believe reform issues resonated with voters in the Nov. 6 midterm elections, and they are eager to pursue bills such as Sarbanes'.

"Our best friend in this debate is the public," said Rep. Nancy Pelosi, the California Democrat nominated by the party to be the next House speaker.

She appeared at a news conference with Sarbanes and said his legislation would be the "first order of business" in the new Congress.



### House Dems Will Aim to Stunt the Influence of Big Money in Politics in First Vote of New Congress

#### BY SHIRA TARLO | NOVEMBER 30, 2018

House Democrats on Friday revealed the outline of a sweeping anti-corruption legislative package that aims to stunt the influence of big money in politics, expand voting rights and require presidential nominees to release their tax returns — a direct rebuke of President Donald Trump, who has so far refused to do just that.

The bill, which will receive the designation of H.R.1 in the next Congress, would require all political organizations to disclose their donors, call to "end partisan gerrymandering," push for national automatic voter registration and create a national strategy to protect voting systems from outside interference, the Washington Post reports. It is expected to be the first proposal Democrats plan to push in Congress when they seize control of the lower chamber this January.

"There's a lot of people out there in the country who feel right now that Washington doesn't listen to them – their democracy doesn't work for them – and they're kind of left out and locked out," Rep. John Sarbanes (D-Md.), the principal author of the bill, said at a press conference unveiling the legislation, according to Politico. Sarbanes is a longtime advocate of campaign finance reform and has disavowed corporate PAC money.

### The Washington Post

# The Democratic Majority's First Order of Business: Restore Democracy

### BY NANCY PELOSI AND JOHN SARBANES (OP-ED) | NOVEMBER 25, 2018

Earlier this month, Americans went to the polls and sent a powerful message: The election not only was a resounding verdict against Republicans' assault on Americans' health care and wages, but it also was a vote to rescue our broken democracy.

In the face of a torrent of special-interest dark money, partisan gerrymandering and devious vote-suppression schemes, voters elected a House Democratic majority determined to bring real change to restore our democracy.

During the campaign, Democrats declared unequivocally that we would clean up corruption to make Washington work for the people. We pledged to reduce the role of money in politics, to restore ethics and integrity to government, and to strengthen voting laws.

We now have our marching orders. The new Democratic House is ready to deliver with H.R. 1: a bold reform package to restore the promise of our democracy — a government of, by and for the people.

First, let's end the dominance of money in politics. For far too long, big-money and corporate special interests have undermined the will of the people and subverted policymaking in Washington — enabling soaring health-care costs and prescription drug prices, undermining clean air and clean water for our children, and blocking long-overdue wage increases for hard-working Americans. So let's rein in the unaccountable "dark money" unleashed by the Supreme Court's Citizens United v. Federal Election Commission decision by requiring all

political organizations to disclose their donors and by shutting down the shell game of big-money donations to super PACs. We must also empower hardworking Americans in our democracy by building a 21st-century campaign-finance system — combining small-donor incentives and matching support — to increase and multiply the power of small donors. Wealthy special interests shouldn't be able to buy more influence than the workers, consumers and families who should be our priority in Washington.

Next, let's make sure that when public servants get to Washington, they serve the public. Restoring the public's trust means closing the revolving door between government and private industries, and imposing strong new ethics laws to stop officials from using their public office for personal gain. To do so, we will expand conflict-of-interest laws, ban members of Congress from serving on for-profit boards, revamp the oversight authority of the Office of Government Ethics and prohibit public servants from receiving bonus payments from their former employers to enter government. We'll curb the influence of high-powered Washington insiders by closing lobbyist registration loopholes that allow bigmoney power brokers and foreign actors to operate in the shadows. That way, well-connected special interests won't be able to steer the policy agenda away from the priorities of the American public.

Finally, let's make it easier, not harder, to vote. Since the Supreme Court took the teeth out of the Voting Rights Act, Republican political operatives have increasingly turned to blatant schemes to make it more difficult for the Americans left behind to participate in elections — a narrow agenda all too often targeted at communities of color.

We must renew the Voting Rights Act to protect every citizen's access to the ballot box and restore the vital safeguard of pre-clearance requirements for areas with a history of voter suppression. We will promote national automatic voter registration, bolster our critical election infrastructure against foreign attackers, and put an end to partisan gerrymandering once and for all by establishing

federal guidelines to outlaw the practice. No American should face hours-long lines, broken voting machines or rules rigged to keep their vote from being counted in our elections.

These are the reforms that will ultimately change the balance of power in Washington. When we get dark money out of politics, clean up corruption and ensure fair elections, we will dismantle the ability of special interests to stack the deck of our democracy and our economy against hard-working Americans.

And with a system that works for the people, we will deliver policy outcomes that make life better for all Americans: We will lower health-care costs and out-of-control prices for prescription drugs. We will rebuild the United States' infrastructure, raise the minimum wage and put leverage back in the hands of workers and consumers. We will finally advance common-sense, bipartisan solutions to prevent gun violence. We will confront discrimination with the Equality Act , pass the Dream Act to protect the patriotic young undocumented immigrants who came here as children, and take the first step toward comprehensive immigration reform.

We have a responsibility to honor the vision of our founders, the sacrifices made to expand the right to vote and our duty to the American people. With bold action to fix what is broken in our democracy, we can make progress for working families and renew Americans' trust in Congress to tackle the issues that matter most.

### Nation

# Americans Not Only Favor Democrats, They Favor Democracy

### BY ADAM EICHEN | NOVEMBER 20, 2018

House Democrats have pledged that the first bill introduced in the new Congress will be an omnibus pro-democracy package, which will reportedly include many of the policies voters favored on Tuesday: automatic voter registration, public financing for congressional elections, and independent redistricting commissions for congressional districts. The bill would also restore the Voting Rights Act, which was gutted by the Supreme Court's Shelby decision in 2013.

Democratic Representative John Sarbanes of Maryland, who authored the blueprint for this package, told The Nation that the Democrats plan to deliver on the "clear message" sent in this election to "make government more responsive to the people." This democracy omnibus bill, according to Sarbanes, will "end the dominance of big money in our politics, ensure that public servants behave in Washington and make it easier, not harder, to vote."

There's no doubt: progress was made this election cycle to unrig our democracy. But these wins didn't happen in a vacuum. Over the past few years, there has been a growing democracy movement to advocate for fundamental democracy reforms. Activists across the country, from North Carolina to Alaska, have organized across identities and partisan divisions, often in the face of tremendous opposition, to make sure all voters have a voice and can participate in our elections. The Democratic Party would do well to support this movement. After all, it's what the American people want.



# How Democrats Will Rule: Roadmap Drafted for House Overhaul

#### BY LISA MASCARO | NOVEMBER 15, 2018

House Democrats unveiled a draft rules package Thursday for how they would govern the chamber when they take over the majority in the new Congress next year.

The changes are large and small, from a requirement to post legislation at least 72 hours before action is taken to restoring some floor rights for the resident commissioner from Puerto Rico and other nonvoting delegates.

. . .

The topics touch on several areas — budgeting, oversight, diversity and the legislative process, among others.

It ensures that the first bill of the new Congress, H.R. 1, will be a sweeping package of good-government reforms, with provisions on voting rights and campaign finance. It is being crafted by Rep. John Sarbanes, D-Md.



### Democrats Say Their First Bill Will Focus on Strengthening Democracy at Home

#### BY PETER OVERBY | NOVEMBER 12, 2018

Democrats will take control of the U.S. House in January with big items topping their legislative to-do list: Remove obstacles to voting, close loopholes in government ethics law and reduce the influence of political money.

Party leaders say the first legislative vote in the House will come on H.R. 1, a magnum opus of provisions that Democrats believe will strengthen U.S. democratic institutions and traditions.

"It's three very basic things that I think the public wants to see," said Rep. John Sarbanes (D-Md.), who spearheads campaign finance and government ethics efforts for the House Democratic Caucus. He said H.R. 1 will "demonstrate that we hear that message loud and clear."





### Momentum Builds for Dems to Take on Campaign Finance Reform

### BY MICHAEL BURKE | NOVEMBER 11, 2018

Momentum is building within the House Democratic Caucus to move aggressively on campaign finance reform next year after candidates promised the issue would be at the center of their agenda if they took back the majority.

Half of the new Democrats elected to Congress have refused to take corporate PAC money, according to the grass-roots organization End Citizens United, which advocates for campaign finance reform.

Separately, more than 100 Democratic House candidates signed a letter sent last month calling for sweeping reforms, including the disclosure of all political spending. At least 34 of those candidates won their elections, according to End Citizens United, with a few races remaining too close to call.

Members of the party's leadership also said that campaign finance reform would be at the top of the agenda, a pledge they've since doubled down upon.

House Minority Leader Nancy Pelosi (D-Calif.) said Wednesday the party would work to "reduce the role of dark, special interest money" as she talked about the new majority's workload and priorities.



### RAWSTORY

### Investigations Are Coming: Here's How Democrats Will Make Government Ethics the Priority in 2019

#### BY AMANDA MARCOTTE | NOVEMBER 10, 2018

There's a "desire of the everyday Americans to get their voice back," Rep. John Sarbanes, a Maryland Democrat, told me on the phone Thursday. He said the newly elected first-time congressional representatives report that their constituents want restoring democracy and accountability to government to be a top-line priority once the Democratic majority is gaveled in.

Sarbanes intends to lead the way by introducing a bill that would shore up the Voting Rights Act, closes some loopholes in ethics laws and regulate campaign finance more strictly. He says he has the support of Democratic leadership and plans for this bill to be the first one offered in the 2019 legislative session.

Bringing the bill up as HR1, denoting that it's the first bill of the year, will be a "big-bang, thunderclap statement back to the electorate," Sarbanes said, letting voters know the Democrats have put a priority on ending government corruption and protecting the right to vote.



# Following House Win, Democrats Vow to Clean Up Capitol Hill and Trump Administration

### BY PETER OVERBY | NOVEMBER 7, 2018

AILSA CHANG, HOST: Cleaning up Washington was a campaign rallying cry for Democrats. They promised to go after corruption in the Trump administration, and they vow that their first piece of legislation will aim to strengthen integrity in government.

. . .

PETER OVERBY, BYLINE: ... But before the House Democrats investigate the administration, their first order of business in January will be a bill to fix some other problems. Leading the charge is Maryland Congressman John Sarbanes.

JOHN SARBANES: It's three very basic things that I think the public wants to see. Make it easy and not hard to vote in America. Serve with ethics and integrity. And don't get tangled up in the money.

OVERBY: By the money, he means political cash. This election, money came at campaigns from more places and in larger volumes than ever before. Super PACs and political nonprofits were prominent. But at the same time, small donors showered record sums on many of the Democratic candidates. The reform bill would promote more small-dollar giving. The other provisions of the bill would restore protections in the Voting Rights Act and close loopholes in ethics laws. Sarbanes said the midterms offer a launching pad for the bill.



### Democrats Just Won the House. Here's What They Plan to Do First.

### BY ALANA ABRAMSON | NOVEMBER 7, 2018

Although the exact margin has yet to be determined, Democrats are now projected to hold a majority, thanks to voters unhappy with the Trump Administration, and the first order of business will be highlighting transparency and accountability.

The first major legislative effort will be an ethics reform package that is expected to incorporate proposals for campaign finance reform, voting rights and ethics and accountability. The bill is still being drafted, but Democrats are expecting it to introduce it early in the new Congress. Other top priorities include infrastructure and reducing prescription drug prices. All of these topics theoretically have potential for bipartisan cooperation, although it remains to be seen whether that will actually come to fruition.

At the same time, the incoming chairs of 21 House committees will be looking for ways to hold the Trump Administration officials' feet to the fire, mainly by pressing forward on investigations they feel were ignored under the Republican majority.

### **Bloomberg**

### **Enter the Democrats**

#### THE EDITORIAL BOARD | NOVEMBER 7, 2018

In controlling the agenda, the new Democratic majority will be able to rebuild the House of Representatives' capacity to govern. Already high on the Democratic legislative agenda is election reform. A House resolution sponsored by Representative John Sarbanes of Maryland, backed by party leaders and dozens of Democratic House members, calls for ending partisan redistricting, enacting national automatic voter registration, restoring the Voting Rights Act (which was hobbled by a 2013 Supreme Court ruling), safeguarding election systems, and expanding and strengthening ethics laws covering both Congress and the executive.

. . .

All the while, Democrats must do what they can to elevate decency and the national interest over the partisan scrum. If they can demonstrate their ability to wield power responsibly, they'll make a convincing case that voters should give them more of it in 2020.

### The New York Times

## First Up if Democrats Win: Campaign and Ethics Changes, Infrastructure and Drug Prices

### BY NICHOLAS FANDOS | OCTOBER 31, 2018

Democrats would use their first month in the House majority to advance sweeping changes to future campaign and ethics laws, requiring the disclosure of shadowy political donors, outlawing the gerrymandering of congressional districts and restoring key enforcement provisions to the Voting Rights Act, top Democratic leaders said on Tuesday.

If they win, they would then turn to infrastructure investment and the climbing costs of prescription drugs, answering voter demands and challenging President Trump's willingness to work on shared policy priorities with a party he has vilified. The idea, said Representative Nancy Pelosi of California, the Democratic leader, is to show voters that Democrats are a governing party, not the leftist mob that Mr. Trump describes — and to extend an arm of cooperation to the president after an electoral rebuke.

. . .

At least in theory, Democrats view election and ethics reform as another issue of potential collaboration. But their legislative package of more than a dozen bills, overseen by Representative John Sarbanes of Maryland, looks more like a retort to Mr. Trump's popular campaign claims that he would "drain the swamp" in Washington — a difference Democrats have weaponized on the campaign trail.

In an echo of actions they took in 2007, the last time they assumed House control, Democrats plan to use a package of rules governing the chamber prepared by Mr. McGovern to take unilateral steps that they say will tighten ethical standards, including in a nod to an ongoing ethics scandal roiling Republicans, a ban on House members sitting on corporate boards.

Together, Ms. Pelosi said, putting those efforts first would "caffeinate" the Democrats' agenda, even if Republicans in the Senate do not take up the legislation.

"When people know the priority that we are giving to the integrity and government piece, it increases the confidence they have that we can do what we said," Ms. Pelosi said.

Chief among the legislation's provisions would be a measure by Representative Terri Sewell of Alabama that would amend the Voting Rights Act of 1965 to comply with a 2013 Supreme Court decision in *Shelby County v. Holder* that gutted the bill's key enforcement provision. In issuing its 5-4 decision, the court urged Congress to replace the scheme under which the federal government had overseen changes to election laws in states with a history of voting rights abuses.

Republicans in control of Congress at the time took a pass, and Democrats believe Ms. Sewell's bill could help counteract a new wave of election laws across the South that have limited access to the polls.

Another measure, written by Representative David Cicilline of Rhode Island, would require political nonprofit 501(c)(4)s to disclose the identity of most of their donors for the first time. Democrats would like to go further, passing a constitutional amendment to overturn the *Citizens United* decision and restore to Congress the power to limit money in politics, but those political prospects appear slim.

Yet another provision, written by Representative Zoe Lofgren of California, would require all states to establish independent commissions to draw congressional districts. Several states already employ such bodies, but gerrymandering of political boundaries is the norm in most states, allowing the party in control of state government to create the most favorable jurisdictions for its congressional elections every decade, distorting the will of voters, Democrats argue.

Also included are a series of bills tightening restrictions on federal lobbyists, beefing up the executive branch's Office of Government Ethics, which clashed with Mr. Trump early in his presidency, and requiring the president and vice president to divest any business holdings to prevent a possible conflict of interest.



### America Is at a Midterm Crossroads. Let Us Count the Ways

#### BY KATE ACKLEY | OCTOBER 30, 2018

In the House, if Democrats control the chamber, a vocal group of incumbents, including House Minority Whip Steny H. Hoyer of Maryland, along with some of the likely stars of the incoming freshman class, have called for the new majority's top priority and first order of legislative business to be a far-reaching overhaul of the nation's campaign finance, voting rights, lobbying and ethics laws.

"All of these items should be packaged, in my opinion, into one reform bill and addressed in the opening days of the next Congress," Hoyer said recently. "Democrats, if entrusted with the leadership will do exactly that. ... If Democrats can fix government we can earn the trust of voters to lead on addressing health care, infrastructure, jobs, the environment and so many other critical issues."

Hoyer's endorsement of such a measure is significant. It's the kind of talking point one would expect from Vermont independent Sen. Bernie Sanders, not Hoyer, who enjoys a friendly rapport with the nation's business community and has a long list of former aides in the K Street lobbying corridor.

A major campaign finance, lobbying, ethics and anti-corruption package would not pass the Senate, but the proposal would allow Democrats to deliver, in the House, a platform for the party, including those running for president in 2020.

"We'll be creating a new baseline of what Democrats stand for," said Rep. John Sarbanes of Maryland, who chairs the House Democrats' Democracy Reform Task Force. He said his party has big ideas on immigration, health care, gun control and a number of other issues. But first, he said, "You have to establish this idea that you're unrigging the system."



### The Washington Post

# Job No. 1 for a Democratic House? A Sweeping Good-Government Bill, Groups Say.

### BY MIKE DEBONIS | OCTOBER 31, 2018

Democratic Party leaders are under pressure from a broad coalition of liberal groups to make a sweeping government-overhaul bill their first order of business in January if the party wins a House majority.

The effort has gotten at least tentative backing from top House Democratic leaders. Minority Leader Nancy Pelosi (Calif.) and Minority Whip Steny H. Hoyer (Md.) have called for early ethics legislation and specifically praised the work of Rep. John Sarbanes (Md.), who released a broad legislative blueprint earlier this year.

But the demand from outside groups — including influential organizations such as the Service Employees International Union, Planned Parenthood, and the Leadership Conference on Civil and Human Rights — who have signed a "Declaration for American Democracy" stands to make an overhaul bill a top priority, even as Democratic candidates campaign mainly on preserving affordable health care and Social Security.

The groups are calling for legislation that expands voting-rights protections, tightens campaign finance laws and cracks down on government ethics in Washington. All three areas are addressed in the Sarbanes blueprint, although the leaders of the groups in question said Tuesday that they planned to push for action regardless of who wins the House majority.

. . .



The changes they are seeking include national automatic voter registration, ending the ability of lobbyists to "bundle" campaign donations and sending a constitutional amendment to the states to overturn the Citizens United Supreme Court decision. Each of those elements was included in a House resolution introduced in May that won support from dozens of Democrats, including the ranking members of the committees that would write the legislation.

Sarbanes said in an interview Monday that he considered the resolution to be a blueprint for further legislation, which will be cobbled together from more than 20 existing bills and further refined in the relevant committees.

The overhaul package is a political imperative as much as a policy necessity, Sarbanes said, adding that he had a "strong commitment" from leadership to move quickly on the legislation but could not guarantee it would be the very first bill put up for a vote.

"The public hates Washington and both parties with a broad brush right now. They look at us and they say, 'You're all part of the same corrupt system,' " Sarbanes said. "This is an opportunity for Democrats to establish a brand that says, 'We get it.' Every time you hand us the gavel, we're going to go make this kind of change to restore your voice. And I think doing that quickly is important."

"Put it on the floor, make the statement that Democrats get it, that we understand how angry people are," he added.

### HUFFPOST

### The First Thing Democrats Will Do If They Win The House Is Pass Anti-Corruption And Voting Rights Reforms

#### BY PAUL BLUMENTHAL | OCTOBER 31, 2018

The first bill Democrats plan to introduce and pass if they win control of the House of Representatives on Nov. 6 will be a comprehensive package of campaign finance, voting rights, redistricting and ethics reforms.

The presumptive H.R. 1 will be based on a House resolution introduced in 2018 by Rep. John Sarbanes (D-Md.) and co-sponsored by 165 Democratic House members, including the entire party leadership.

"Reform is going to be the first thing out of the gate," he said.

The bill will include the creation of a small-donor public financing system for congressional elections, the restoration of the Voting Rights Act, nationwide automatic voter registration, nonpartisan redistricting reforms for congressional elections and a host of ethics reforms to rein in corruption in Congress and the executive branch.



## Democrats Put Ethics Reform at Top of Legislative Agenda, If They Win the Midterms

### BY ALANA ABRAMSON | OCTOBER 30, 2018

With the midterm elections just over a week away, Democrats have begun touting an ethics reform package that will top their legislative agenda if they take over the House of Representatives.

On Tuesday, approximately 100 advocacy groups will announce their support for the legislation, which is still being written, as part of a campaign called "A Declaration for American Democracy."

The [democracy reform] package is expected to incorporate proposals for campaign finance reform, voting rights and ethics and accountability.

. . .

Some of the groups that have signed on are largely associated the progressive movement, like MoveOn, NARAL Pro Choice America, Planned Parenthood, and Indivisible. Others like Common Cause and Citizens for Responsibility and Ethics in Washington, are non-partisan organizations largely focused on oversight...

### HUFFPOST

# Over 100 Democrats Want the Next Congress to Prioritize Anti-Corruption Reforms

### **BY DANIEL MARANS | OCTOBER 4, 2018**

Over 100 Democratic House candidates penned a letter Thursday calling for Democrats to make campaign finance and electoral reform their highest priority in the next Congress.

The letter, signed by 107 Democratic contenders, is the latest sign that the party sees cleaning up corporate influence in Washington and other forms of corruption as a key part of its plan to take control of the House of Representatives.

. . .

"Restoring faith in our elections and in the integrity of our elected officials should be a top priority that all members of Congress can agree upon," the letter reads. "Without these reforms we will be unable to truly regain the public trust or tackle the challenges of our day, like the costs of health care and prescription drugs, the opioid epidemic, or building an economy that is strong for working families."

### The Washington Post

### The GOP Is Buying the House. Literally.

### BY DANA MILLBANK (OPINION) | SEPTEMBER 26, 2018

A poll commissioned in June by the George W. Bush Institute, the University of Pennsylvania's Biden Center and Freedom House found that "big money in politics" tied with "racism and discrimination" as the top issues.

With that in mind, 164 House Democrats have co-sponsored a "By the People Resolution" from Rep. John Sarbanes (D-Md.) promising action on voting security, automatic voter registration, nonpartisan redistricting, ethics laws, lobbying limits, disclosure of secret campaign money and a constitutional amendment undoing the *Citizens United* ruling.

The resolution, introduced in June with the support of Democratic leaders, has zero chance of coming to a vote. It is meant to present voters with a choice for the next Congress: an anti-corruption agenda as the first order of business, or the best House money can buy.

### The Washington Post

# Democrats Would Hold Quick Vote on Sweeping Ethics Bill, Hoyer Says

#### BY MIKE DEBONIS | SEPTEMBER 12, 2018

If they win a majority in the House, Democrats should quickly hold a vote on a wide-ranging package of government reforms, the No. 2 Democratic leader in the chamber said in a policy address Wednesday.

The ethics focus from Minority Whip Steny H. Hoyer (D-Md.) comes as Democrats begin to seize on a spate of Trump administration scandals and the recent federal indictments of two sitting Republican House members less than two months before the midterm elections.

"The American people need to see that we're serious and that we understand the scope of our challenges," he said, according to prepared remarks delivered at a Washington event hosted by the End Citizens United Action Fund. "If Democrats can fix government, we can earn the trust of voters to lead on addressing health care and infrastructure and the other challenges before us."

The suite of overhauls floated by Hoyer includes campaign finance measures, new ethics provisions and voting process changes. All, he said, "should be packaged into one reform bill and addressed in the opening days of the next Congress" if Democrats win control of Congress.



# Government Overhaul Like 'Caffeine' for Economic Agenda, Dems Say

#### BY LINDSEY MCPHERSON | SEPTEMBER 12, 2018

If Democrats win the House majority, Steny Hoyer believes their economic agenda will do better if they first pass a government overhaul package to help restore Americans' continuously eroding trust in government.

"To regain that trust, our response must be vigorous and innovative," the minority whip plans to say in a speech Wednesday morning, according to excerpts shared with Roll Call.

"Campaign finance reform, voting reform, and ethics reform, alongside new rules to improve how Congress works — all of these items should be packaged into one reform bill and addressed in the opening days of the next Congress, should Democrats be entrusted with the House majority," the Maryland Democrat plans to say during remarks at an event hosted by End Citizens United Action Fund.



# House Democrats' Top Priority If They Win in November Is a Sweeping Anti-Corruption Bill

### BY ELLA NILSEN | SEPTEMBER 11, 2018

If Democrats win back the House in 2018, a consensus is emerging on what they need to do first: Pass a sweeping anti-corruption bill.

One specific legislative package has emerged, largely crafted and sponsored by the chair of the Democracy Reform Task Force, Rep. John Sarbanes (D-MD). The agenda — recently formalized by a House resolution — is designed to rein in the influence of money and lobbying in Washington, expand voting rights in the United States, and increase public financing of campaigns. Democrats are prepping a final version of a bill to be ready to go if they are in charge by January 2019.

"I think it needs to be [first], and I'm sure it will be a top priority of ours," said Rep. Elijah Cummings (D-MD), the ranking member of the House Committee on Oversight and Government Reform. "I'm hoping that it's the first or second bill this fall. It's just that important."

Anti-corruption messages are always politically popular, but the idea has taken on a new urgency in the age of Trump. It now has support from ranking members of key committees, as well as current Democratic leadership in the House. And the party's base — eager for congressional Democrats to take on Trump — is clamoring for substantial reform.

"We've already committed that [democracy reform] will be one of the first things we address," said Drew Hammill, spokesman for Minority Leader Nancy Pelosi.



### HUFFPOST

# Trump's Corrupt Inner Circle Won't Be Democrats' New Midterm Focus

### BY KEVIN ROBILLARD | AUGUST 22, 2018

For Sarbanes, however, the corruption message isn't about hammering away on individual bad actors like Cohen and Manafort, but about showing how a corrupt system prevents good policy – how pharmaceutical company donations drive up drug prices and why Wall Street lobbies against minimum wage hikes. "This anti-corruption, reform message caffeinates every other message we're delivering," he said.

"It's important for people not to get too bogged down in the latest specific scandal. This is like an impressionist painting or something, every breaking development is more paint on this picture of corruption," Sarbanes said. "If you're tired of looking at it, you should give Democrats a chance to prove we can do something different."



# The Case for Cautious Optimism on Campaign Finance Reform

### BY LEE DRUTMAN (OPINION) | AUGUST 21, 2018

As the midterms approach, Democrats appear to be coalescing around an anticorruption message.

It's smart politics. For the first time since 2006, Democrats are running in a midterm election against unified Republican control in Washington. This gives them a unique opportunity to campaign as the "out" party. The simplest message for "out" parties is always to paint the "in" party as corrupt. And painting the Trump administration as corrupt is especially easy — a bit like painting a white wall white.

. . .

But if Democrats are going to campaign on anti-corruption, they'd better be serious about following through if/when they get back into power.

. . .

Rep. Sarbanes is right that the Democrats can't just casually message on this. They have to commit. As he put it, "This reform message is not something you just wear for the evening, this is something you own."

The road to reform is challenging. But momentum is slowly building. There is now, for the first time in more than a decade, a real chance that good politics and good policy can actually come together in democracy reform. This is significant.



### Dems Pounce on GOP Lawmaker's Downfall, Blast 'Cesspool'

#### BY ALAN FRAM | AUGUST 21, 2018

Democrats want to taint the GOP with an aura of corruption and portray it as championing the wealthy elite as part of a campaign-season effort to offer themselves as the party of the people. Underscoring that contrast, Sarbanes and Bustos said Democrats were promising legislation aimed at protecting voters from Republican efforts to making registering and voting harder and beefing up ethics laws covering campaign contributions and financial disclosure by office holders.



### Democrats Try to Thread the Needle on Russia in New Anti-Corruption Platform

BY GIDEON RESNICK | MAY 22, 2018

Sarbanes, along with House Minority Leader Nancy Pelosi (D-CA) and Senate Minority Leader Chuck Schumer (D-NY), unveiled a broad anti-corruption platform on Monday meant to serve as a supplement to the Democrats' economic messaging in the "Better Deal" platform. Riffing on President Trump's own successful slogan "drain the swamp," the platform is intended to fix the campaign finance system, strengthen ethics laws and facilitate better access to the ballot box for every American voter. It harkens back to a successful messaging platform of 2006, a year in which Democrats won majorities in both the House and Senate.





### The Democrats' Latest Plan to Confront Political Corruption

#### BY JESSICA YARVIN | MAY 22, 2018

Democrats have introduced a wide-ranging plan to confront corruption in Washington in hopes it will resonate with voters and drum up enthusiasm ahead of the midterms this fall.

Democratic lawmakers unveiled a new reform-minded agenda Monday that's billed as "a better deal for our democracy." It builds on the "Better Deal" economic blueprint Democrats introduced last summer.

"We got to do things that make everyday Americans empowered in the democracy so they are calling the shots, not sitting in the bleachers," Rep. John Sarbanes, D-Md., the chair of the Democratic group that spearheaded the effort, said in an interview.

The plan centers on three broad reforms: improving election security; enforcing lobbying ethics regulations; and changing campaign finance laws to reduce influence from deep-pocketed interest groups and individuals.

The agenda is similar to the "culture of corruption" message Democrats used in the 2006 midterms. Democrats that year evoked the many scandals plaguing Republicans lawmakers at the time, arguing they would clean up the House if voters put the party back in power. The strategy helped Democrats win control of Congress, and the next year, party leaders worked with President George W. Bush to pass reform legislation that included a ban on lobbyist gifts.

This time around, Democrats in both chambers are again contrasting themselves with a Republican-controlled Congress. But they also have a new target in President Donald Trump, who adopted the motto "Drain the Swamp" as a candidate while vowing to rid Washington of powerful special interests.

"There was an expectation and hope that this president would do something to really clean things up," Sarbanes said. "He made it even worse."

### Nation

# <u>Democrats' New Midterm Approach:</u> <u>It's the Corruption, Stupid</u>

#### BY DAVID DAYEN | MAY 22, 2018

Today the Democrats unveiled a new plank in their Better Deal agenda, an anti-corruption platform that both depicts the broken nature of the political system and puts reform at the forefront of any campaign to give regular people a voice in our democracy. It brings together the anti-Trump and populist-economics messages in a way that makes them inextricable. "Creating jobs, raising wages, contributing to people's quality of life, is an important and powerful message," said Representative John Sarbanes (D-MD), who chairs the party's Democracy Reform Task Force and has been highlighting anti-corruption policies since entering office in 2007. "But people are right to say, how can we get an economic agenda that's good for the country enacted if we don't fix the institutions?"

Democrats have used ethics and corruption to great effect in the recent past. The term "drain the swamp" came from Nancy Pelosi in the 2006 midterm elections, after lobbying scandals from Jack Abramoff and Tom Delay laid bare a culture of corruption.

But Donald Trump could credibly run on the same themes a decade later because the swamp is entrenched in Washington, with both parties feeding at its trough. Getting rid of it won't be as easy as flipping a switch by changing parties, and Sarbanes understands you have to be candid with the public. "The cynicism is so deep that if you don't follow through you make it worse," he said. "I concede that everybody in some way is part of the broken system. What differentiates us is that we're not content with current system. We want to change it and reform it."

### **IHUFFPOST**

### **Democrats Plan Big Anti-Corruption Theme for Midterms**

#### BY AMANDA TERKEL AND IGOR BOBIC | MAY 21, 2018

Democrats unveiled their agenda Monday during a press conference on Capitol Hill. House Minority Leader Nancy Pelosi (D-Calif.) and Senate Minority Leader Chuck Schumer (D-N.Y.) were joined by other lawmakers who have been working on these issues, including Rep. John Sarbanes (D-Md.) and Sen. Sheldon Whitehouse (D-R.I.).

"President Trump has become the swamp and Americans are paying the price. The American people deserve better," Pelosi said at the press conference, citing the Trump administration's failure to reduce the price of prescription drugs and its repeal of numerous Obama-era regulations concerning air and water.

Schumer similarly lamented that Trump had failed to take on the powerful pharmaceutical industry, which is something he promised to do while on the campaign trail.

. . .

"The swamp has never been more foul than under this president," Schumer said.

Democrats said they would bring accountability and transparency back to Washington by providing aggressive oversight of the Trump administration and by toughening the nation's campaign finance laws in order to stem the flow of anonymous political spending known as dark money.



### Democrats' New "Better Deal for Our Democracy," Explained

#### BY TARA GOLSHAN | MAY 21, 2018

Congressional Republicans have had to answer for — and have largely gone along with — an unprecedented number of corruption and ethics scandals under the Trump administration, from Cabinet secretary resignations to Trump's personal lawyer taking hundreds of thousands of dollars from Russian oligarchs and major international corporations in exchange for "insight" into the Trump administration. Democrats are hoping to brand the first two years of the Trump presidency as the "most corrupt administration in modern times," drawing on recent polling that shows voters mobilize around the "money in politics" issue.

The platform itself is reminiscent of a message Democrats campaigned on in 2006, a midterm election year that also came after historic Republican corruption scandals and resulted in Democratic control in the House, Senate, and a majority of governorships. With Trump's record-setting unpopularity and a Democratic voter base enthusiastic to come out and vote, Democrats are banking on this message to bring them sweeping electoral wins once again.

### **NBC NEWS**

## Turning Up the Heat on Trump: Dems Say 'Culture of Corruption' to Be Focus of Midterms

BY ALEX SEITZ-WALD | MAY 21, 2018

Democrats are going to make prosecuting what they called a "culture of corruption" in President Donald Trump's administration a central theme of this year's midterm elections, the party's congressional leaders signaled Monday.

"The swamp has never been more foul or more fetid than under this president," Senate Minority Leader Chuck Schumer of New York said at a news conference on the Capitol steps.

. . .

"The problem is that a lot of people hear that (economic) message, they agree with that message, but they're not convinced that we can actually get it done because they view Washington as captured by special interests," Rep. John Sarbanes, D-Md., who helped craft the new strategy, told NBC News.

"We realized that every other message we're putting out there needs to be accompanied by a democracy reform agenda," Sarbanes continued. "We think that caffeinates every other message that we're delivering."

He added at the news conference: "The people know what happens when a culture of corruption takes hold. Government works for somebody else and not for them."

It's an effort to provide an overarching framework of the myriad and diverse scandals in Washington, from Scott Pruitt's Environment Protection Agency to the Trump-Russia saga, arguing that they all come back to a culture in which donors are rewarded, not voters.

Voters are already primed for that message, Democrats argue, pointing to polling that shows the public thinks Republicans are more likely to be beholden to special interests than Democrats.

On Monday, the party's leaders committed to a package of a good-government reforms and campaign finance changes to try to tap into the same populist revulsion with Washington that helped put Trump in office.

"Instead of delivering on his promise to drain the swamp, President Trump has become the swamp," said House Minority Leader Nancy Pelosi, D-Calif.

"Republicans in the White House and the Congress are cravingly beholden to big money interest and the American people are paying the price."



# Democrats Rip Trump Over Failed 'Swamp' Cleaning, Promise A 'Better' Plan

#### BY GREGORGY KRIEG | MAY 21, 2018

How can Democrats attack President Donald Trump this midterm season without getting swept up in and drowned out by his personal controversies?

It's a question that has confounded party leaders, individual candidates, outside groups and activists across the liberal spectrum. Now, as the elections near, Democrats on Capitol Hill think they are getting closer to cracking the code.

On Monday, they introduced a new suite of anti-corruption proposals and "democracy reforms" designed to hammer at a variety of allegations of unethical behavior and investigations swirling around the Trump administration and team, from a personal lawyer, Michael Cohen, accused of trading on his access to the President, to cabinet officials like EPA administrator Scott Pruitt and OMB director Mick Mulvaney, the acting director of the Consumer Financial Protection Bureau, who Democrats accuse of actively seeking to undermine their agencies' own missions.

"Instead of delivering on his promise to drain the swamp, President Trump has become the swamp," House Minority Leader Nancy Pelosi said.

Chuck Schumer, the Senate's top Democrat, echoed Pelosi. "The swamp," he said, "has never been more foul or more fetid than under this President."

. . .



"A lot of this is structural and a lot of it has been around for a long time," Sarbanes said earlier Monday. "Everybody knows it. The question is what are we going to do about it?"

Democratic leaders Chuck Schumer and Nancy Pelosi, along with Sarbanes, who chairs the party's "Democracy Reform Task Force" on Capitol Hill and has introduced a comprehensive reform bill called the "Government by the People Act," are hoping this new effort will inspire more faith from voters who might doubt that the party's increasingly ambitious policy goals -- like a deepening commitment to universal health care -- will ever get a fair hearing in the swamp.

"We think this (new rollout) caffeinates, makes stronger and reinforces, all the other messages that are part of 'The Better Deal,'" Sarbanes said. "'A Better Deal for our Democracy' is telling people that we want to find a way to give them their institutions back and make their voice count again."

That means encouraging policy points like automatic voter registration, an end to partisan gerrymandering, countering state laws Democrats believe are purpose-built to disenfranchise those already or trying now to get on the rolls, shining new light -- and toughening enforcement -- on dark money groups and, ultimately, reversing the effects of the Supreme Court's Citizens United decision with new legislation.

### The Washington Post

# Democrats' Newest Midterm Pitch: A Crackdown on Corruption

BY MIKE DEBONIS | MAY 21, 2018

Democrats plan to highlight allegations of corruption surrounding the Trump administration — and a legislative agenda to prevent future abuses — as they continue rolling out their party platform ahead of November's midterm elections.

The first planks of the "A Better Deal" platform, released last year, focused on the party's economic agenda. Now, with questions about pay-to-play politics swirling around President Trump and his current and former aides, Democrats introduced new anti-corruption proposals Monday billed as "A Better Deal for Our Democracy."

"Instead of delivering on his promise to drain the swamp, President Trump has become the swamp," said House Minority Leader Nancy Pelosi (D-Calif.) during a rollout event on the Capitol steps.

While the new agenda was only sketched out in broad terms Monday, it includes proposals that would eliminate loopholes that allow lobbyists and lawmakers to buy and sell influence without the public's knowledge, allow big donors to influence the political process through unreported donations and to improve elections by eliminating partisan gerrymandering and implementing automatic voter registration.

The message, the Democrats said: Elect us in November to "clean up the chaos and corruption in Washington."